GIGABYTE[™] R181-340

Dual LGA3647 sockets motherboard for Intel® Scalable Family Processors

Service Guide

Rev. 1.1

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Documentation Classifications

In order to assist in the use of this product, GIGABYTE provides the following types of documentations:

For detailed product information, carefully read the User's Manual.

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Conventions

The following conventions are used in this user's guide:

	NOTE! Gives bits and pieces of additional information related to the current topic.
	CAUTION! Gives precautionary measures to avoid possible hardware or software problems.
WARNING! Alerts you to any damage that might result from doing or not doing specific actions.	

Server Warnings and Cautions

Before installing a server, be sure that you understand the following warnings and cautions.



WARNING!

To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) electrical outlet that is easily accessible at all times
- Unplug the power cord from the power supply to disconnect power to the equipment.
- Do not route the power cord where it can be walked on or pinched by items placed against it.
 Pay particular attention to the plug, electrical outlet, and the point where the cord extends from the server.



WARNING!

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



WARNING!

This server is equipped with high speed fans. Keep away from hazardous moving fan blades during servicing.



CAUTION!

- Do not operate the server for long periods with the access panel open or removed. Operating the server in this manner results in improper airflow and improper cooling that can lead to thermal damage.
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)



ESD CAN DAMAGE DRIVES, BOARDS, AND OTHER PARTS. WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU PERFORM ALL PROCEDURES AT AN ESD WORKSTATION. IF ONE IS NOT AVAILABLE, PROVIDE SOME ESD PROTECTION BY WEARING AN ANTI-STATIC WRIST STRAP ATTACHED TO CHASSIS GROUND -- ANY UNPAINTED METAL SURFACE -- ON YOUR SERVER WHEN HANDLING PARTS.

Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to ESD. Hold boards only by their edges without any component and pin touching. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

System power on/off: To remove power from system, you must remove the system from rack. Make sure the system is removed from the rack before opening the chassis, adding, or removing any non hot-plug components.

Hazardous conditions, devices and cables: Hazardous electrical conditions may be present on power, telephone, and communication cables. Turn off the system and discon-nect the cables attached to the system before servicing it. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage can result.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) and ESD protection: ESD can damage drives, boards, and other parts. We recommend that you perform all procedures in this chapter only at an ESD workstation. If one is not available, provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground (any unpainted metal surface on the server) when handling parts.

ESD and handling boards: Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensi-tive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Hold boards only by their edges. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

Installing or removing jumpers: A jumper is a small plastic encased conductor that slips over two jumper pins. Some jumpers have a small tab on top that can be gripped with fin-gertips or with a pair of fine needle nosed pliers. If the jumpers do not have such a tab, take care when using needle nosed pliers to remove or install a jumper; grip the narrow sides of the jumper with the pliers, never the wide sides. Gripping the wide sides can dam-age the contacts inside the jumper, causing intermittent problems with the function con-trolled by that jumper. Take care to grip with, but not squeeze, the pliers or other tool used to remove a jumper, or the pins on the board may bend or break.



Risk of explosion if battery is replaced incorrectly or with an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1	Hardy	ware	Installation	11
	1-1	Inst	allation Precautions	11
	1-2	Pro	duct Specifications	12
	1-3	Sys	tem Block Diagram	15
Chapter 2	Syste	m A	ppearance	17
	2-1	Fro	nt View	17
	2-2	Rea	ar View	17
	2-3	Fro	nt Panel LED and Buttons	18
	2-4	Rea	ar System LAN LEDs	19
	2-5	Har	d Disk Drive LEDs	20
Chapter 3	Syste	m H	lardware Installation	21
	3-1	Rer	noving Chassis Cover	22
	3-2	Rer	noving and Installing the Fan Duct	23
	3-3	Inst	alling the CPU and Heat Sink	24
	3-4	Inst	alling the Memory	26
	3-4	-1	Six Channel Memory Configuration	26
	3-4	-2	Installing a Memory	
	3-4	-3	DIMM Population Table	
	3-4		Intel Optane DCPMM DIMM Population Rule	
	3-5		alling the PCI Expansion Card	
	3-6	Inst	alling the Hard Disk Drive	30
	3-7	Inst	alling the Solid State Drive	32
	3-8	Inst	alling the Optical Disc Drive	33
	3-9	Inst	alling the Mezzanine Card	34
	3-10	Rep	placing the FAN Assemblly	35
	3-11	Rep	olacing the Power Supply	36
	3-12	Cab	ole Routing	37
Chapter 4	Mothe	erbo	ard Components	39
	4-1	Mot	herboard Components	39
	4-2	Jun	nper Setting	41
Chapter 5	BIOS	Set	up	43
	5-1	The	Main Menu	45
	5-2	Adv	anced Menu	48
	5-2	2-1	iSCSI Configuration	49

	5-2-2	Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU	50
5-2-3		Intel(R) Ethernet Connection X722	51
	5-2-4	Trusted Computing	55
	5-2-5	Serial Port Console Redirection	56
	5-2-6	SIO Configuration	60
	5-2-7	PCI Subsystem Settings	63
	5-2-8	Network Stack	64
	5-2-9	CSM Configuration	65
	5-2-10	Post Report Configuration	67
	5-2-11	NVMe Configuration	68
	5-2-12	USB Configuration	69
	5-2-13	Chipset Configuration	70
5-3	B Chi	pset Setup Menu	71
	5-3-1	Processor Configuration	72
	5-3-2	Common RefCode Configuration	76
	5-3-3	UPI Configuration	77
	5-3-4	Memory Configuration	79
	5-3-5	IIO Configuration	83
	5-3-6	Advanced Power Management Configuration	86
	5-3-7	PCH Configuration	93
	5-3-8	Miscellaneous Configuration	98
	5-3-9	Server ME Configuration	99
	5-3-10	Runtime Error Logging	100
5-4	Ser	ver Management Menu	104
	5-4-1	System Event Log	106
	5-4-2	View FRU Information	107
	5-4-3	BMC Network Configuration	108
	5-4-4	IPv6 BMC Network Configuration	109
5-5	Sec	curity Menu	110
	5-5-1	Secure Boot	111
5-6	Boo	ot Menu	114
	5-6-1	UEFI NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities	116
	5-6-2	UEFI Application Boot Priorities	117
5-7 Sav		ve & Exit Menu	
5-8	BIC	OS POST Codes	120
	5-8-1	AMI Standard - PEI	
5-8-2		AMI Standard - DXE	
	5-8-3	AMI Standard - ERROR	
	5-8-4	Intel UPI POST Codes	
5-8-5 5-8-6		Intel UPI Error Codes	123
		Intel MRC POST Codes	124

	5-8-7	Intel MRC Error Codes	124
	5-8-8	Intel PM POST Codes	125
	5-8-9	Intel PM POST Codes	125
5-9) BIO	S POST Beep code (AMI standard)	126
	5-9-1	PEI Beep Codes	126
	5-9-2	DXE Beep Codes	126
5-1	10 BIO	S Recovery Instruction	127

-	1	0	

Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard/system contain numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the service guide and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- · When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an
 electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- · Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

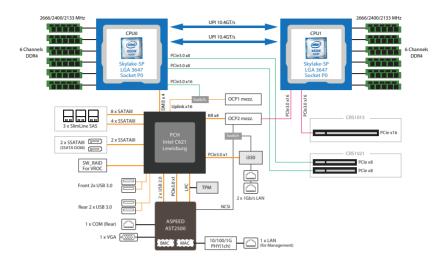
1-2 Product Specifications

	opcomodions
CPU	 2nd Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable and Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors Intel® Xeon® Platinum Processor, Intel® Xeon® Gold Processor, Intel® Xeon® Silver Processor and Intel® Xeon® Bronze Processor NOTE: If only 1 CPU is installed, some PCle or memory functions might be unavailable.
Socket	 2 x LGA 3647 Socket P0 Mounting pitch: Narrow ILM
Chipset	Intel® C621 Express Chipset
Memory	 24 x DIMM slots DDR4 memory supported only 6-channel memory architecture RDIMM modules up to 32GB supported LRDIMM modules up to 64GB supported Support Intel® Optane™ DC Persistent Memory 1.2V modules: 2933 (1DPC)/2666/2400/2133 MHz NOTE: 2933MHz for 2nd Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors only Intel® Optane™ DC Persistent Memory for 2nd Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors only
LAN	 2 x 1Gb/s LAN ports (Intel® I350-AM2) 1 x 10/100/1000 management LAN
Expansion Slot	 Riser Card CRS1021: -2 x PCle x8 slots (Gen3 x8), Low profile half-length Riser Card CRS1015: -1 x PCle x16 slot (Gen3 x16), Low profile half-length 2 x OCP mezzanine slots - PCle Gen3 x16 - Type1, P1, P2, P3, P4, K2, K3
Video	 Integrated in Aspeed® AST2500 2D Video Graphic Adapter with PCle bus interface 1920x1200@60Hz 32bpp, DDR4 SDRAM
Storage	 4 x 3.5" SATA/SAS hot-swappable HDD/SSD bays 2.5" HDD/SSD supported SAS card is required for SAS devices support
SAS	Supported via add-on SAS Card

Internal	2 x Power supply connectors
Connectors	4 x SlimSAS connectors
	2 x SATA 7-pin connectors
	2 x CPU fan headers
	• 1 x USB 3.0 header
	1 x TPM header
	1 x VROC connector
	1 x Front panel header
	1 x HDD back plane board header
	1 x PMBus connector
	1 x IPMB connector
	1 x Clear CMOS jumper
	1 x BIOS recovery jumper
Front Panel	• 2 x USB 3.0
LED/Buttons	1 x Power button with LED
	1 x ID button with LED
	1 x Reset button
	• 1 x NMI button
	1 x System status LED
	1 x HDD activity LED
	2 x LAN activity LEDs
Rear Panel I/O	◆ 2 x USB 3.0
	• 1 x VGA
	• 1 x COM (RJ45 type)
	◆ 2 x RJ45
	◆ 1 x MLAN
	1 x ID button with LED
Backplane I/O	2 x SATA/SAS ports
	Bandwidth: SATAIII 6Gb/s or SAS 12Gb/s per port
	SAS card is required for SAS devices support
TPM	1 x TPM header with LPC interface
	Optional TPM2.0 kit: CTM00

System	Aspeed® AST2500 management controller
Management	Avocent® MergePoint IPMI 2.0 web interface:
	Network settings
	Network security settings
	Hardware information
	Users control
	Services settings
	IPMI settings
	Sessions control
	LDAP settings
	Power control
	Fan profiles
	 Voltages, fans and temperatures monitoring
	System event log
	 Events management (platform events, trap settings, email settings)
	Serial Over LAN
	vKVM & vMedia (HTML5)
Power Supply	2 x 1200W redundant PSUs
	80 PLUS Platinum
	•
	AC Input:
	• - 100-240V~/ 12-7A, 50-60Hz
	DC Input:
	• - 240Vdc/ 6A
	•
	DC Output:
	• - Max 1000W/ 100-240V~
	◆ +12V/ 80.5A
	◆ +12Vsb/ 3A
	 - Max 1200W/ 200-240V~ or 240Vdc input
	+12V/97A
	◆ +12Vsb/ 3A
Environment Environment	Operating temperature: 10°C to 35°C
Ambient	Non-operating temperature: -40°C to 60°C
Temperature	
Tomporataro	Operating humidity: 8-80% (non-condensing)
Polotino	Non-operating humidity: 20%-95% (non-condensing)
Relative	
Humidity	. 411
System	• 1U
Dimension	• 438mm (W) x 43.5mm (H) x 730mm (D)
* We reserves the right	to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without
prior notice.	to make any small got to the product opposition of a product related information without

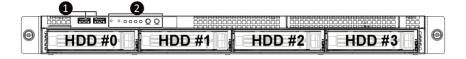
1-3 System Block Diagram



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Chapter 2 System Appearance

2-1 Front View

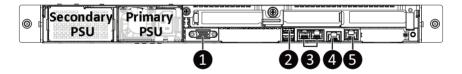


No.	Description
1.	Front USB 3.0 ports
2.	Front Panel LEDs and buttons



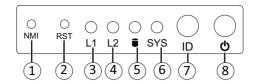
Please Go to Chapter **2-3 Front Panel LED** and Buttons for detail description of function LEDs.

2-2 Rear View



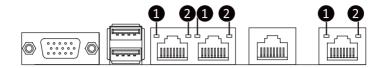
No.	Description
1.	VGA port
2.	USB 3.0 ports
3.	GbE LAN ports
4.	Serial Port
5.	10/100/1000 Server management LAN port

2-3 Front Panel LED and Buttons



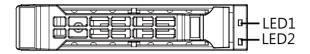
No.	Name	Color	Status	Description			
1.	NMI button			Press the button server generates a NMI to the processor if the multiple-bit ECC errors occur, which effectively halt the server.			
2.	Reset Button			Press the button to reset the system.			
	LAN 1/2	Green	Solid On	Link between system and network or no access.			
3/4.	Active/Link	Green	Blink	Data trasmission or receiving is occuring			
	LEDs	N/A	Off	No data transmission or receiving is occuring			
		Croon	On	HDD locate			
		Green	Blink	HDD access			
5.	HDD Status	Amber	On	HDD fault			
	LED	Green/ Amber	Blink	HDD rebuilding			
		N/A	Off	No HDD access or no HDD fault.			
	System Status LED	Green	Solid On	System is operating normally.			
			Solid On	Critical condition, may indicate: System fan failure System temperature			
6.			Blink	Non-critical condition, may indicate: Redundant power module failure Temperature and voltage issue Chassis intrusion			
						N/A	Off
7.	ID Button			Press the button to activate system identification			
		Green	On	System is powered on			
	Power button with LED	Green	Blink	System is in ACPI S1 state (sleep mode)			
8.			N/A	Off	System is not powered on or in ACPI S5 state (power off) System is in ACPI S4 state (hippomate mode)		
				System is in ACPI S4 state (hibernate mode)			

2-4 Rear System LAN LEDs



No.	Name	Color	Status	Description	
1.	1GbE Speed LED	Yellow	On	1 Gbps data rate	
		Green	On	100 Mbps data rate	
		N/A	Off	10 Mbps data rate	
	1GbE Link/ Activity LED	Green	On	Link between system and	
				network or no access	
2.			Blink	Data transmission or receiving is occurring	
		N/A	Off	No data transmission or receiving is occurring	

2-5 Hard Disk Drive LEDs



RAID SKU	LED1	Locate	HDD Fault	Rebuilding	HDD Access	HDD Present (No Access)
	Disk LED (LED on Back Panel)	Green	ON(*1)	OFF	Green	OFF
No DAID configuration		Amber	OFF	OFF	Amber	OFF
No RAID configuration (via HBA, ICH)	Removed HDD Slot (LED on Back Panel)	Green	ON(*1)	OFF	Green	
		Amber	OFF	OFF	Amber	
	Disk LED	Green	ON	OFF	Alternately	OFF
RAID configuration (via HW RAID Card or		Amber	OFF	ON	(Low Speed: 2 Hz)	OFF
SW RAID Card of	Removed HDD Slot	Green	ON(*1)	OFF	(*3)	
		Amber	OFF	ON	(*3)	-

LED 2	HDD Present	No HDD	
Green	ON	OFF	

Chapter 3 System Hardware Installation



Pre-installation Instructions

Computer components and electronic circuit boards can be damaged by discharges of static electricity. Working on computers that are still connected to a power supply can be extremely dangerous. Follow the simple guidelines below to avoid damage to your computer or injury to yourself.

- Always disconnect the computer from the power outlet whenever you are working inside the computer case.
- If possible, wear a grounded wrist strap when you are working inside the computer case.
 Alternatively, discharge any static electricity by touching the bare metal system of the computer case, or the bare metal body of any other grounded appliance.
- Hold electronic circuit boards by the edges only. Do not touch the components on the board unless it is necessary to do so. Do not flex or stress the circuit board.
- Leave all components inside the static-proof packaging until you are ready to use the component for the installation.

3-1 Removing Chassis Cover

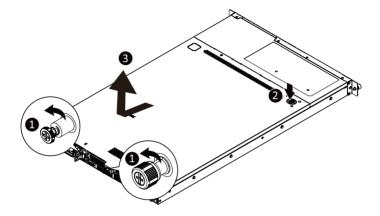


Before you remove or install the system cover

· Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power.

Follow these instructions to remove the system cover:

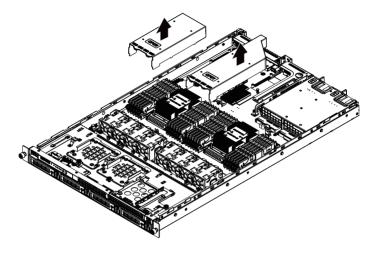
- 1. Loosen and remove the two thumbscrews securing the back cover.
- 2. Push down the indentation located at the side of the back chassis
- 3. Slide the cover horizontally to the back and remove the cover in the direction of the arrow.



3-2 Removing and Installing the Fan Duct

Follow these instructions to remove/install the fan duct:

- 1. Lift up to remove the two fan ducts
- To install the fan duct, align the fan duct with the guiding groove. Push down the fan duct into chassis until its firmly seats



3-3 Installing the CPU and Heat Sink



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- · Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- · Unplug all cables from the power outlets.
- Disconnect all telecommunication cables from their ports.
- · Place the system unit on a flat and stable surface.
- · Open the system according to the instructions.

WARNING!

Failure to properly turn off the server before you start installing components may cause serious damage. Do not attempt the procedures described in the following sections unless you are a qualified service technician.

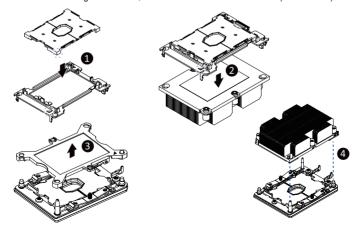
Follow these instructions to install the CPU:

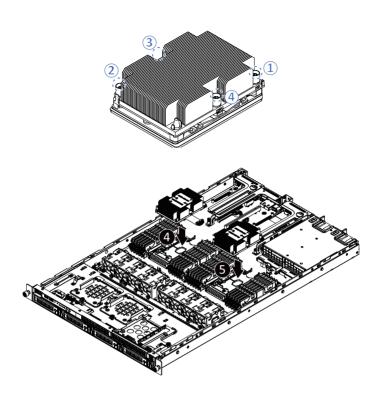
1. Align and install the processor on the carrier.

NOTE: Apply thermal compound evenly on the top of the CPU. Remove the protective cover from the underside of the heat sink.

- Carefully flip the heatsink over. Then install the carrier assembly on the bottom of the heatsink and make sure the gold arrow is located in the correct direction.
- 3. Remove the CPU cover.
 - NOTE: Save and replace the CPU cover if the processor is removed from its socket.
- Align the heatsink with the CPU socket by the guide pins and make sure the gold arrow is located in the correct direction. Then place the heatsink onto the top of the CPU socket.
- 5. To secure the heatsink, tighten the screws in a sequential order $(1\rightarrow2\rightarrow3\rightarrow4)$.

NOTE: When dissambling the heatsink, loosen the screws in reverse order $(4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 1)$.





3-4 Installing the Memory

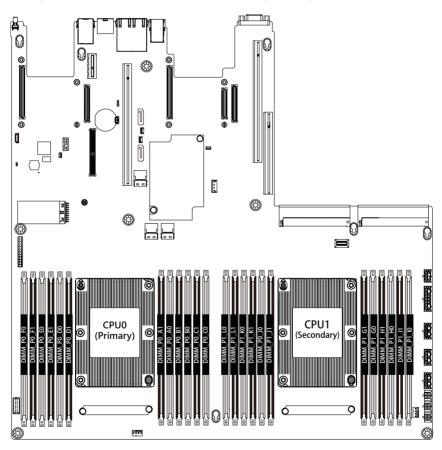


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing
 the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

3-4-1 Six Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides 24 DDR4 memory sockets and supports Six Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory. Enabling Four Channel memory mode will be four times of the original memory bandwidth.



3-4-2 Installing a Memory

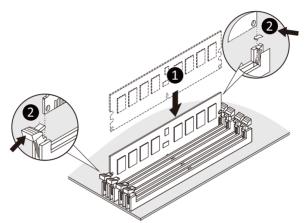


Before installing a memory module, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module.

Be sure to install DDR4 DIMMs on this motherboard.

Follow these instructions to install the Memory:

- 1. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot, and push it down.
- 2. Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM slots to lock the DIMM module.
- 3. Reverse the installation steps when you want to remove the DIMM module.



3-4-3 DIMM Population Table

	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIMM Capacity (GB)		Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V) Slot Per Channel (SPC) DIMM Per Channel (DPC)			
Туре				1 Slot per Channel	2 Slot per Channel		
		DIMM Density		1DPC	1DPC	2DPC	
		4Gb	8Gb	1.2V	1.2V	1.2V	
RDIMM	SRx4	8GB	16GB	2666	2666	2666	
RDIMM	SRx8	4GB	8GB				
RDIMM	DRx8	8GB	16GB				
RDIMM	DRx4	16GB	32GB				
RDIMM	QRx 4	N/A	2H-64GB				
3DS	8Rx 4	N/A	4H-128GB				
LRDIMM	QRx4	32GB	2H 64GB				
LRDIMM	QRx4	N/A	4H 128GB				
3DS	8Rx4	N/A	411 12000				

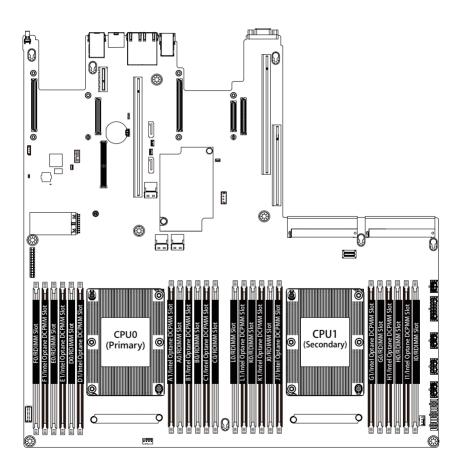
3-4-4 Intel Optane DCPMM DIMM Population Rule

Thermal conditions for DCPMM DIMM support:

- The ambient temperature must be at or below 35°C
- The Cascade Lake CPU used must have a maximum TDP of 205W
- A maximum of 12 pcs 256G DCPMM may be installed



- RDIMM / DCPMM must be installed into CPU0 memory first
- You must install one RDIMM into any slot #0 of CPU0 before installing the DCPMM.
 (e.g. A0/B0/C0/D0/E0/F0)
- The DCPMM must be installed into the DIMM slot #1 next to the corresponding RDIMM in slot #0 (e.g. if RDIMM is installed into DIMM slot A0, the DCPMM must be installed into DIMM slot A1)



3-5 Installing the PCI Expansion Card



Voltages can be present within the server whenever an AC power source is connected. This
voltage is present even when the main power switch is in the off position. Ensure that the
system is powered-down and all power sources have been disconnected from the server prior to
installing a PCI card.

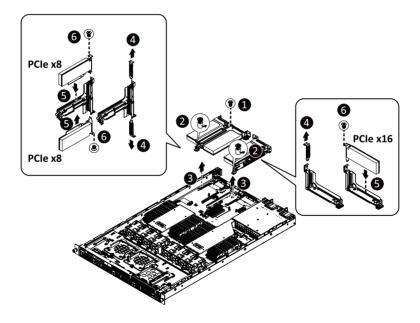
Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.



The PCI riser assembly does not include a riser card or any cabling as standard. To install a PCI card, a riser card must be installed.

Follow these instructions to PCI Expansion card:

- 1. Remove the securing special screw on the riser bracket.
- 2. Remove the thumbscrew on the riser bracket
- 3. Lift up the riser bracket out of system.
- 4. Remove the slot covers from the riser bracket.
- Orient the PCI-E card with the riser guide slot and push in the direction of the arrow until the PCI-E card sits in the PCI card connector.
- 6 Secure the PCI-F card with the screw
- 7. Reverse the steps 1 3 to install the riser bracket.



3-6 Installing the Hard Disk Drive

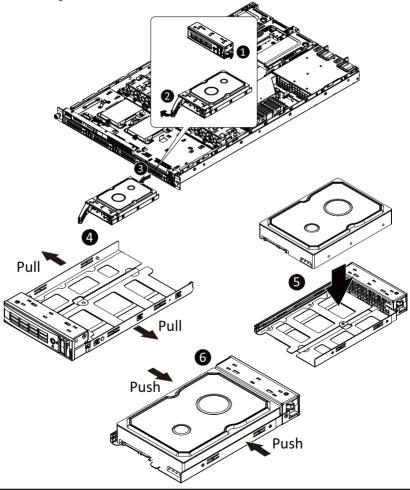


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the Hard disk drive:

- · Take note of the drive tray orientation before sliding it out.
- · The tray will not fit back into the bay if inserted incorrectly.
- Make sure that the HDD is connected to the HDD connector on the backplane.

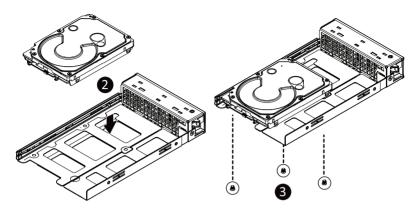
Follow these instructions to install a 3.5" hard disk drive:

- 1. Press the release button.
- Extend the locking lever.
- 3. Pull the locking lever to remove the HDD tray.
- 4. Pull apart the HDD tray.
- 5. Slide hard disk into the tray.
- 6. Push together to secure the hard drive.



Follow these instructions to install a 2.5" hard disk drive:

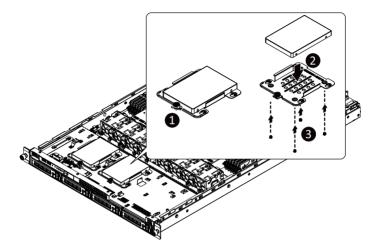
- 1. Follow steps 1 3 in the 3.5" hard disk drive installation section.
- 2. Place the hard drive into the tray.
- 3. Secure the hard drive to the tray with 3 screws.



3-7 Installing the Solid State Drive

Follow these instructions to install a solid state drive:

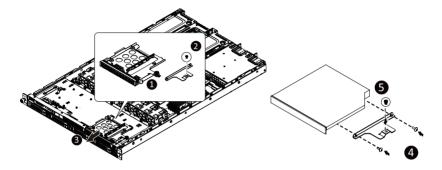
- Remove the single screw securing the solid state drive bracket to the system and remove the bracket from the system.
- 2. Place the solid state drive into the bracket.
- 3. Secure the solid state drive bracket to the solid state drive with four screws.
- 4. Secure the solid state drive with bracket to the system with a single screw.



3-8 Installing the Optical Disc Drive

Follow these instructions to install an optical disc drive:

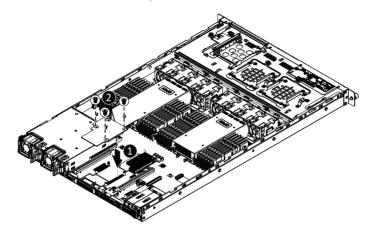
- 1. Loosen and remove the thumbscrew securing the optical disc drive dummy tray to the system.
- 2. Remove the screw securing the optical disc drive bracket to the system.
- Slide the optical disc drive dummy tray out of the system and remove the optical disc drive bracket from the system.
- 4. Secure the optical disc drive bracket to the optical disc drive with two screws.
- Slide optical disc drive into the system and secure the optical disc drive to the system with one screw.



3-9 Installing the Mezzanine Card

Follow these instructions to install a mezzanine card:

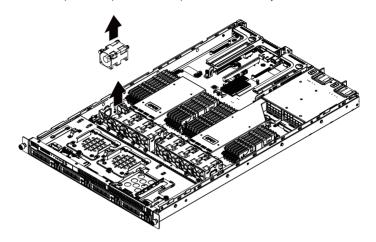
- Insert the mezzanine card into the system ensuring that the connector on the mezzanine card connects to the connector on the motherboard.
- 2. Secure the mezzanine card to the system with three screws.



3-10 Replacing the FAN Assembly

Follow these instructions to replace the fan assembly:

- 1. Lift up the fan assembly from the chassis.
- 2. Reverse the previous steps to install the replacement fan assembly.



3-11 Replacing the Power Supply

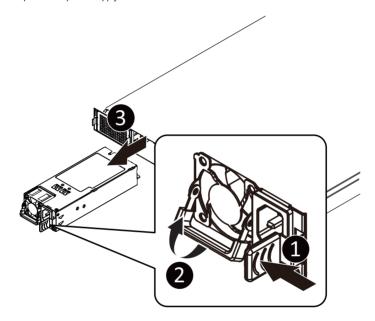


Before you remove or install the system cover

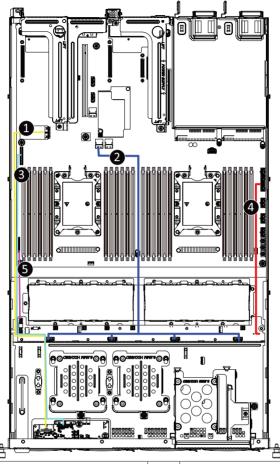
Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power.

Follow these instructions to replace the power supply:

- 1. Press the retaining clip on the right side of the power supply along the direction of the arrow.
- 2. Pull up the power supply handle at the same time and pull out the power supply.
- Insert the replacement power supply firmly into the chassis. Connect the AC power cord to the replacement power supply.



3-12 Cable Routing

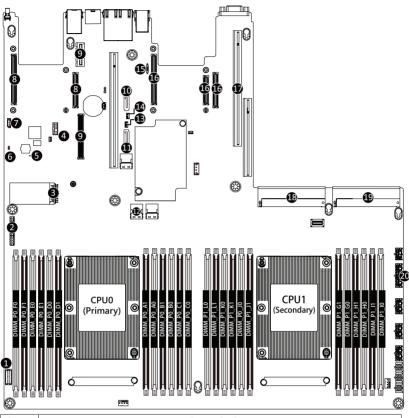


No.	Suggest Cable	No.	Suggest Cable
1.	USB cable (Yellow)	2.	On board SATA to back plane board cable (Blue)
3.	Front switch cable/Front LED cable (Green)	4.	HDD back plane board power cable (Red)
5.	HDD back plane board signal cable (Pink)		

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Chapter 4 Motherboard Components

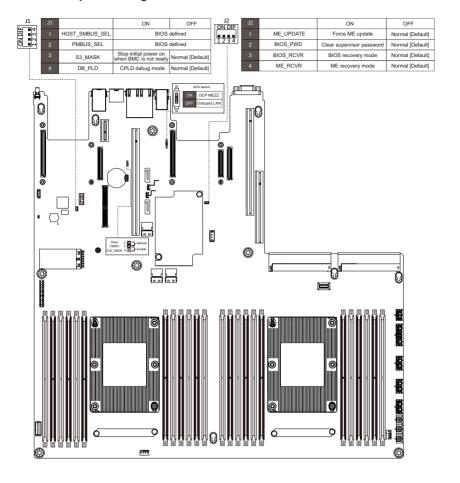
4-1 Motherboard Components



Item	Description
1	HDD back plane board connector
2	Front panel connector
3	Front panel USB 3.0 connector
4	TPM modue connector
5	BMC firmware readiness LED
6	Case open intrusion header
7	IPMB connector
8	OCP mezzanine connector#1 (without KR signal)
9	Riser slot connector #1
10	sSATA connector #5 (for ODD/2.5" HDD)
11	sSATA connector #4

12	Slimline SAS connector #0	
13	SATA DOM support power connector (for sSATA connector #4)	
14	14 SATA DOM support power connector (for sSATA connector #5)(SATA signal/for 3.5"	
	HDDs)	
15	NCSI swtich	
16	OCP mezzanine connector#2 (with KR signal)	
17	Riser slot connector #2	
18	Power supply connector#1 (primary)	
19	Power supply connector#2 (secondary)	
20	2 x 7 Pin HDD back plane board power connector	

4-2 Jumper Setting



Motherboard Components	
·	

Chapter 5 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the EFI on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the key during the POST when the power is turned on.



- BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter problems of using the current BIOS version, it is recommended that you don't flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system
 instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's
 failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.
 (Refer to the Exit section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in
 Chapter 1 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

<←><→>	Move the selection bar to select the screen
<↑><↓>	Move the selection bar to select an item
<+>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<->	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program
	Submenus: Exit current submenu
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of general help
<f3></f3>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<f9></f9>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program

■ Main

This setup page includes all the items in standard compatible BIOS.

Advanced

This setup page includes all the items of AMI BIOS special enhanced features.

(ex: Auto detect fan and temperature status, automatically configure hard disk parameters.)

■ Chipset

This setup page includes all the submenu options for configuring the function of processor, network, North Bridge, South Bridge, and System event logs.

■ Server Management

Server additional features enabled/disabled setup menus.

■ Security

Change, set, or disable supervisor and user password. Configuration supervisor password allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup.

A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

A user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

■ Boot

This setup page provides items for configuration of boot sequence.

■ Save & Exit

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

5-1 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter other sub-menu.

Main Menu Help

The on-screen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu.

Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- When the system is not stable as usual, select the **Restore Defaults** item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.





→ Proiect Name

Displays the project name information.

Project Version

Displays version number of the BIOS setup utility.

→ Build Date and Time

Displays the date and time when the BIOS setup utility was created.

- → BMC Information^(Note)
- → BMC Firmware Version^(Note)

Displays BMC firmware version information.

- Processor Information
- CPU Brand String/Max CPU Speed/CPU Signature/Processors Core/Microcode Patch Displays the technical specifications for the installed processor.
- → Platform Information
- → Processor/PCH/RC Revision

Displays the information for the installed platform.

- Memory Information
- → Total Memory^(Note)

Displays the total memory size of the installed memory.

→ Memory Frequency^(Note)

Displays the frequency information of the installed memory.

Onboard LAN Information

→ LAN MAC Address^(Note)

Displays LAN MAC address information.

☐ System Date

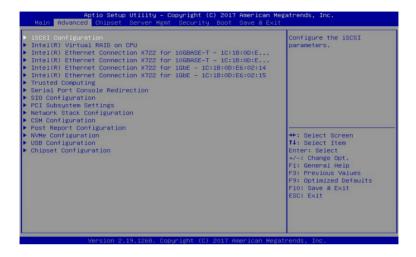
Sets the date following the weekday-month-day-year format.

☐ System Time

Sets the system time following the hour-minute-second format.

5-2 Advanced Menu

The Advanced menu display submenu options for configuring the function of various hardware components. Select a submenu item, then press Enter to access the related submenu screen.



5-2-1 iSCSI Configuration



- Add an Attempt

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

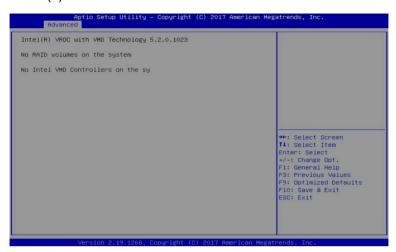
Delete Attempts

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

Change Attempt Order

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

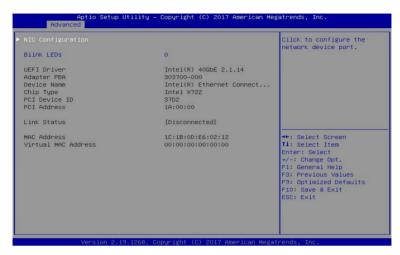
5-2-2 Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU



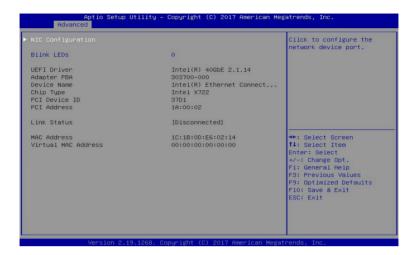
□ Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU

Press [Enter] to manage Interl® Virtual RAID on the CPU.

5-2-3 Intel(R) Ethernet Connection X722









- ☐ Intel(R) Ethernet Connection X722 for 10GBASE-T
- Intel(R) Ethernet Connection X722 for 10GbE
- NIC Configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items of the selected network device port.

→ Blink LEDs

Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED.

Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values.

→ UEFI Driver

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

→ Device Name

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

☐ Chip Type

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

→ PCI Device ID

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

→ PCI Address

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

☐ Link Status

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

→ MAC Address

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

→ Virtual MAC Address

Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

5-2-3-1 NIC Configuration



Allows for automatic link speed adjustment. Default setting is Auto Negotiated.

→ Wake On LAN

Enables power on of the system via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in the operating system does not change the value of this setting, but does override the behavior of Wake on LAN in OS controlled power states.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

5-2-4 Trusted Computing



- ☐ Configuration
- □ Security Device Support

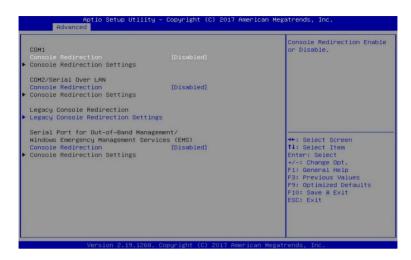
Enable/Disable the TPM support feature.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

□ Current Status Information

Displays current TPM status information.

5-2-5 Serial Port Console Redirection



COM1/COM2 Serial Over LAN Console Redirection(Note)

Select whether to enable console redirection for specified device. Console redirection enables the users to manage the system from a remote location.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

□ Legacy Console Redirection

Selects a COM port for Legacy serial redirection. The options are dependent on the available COM ports.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) Console Redirection^(Note)

Selects a COM port for EMS console redirection. EMS console redirection allows the user to configure Console Redirection Settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

COM1/COM2 Serial Over LAN/Legacy/Serial Port for Out-of-Band EMS Console Redirection Settings

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

Please note that this item is configurable when COM1/COM2 Serial Over LAN/Serial Port for Outof-Band Management EMS Console Redirection is set to Enabled.

5-2-5-1 COM1/COM2 Serial Over LAN/Legacy/Serial Port for Out-of-Band EMS Console Redirection Settings









COM1/COM2 Serial Over LAN Console Redirection Settings

Terminal Type

Selects a terminal type to be used for console redirection.

Options available: VT100/VT100+/ANSI /VT-UTF8. Default setting is ANSI.

Bits per second

Selects the transfer rate for console redirection.

Options available: 9600/19200/38400/57600/115200. Default setting is 115200.

Data Bits

Selects the number of data bits used for console redirection.

Options available: 7/8. Default setting is 8.

→ Parity

A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors.

Even: parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even.

Odd: parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd.

Mark: parity bit is always 1. Space: Parity bit is always 0.

Mark and Space Parity do not allow for error detection.

Options available: None/Even/Odd/Mark/Space. Default setting is None.

→ Stop Bits

Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning). The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

Options available: 1/2. Default setting is 1.

→ Flow control

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.

Options available: None/Hardware RTS/CTS. Default setting is None.

Enable/Disable the VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

→ Recorder Mode^(Note)

When this mode enabled, only texts will be send. This is to capture Terminal data.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

→ Resolution 100x31^(Note)

Enable/Disable extended terminal resolution.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution^(Note)

Specifies the number of Rows and Columns supported for the Legacy OS redirection.

Options available: 80x24/80x25. Default setting is 80x24.

→ Putty KeyPad^(Note)

Selects FunctionKey and KeyPad on Putty.

Options available: T100/LINUX/XTERMR6/SCO/ESCN/VT400. Default setting is VT100.

□ Redirection After BIOS POST^(Note)

This item allows user to enable console redirection after O.S has loaded.

Options available: Always Enable/Boot Loader. Default setting is Always Enable.

□ Legacy Console Redirection Settings

Selects a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM Messages.

Options available: COM1/COM2 Serial Over LAN. Default setting is COM1.

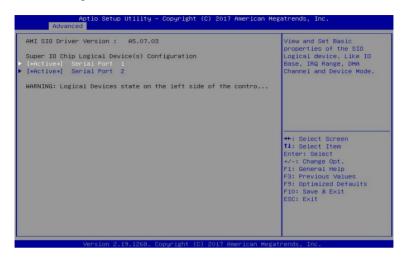
Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

Microsoft Windows Emerency Management Service (EMS) allows for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port.

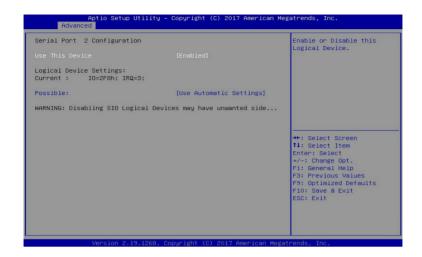
Options available: COM1/COM2 Serial Over LAN. Default setting is COM1.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

5-2-6 SIO Configuration







→ AMI SIO Driver Version

Displays the AMI SIO driver version information.

- Super IO Chip Logical Device(s) Configuration
- □ [*Active*] Serial Port 1/Serial Port 2

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

- Use This Device

When set to Enabled allows you to configure the Serial port 1/Serial port 2 settings. When set to Disabled, displays no configuration for the serial port.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

- ☐ Logical Device Settings
- → Current:

Displays the Serial Port 1/Serial port 2 base I/O address and IRQ.

→ Possible:

Configures the Serial Port 1/Serial port 2 base I/O address and IRQ.

Options available for Serial Port 1:

Use Automatic Settings

IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; DMA;

IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

Default setting is Use Automatic Settings.

Options available for Serial Port 2:

Use Automatic Settings

IO=2F8h; IRQ=3; DMA;

IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

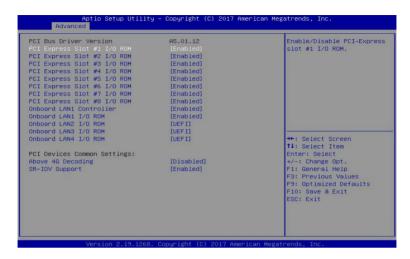
IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12; DMA;

Default setting is Use Automatic Settings.

5-2-7 PCI Subsystem Settings



PCI Bus Driver Version

Displays the PCI Bus Driver version information.

→ PCI Express Slot #1/#2/#3/#4/#5/#6/#7/#8 I/O ROM^(Note)

When enabled, this setting will initialize the device expansion ROM for the related PCI-E slot. Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

→ Onboard LAN1 Controller^(Note)

Enable/Disable the onboard LAN1 devices.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

Onboard LAN #1/#2/#3/#4 I/O ROM(Note)

Enable/Disable the onboard LAN devices, and initializes device expansion ROM. Options available for LAN #1: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

Options available for LAN #2/#3/#4: Disabled/UEFI/Legacy. Default setting is UEFI.

PCI Devices Common Settings

Above 4G Decoding

Enable/Disable memory mapped I/O to 4GB or greater address space (Above 4G Decoding). Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.

→ SR-IOV Support

If the system has SR-IOV capable PCIe devices, this item Enable/Disable Single Root IO Virtualization Support.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

5-2-8 Network Stack



→ Network stack

Enable/Disable the UEFI network stack.

Options available: Enabled/DIsabled. Default setting is Enabled.

→ Ipv4 PXE Support^(Note)

Enable/Disable the Ipv4 PXE feature.

Options available: Enabled/DIsabled. Default setting is Enabled.

→ Ipv4 HTTP Support^(Note)

Enable/Disable the Ipv4 HTTP feature.

Options available: Enabled/DIsabled. Default setting is Disabled.

→ Ipv6 PXE Support^(Note)

Enable/Disable the Ipv6 PXE feature.

Options available: Enabled/DIsabled. Default setting is Disabled.

→ Ipv6 HTTP Support^(Note)

Enable/Disable the Ipv6 HTTP feature.

Options available: Enabled/DIsabled. Default setting is Disabled.

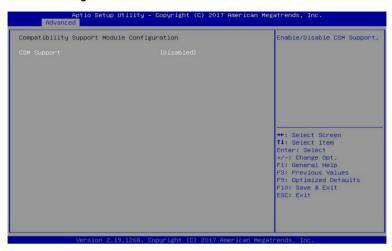
→ PXE boot wait time^(Note)

Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.

→ Media detect count^(Note)

Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.

5-2-9 CSM Configuration





Compatibility Support Module Configuration

→ CSM Support^(Note)

Enable/Disable the Compatibility Support Module (CSM) support.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

Displays the CSM module version information.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

☐ GateA20 Active

When set to Upon Request, GA20 can be disabled using BIOS services. When set to Always, GA20 cannot be disabled; this option is useful when any RT code is executed above 1MB.

Options available: Upon Request/Always. Default setting is Upon Request.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

→ INT19 Trap Response

Configures BIOS reaction on INT19 trapping by Option ROM. When set to Immediate, the system executes the trap right away. When set to Postponed, the system executes the trap during legacy boot. Options available: Immediate/Postponed. Default setting is **Immediate**.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

→ INT19 Endless Retry

Enable/Disable headless retry boot.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

Option ROM execution

→ Network

Controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy PXE Option ROM.

Options available: Do not launch/UEFI/Legacy. Default setting is UEFI.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

Storage

Controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Storage Option ROM.

Options available: Do not launch/UEFI/Legacy. Default setting is UEFI.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

→ Video

Controls the execution of UEFI and Legacy Video Option ROM.

Options available: Do not launch/UEFI/Legacy. Default setting is UEFI.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

Other PCI devices

Determines Option ROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage, or Video.

Options available: Do not launch/UEFI/Legacy. Default setting is UEFI.

Please note that this item is configurable when CSM Support is set to Enabled.

5-2-10 Post Report Configuration

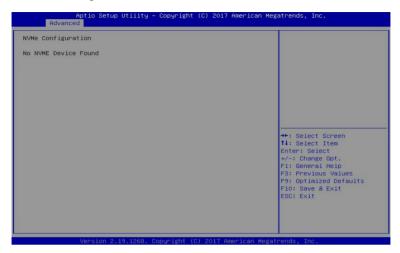


- → Post Report Configuration
- ☐ Error Message Report
- → Post Error Message

Enable/Disable the POST Error Message support.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

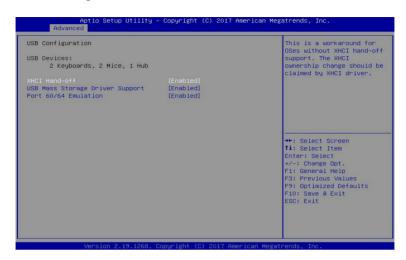
5-2-11 NVMe Configuration



→ NVMe Configuration

Displays the NVMe devices connected to the system.

5-2-12 USB Configuration



→ USB Configuration

→ USB Devices:

Displays the USB devices connected to the system.

Enable/Disable the XHCI (USB 3.0) Hand-off support.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

☐ USB Mass Storage Driver Support^(Note)

Enable/Disable the USB Mass Storage Driver Support.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

→ Port 60/64 Emulation

Enables the I/O port 60h/64h emulation support. This should be enabled for the complete USB Keyboard Legacy support for non-USB aware OS.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

5-2-13 Chipset Configuration



□ Restore on AC Power Loss^(Note)

Defines the power state to resume to after a system shutdown that is due to an interruption in AC power. When set to Last State, the system will return to the active power state prior to shutdown. When set to Stay Off, the system remains off after power shutdown.

Options available: Last State/Stay Off/Power On. The default setting depends on the BMC setting.

Chassis Opened Warning

Enable/Disable the chassis intrusion alter function.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

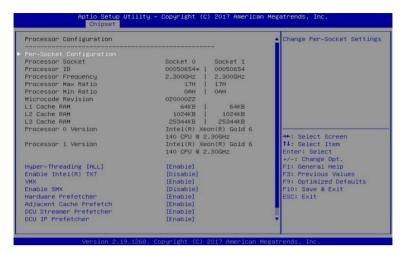
(Note) When the power policy is controlled by BMC, please wait for 15-20 seconds for BMC to save the last power state.

5-3 Chipset Setup Menu

Chipset Setup menu displays submenu options for configuring the function of North Bridge and South Bridge. Select a submenu item, then press Enter to access the related submenu screen.



5-3-1 Processor Configuration





- Processor Configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

Processor Socket/Processor ID/Processor Frequency/Processor Max Raito/ Processor Min Raio/Microcode Revision/L1 Cache RAM/L2 Cache RAM/L3 Cache RAM/ Processor 0/1 Version

Displays the technical specifications for the installed processor.

→ Hyper-Threading [All]

The Hyper Threading Technology allows a single processor to execute two or more separate threads concurrently. When hyper-threading is enabled, multi-threaded software applications can execute their threads, thereby improving performance.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Enables ord isables the Intel Trusted Execution Technology support function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

VMX (Vanderpool Technology)

Enable/Disable the Vanderpool Technology. This will take effect after rebooting the system.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ Enable SMX

Enable/Disable the Secure Mode Extensions (SMX) support function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.

Hardware Prefetcher

Select whether to enable the speculative prefetch unit of the processor.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

Adjacent Cache Prefetch

When enabled, cache lines are fetched in pairs. When disabled, only the required cache line is fetched. Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.

→ DCU Streamer Prefetch

Prefetches the next L1 data line based upon multiple loads in same cache line.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ DCU IP Prefetch

Prefetches the next L1 Data line based upon sequential load history.

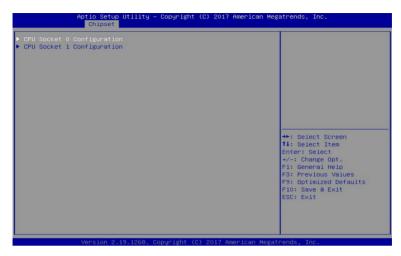
Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ AES-NI

Enable/Disable the AES-NI (Intel Advanced Encryption Standard New Instructions) support function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

5-3-1-1 Pre-Socket Configuration







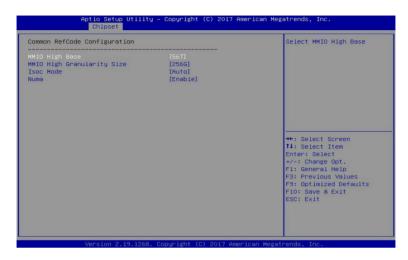
□ CPU Socket 0/1 Configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

□ Core Disable Bitmap(Hex) (for CPU socket 0/1)

Number of Cores to enable. 0 means all cores. FFFFFF means to disable all cores. The maximum value depends on the number of CPUs available. Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values.

5-3-2 Common RefCode Configuration



☐ Common RefCode Configuration

MMIO High Base

Selects the MMIO High Base setting.

Options available: 56T/40T/24T/16T/4T/1T. Default setting is 56T.

→ MMIO High Granularity Size

Selects the allocation size used to assign mmioh resources. Total mmioh space can be up to 32xgranularity. Per stack mmioh resource assignments are multiples of the granularity where 1 unit per stack is the default allocation.

Options available: 1G/4G/16G/64G/256G/1024G. Default setting is 256G.

→ Isoc Mode

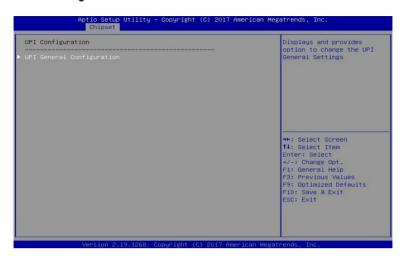
Options available: Auto/Enable/Disable. Default setting is Auto.

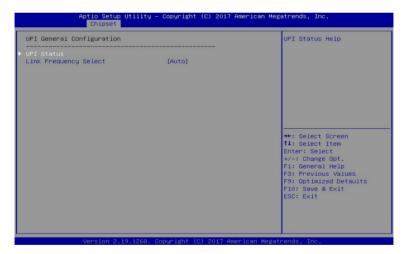
Numa (Non-Uniform Memory Access)

Enable/Disable Non-uniform Memory Access (NUMA).

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

5-3-3 UPI Configuration







→ UPI General Configuration

Press [Enter] to change the UPI general settings.

→ UPI Status

Press [Enter] to view the UPI status.

□ Link Frequency Select

Selects the UPI link frequency.

Options available: 9.6GB/10.4GB/Auto. Default setting is Auto.

5-3-4 Memory Configuration



Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)

→ Enforce POR

When set to Enable, the system enforces Plan Of Record restrictions for DDR4 frequency and voltage programming. When set to Auto, the system sets it to the MRC default settings.

Options available: Auto/POR/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Memory Frequency

Configures the memory frequency.

Options available: Auto/2133/2400/2666. Default setting is Auto.

☐ Enable ADR

Enables the detecting and enabling of ADR.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

□ Legacy ADR Mode

Enable/Disable the Legacy ADR Mode.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

→ ADR Data Save Mode

Data Save Mode for ADR, Batterybacked or Type 01 NVDIMM.

Options available: Disable/Batterybacked DIMMs/NVDIMMs. Default setting is NVDIMMs.

☐ Erase-ARM NVDIMMs

Enable/Disable Erasing and Arming NVDIMMs.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Enable/Disable Automatic restoring of NVDIMMs.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

☐ Interleave NVDIMMs

Controls if NVDIMMs are interleaved together or not.

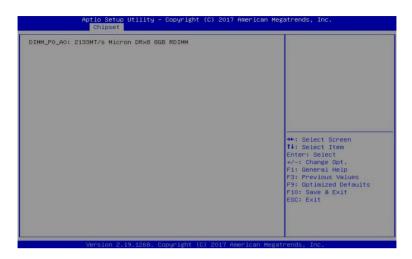
Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

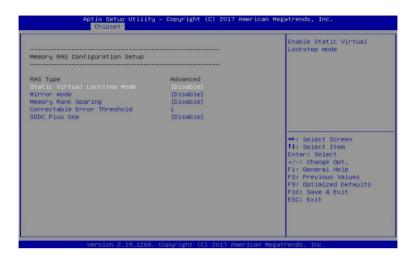
→ Memory RAS Configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-3-4-1 Memory Topology



5-3-4-2 Memory RAS Configuration



Memory RAS Configuration Setup

→ RAS Type

Displays the RAS type.

Static Virtual Lockstep Mode

Enable/Disable the Static Virtual Lockstep mode.

Options available: Disable/Enable. Default setting is Disable.

→ Mirror Mode

Mirror Mode will set entire 1LM/2LM memory in system to be mirrored, consequently reducing the memory capacity by half. Enables the Mirror Mode will disable the XPT Prefetch.

Options available: Disable/Mirror Mode 1LM/Mirror Mode 2LM. Default setting is Disable.

Memory Rank Sparing

Enable/Disable Memory Rank Sparing.

Options available: Disable/Enable. Default setting is Disable.

Correctable Error Threshold

Correctable Error Threshold (1-32767) used for sparing, tagging, and leaky bucket.

Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.

→ SDDC Plus One

Enable/Disable SDDC Pluse One.

Options available: Disable/Enable. Default setting is Disable.

5-3-5 IIO Configuration



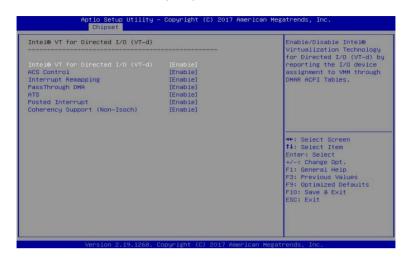
- □ IIO Configuration
 □
- □ Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

→ Inter® VMD technology

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-3-5-1 Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)



□ Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

☐ Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Enable/Disable the Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) support function by reporting the I/O device assignment to VMM through DMAR ACPI Tables.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ ACS Control

Enable: Programs ACS only to Chipset Pcie Root Ports Bridges.

Disable: Programs ACS to all PCle bridges.

Default setting is Enable.

Interrupt Remapping

Enable/Disable the interrupt remapping support function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ PassThrough DMA

Enable/Disable the Non-Isoch VT D Engine PassThrough DMA support function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ ATS

Enable/Disable Non-Isoch VT_D Engine ATS support.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Posted Interrupt

Enable/Disable VT_D posted interrupt.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Coherency Support (Non-Isoch)

Enable/Disable Non-Isoch VT_D Engine Coherency support.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

5-3-5-2 Intel® VMD Technology



- □ Intel® VMD technology
- → Intel® VMD Configuration

Enable/Disable the Intel VMD support function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

5-3-6 Advanced Power Management Configuration



- Advanced Power Management Configuration
- CPU P State Control

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

→ Hardware PM State Control

Press [Enter] to configure the Hardware P-State setting.

 ☐ CPU C State Control

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

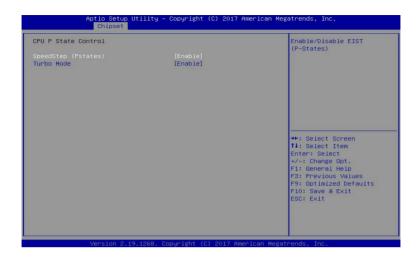
→ Package C State Control

Press [Enter] to configure the Package C State limit.

□ CPU - Advanced PM Tuning

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-3-6-1 CPU P State Control



Conventional Intel SpeedStep Technology switches both voltage and frequency in tandem between high and low levels in response to processor load.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ Turbo Mode

When this item is enabled, the processor will automatically ramp up the clock speed of 1-2 of its processing cores to improve its performance.

When this item is disabled, the processor will not overclock any of its core.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

5-3-6-2 Hardware PM State Control



→ Hardware P-States

When this item is disabled, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS Request (Legacy P-States).

In Native mode, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS guidance.

In Out of Band mode, the processor hardware autonomously chooses a P-state (with no OS guidance). Options available: Disable/Native Mode/Out of Band Mode/Native Mode with No Legacy Support.

Default setting is Native Mode.

5-3-6-3 CPU C State Control



→ Autonomous Core C-State

Enable/Disable the Autonomous Core C-State Control.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

→ CPU C6 Report

Allows you to determine whether to let the CPU enter C6 mode in system halt state. When enabled, the CPU core frequency and voltage will be reduced during system halt state to decrease power consumption. The C6 state is a more enhanced power-saving state than C1.

Options available: Disable/Enable/Auto. Default setting is Auto.

□ Enhanced Halt State (C1E)^(Note)

Core C1E auto promotion control. Takes effect after reboot.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.

→ OS ACPI Cx

Reports CPU C3/C6 to OS ACPI C2 or ACPI C3.

Options available: ACPI C2/ACPI C3. Default setting is ACPI C2.

5-3-6-4 Package C State Control



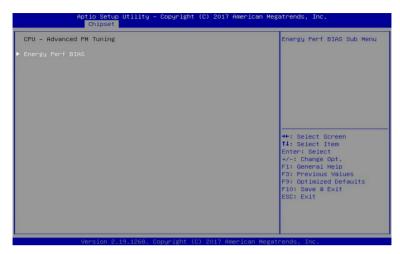
→ Package C-State

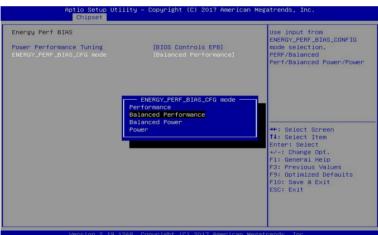
Configures the state for the C-State package limit.

Options available: C0/C1 state/C2 state/C6(non Retention) state/C6(Retention) state/No Limit/Auto.

Default setting is **Auto**.

5-3-6-5 CPU-Advanced PM Tuning





□ Energy Perf BIAS

Enters the Energy Perf BIAS submenu.

→ Power Performance Tuning^(Note)

Tunes the Power Performance Configuration mode. When enabled, uses IA32_ENERGY_PERF_BIAS input from the core. When disabled, uses alternate performance BIAS input from ENERGY_PERF_BIAS CONFIG.

Options available: OS Controls EPB/BIOS Controls EPB. Default setting is OS Controls EPB.

□ ENERGY PERF BIAS CFG mode

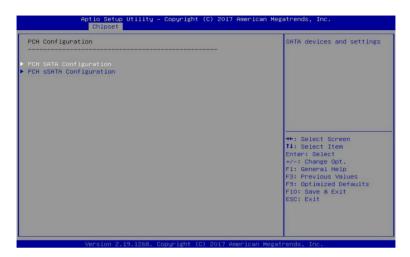
Selects the Energy Performance Bias Configuration Mode.

Options available: Performance/Balanced Performance/Balanced Power/Power.

Default setting is Balanced Performance.

Please note that this item is configurable when Power Performance Tuning is set to BIOS Controls EPB.

5-3-7 PCH Configuration



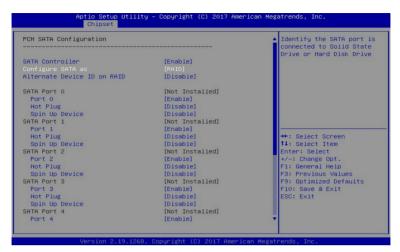
- → PCH Configuration
- → PCH SATA Configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

☞ PCH sSATA Configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-3-7-1 PCH SATA Configuration





→ PCH SATA Configuration

SATA Controller(s)

Enable/Disable SATA controller.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

☐ Configure SATA as

Configure on chip SATA type.

AHCI Mode: When set to AHCI, the SATA controller enables its AHCI functionality. Then the RAID function is disabled and cannot be access the RAID setup utility at boot time.

RAID Mode: When set to RAID, the SATA controller enables both its RAID and AHCI functions. You will be allows access the RAID setup utility at boot time.

Options available: AHCI/RAID. Default setting is AHCI.

Enable/Disable Alternate Device ID on RAID mode.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disabled

Please note that this option appears when HDD is in RAID Mode.

→ SATA Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7

The category identifies SATA hard drives that are installed in the computer. System will automatically detect HDD type.

→ Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7

Enable/Disable Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 device.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ Hot Plug (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7)^(Note2)

Enable/Disable HDD Hot-Plug function.

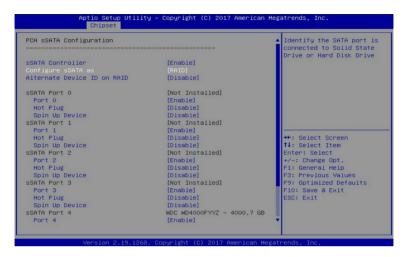
Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

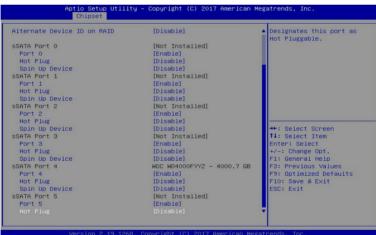
¬ Spin Up Device (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7)^(Note2)

On an edge detect from 0 to 1, the PCH starts a COM reset initialization to the device.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

5-3-7-2 PCH sSATA Configuration





→ PCH sSATA Configuration

sSATA Controller(s)

Enable/Disable sSATA controller.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Configure sSATA as

Configure on chip SATA type.

AHCI Mode: When set to AHCI, the SATA controller enables its AHCI functionality. Then the RAID function is disabled and cannot be access the RAID setup utility at boot time.

RAID Mode: When set to RAID, the SATA controller enables both its RAID and AHCI functions. You will be allows access the RAID setup utility at boot time.

Options available: AHCI/RAID. Default setting is AHCI.

→ Alternate Device ID on RAID^(Note 1)

Enable/Disable Alternate Device ID on RAID mode.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disabled

Please note that this option appears when HDD is in RAID Mode.

⇒ sSATA Port 0/1/2/3/4/5

The category identifies sSATA hard drives that are installed in the computer. System will automatically detect HDD type.

→ Port 0/1/2/3/4/5

Enable/Disable Port 0/1/2/3/4/5 device.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ Hot Plug (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5)^(Note 2)

Enable/Disable HDD Hot-Plug function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Disable.

¬ Spin Up Device (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5)^(Note 2)

On an edge detect from 0 to 1, the PCH starts a COM reset initialization to the device.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is **Disabled**

5-3-8 Miscellaneous Configuration



→ Miscellaneous Configuration

Active Video

Selects the active video type.

Options available: Auto/Onboard Device/PCIE Device. Default setting is Auto.

5-3-9 Server ME Configuration



- Operational Firmware Version
 Displays Operational Firmware version information.
- ME Firmware Status #1/#2
 Displays ME Firmware status information.
- Current State (for ME Firmware)
 Displays ME Firmware current status information.
- ➢ Error Code (for ME Firmware)
 Displays ME Firmware status error code.
 ➢ Becovery Course (for ME Firmware)
- Recovery Cause (for ME Firmware) Displays ME Firmware recovery cause.
- PTT Support Displays if the system supports the Intel® Platform Trust Technology.

5-3-10 Runtime Error Logging



→ Runtime Error Logging

System Errors

Enable/Disable system error logging function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Enable/Disable software injection error logging function.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.

→ Whea Settings

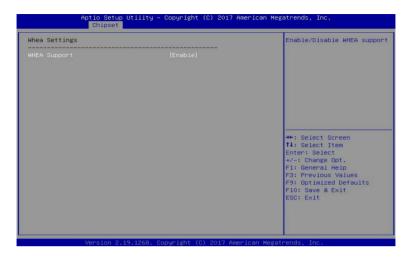
Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

→ PCle Error Enabling

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-3-10-1 Whea Settings

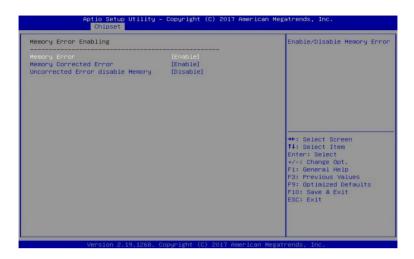


→ WHEA Support (Windows Hardware Error Architecture)

Enable/Disable WHEA Support.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

5-3-10-2 Memory Error Enabling



☐ Memory Error

Enable/Disable Memory Error.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Enable/Disable Memory Corrected Error.

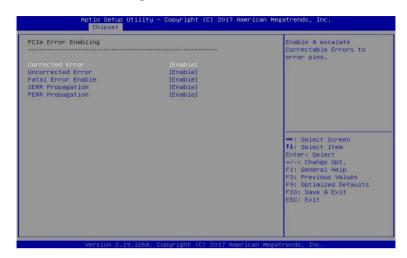
Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Uncorrected Error disable Memory

Enable/Disable the Memory that triggers Uncorrected Error.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.

5-3-10-3 PCle Error Enabling



☐ Corrected Error

Enables and escalates Correctable Errors to error pins.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Uncorrected Error

Enables and escalates Uncorrectable/Recoverable Errors to error pins.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ Fatal Error Enable

Enables and escalates Fatal Errors to error pins.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Enable/Disable SERR propagation.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ PERR Propagation

Enable/Disable PERR propagation.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

5-4 Server Management Menu



→ FRB-2 Timer

Enable/Disable FRB-2 timer (POST timer).

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

→ FRB-2 Timer timeout

Configure the FRB2 Timer timeout.

Options available: 3 minutes/4 minutes/5 minutes/6 minutes. Default setting is 6 minutes.

Please note that this item is configurable when FRB-2 Timer is set to Enabled.

→ FRB-2 Timer Policy

Configure the FRB2 Timer policy.

Options available: Do Nothing/Reset/Power Down. Default setting is Do Nothing.

Please note that this item is configurable when FRB-2 Timer is set to Enabled.

OS Watchdog Timer

Enable/Disable OS Watchdog Timer function.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

OS Wtd Timer Timeout

Configure OS Watchdog Timer.

Options available: 5 minutes/10 minutes/15 minutes/20 minutes. Default setting is 10 minutes.

Please note that this item is configurable when OS Watchdog Timer is set to Enabled.

OS Wtd Timer Policy

Configure OS Watchdog Timer Policy.

Options available: Reset/Do Nothing/Power Down, Default setting is Reset.

Please note that this item is configurable when OS Watchdog Timer is set to Enabled.

☐ System Event Log

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

→ View FRU Information

Press [Enter] to view the advanced items.

→ BMC network configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

□ IPv6 BMC Network Configuration

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-4-1 System Event Log



Change this item to enable or disable all features of System Event Logging during boot. Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Choose options for erasing SEL.

Options available: No/Yes, On next reset/Yes, On every reset. Default setting is No.

When SEL is Full

Choose options for reactions to a full SEL.

Options available: Do Nothing/Erase Immediately. Default setting is **Do Nothing**.

Custom EFI Logging Options

Log EFI Status Codes

Enable/Disable the logging of EFI Status Codes (if not already converted to legacy).

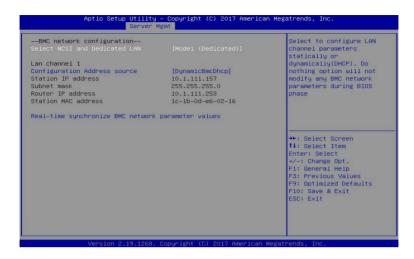
Options available: Disabled/Both/Error code/Progress code. Default setting is Error code.

5-4-2 View FRU Information

The FRU page is a simple display page for basic system ID information, as well as System product information. Items on this window are non-configurable.



5-4-3 BMC Network Configuration



Select NCSI and Dedicated LAN

Switch NCSI and dedicated LAN and send KCS command.

Options available: Do Nothing/Mode1 (Dedicated)/Mode2(NSCI)/Mode3 (Failover).

Default setting is Mode1 (Dedicated).

→ Lan Channel 1

Configuration Address source

Select to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (DHCP). Do nothing option will not modify any BMC network parameters during BIOS phase.

Options available: Unspecified/Static/DynamicBmcDhcp. Default setting is DynamicBmcDhcp.

Station IP address

Displays IP Address information.

Subnet mask

Displays Subnet Mask information.

Please note that the IP address must be in three digitals, for example, 192.168.000.001.

Router IP address

Displays the Router IP Address information.

Station MAC address

Displays the MAC Address information.

Real-time synchronize BMC network parameter values

Press [Enter] to synchronize the BMC network parameter values.

5-4-4 IPv6 BMC Network Configuration



→ IPv6 BMC Lan Channel 1

→ IPv6 BMC Lan Option

Enable/Disable IPv6 BMC LAN channel function. When this item is disabled, the system will not modify any BMC network during BIOS phase.

Options available: Enable/Disable. Default setting is Enable.

→ IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source

Select to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC).

Options available: Unspecified/Static/Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP.

Default setting is Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP.

→ IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address/Prefix Length -> [1999::11/64]

Check if the IPv6 BMC LAN IP address matches those displayed on the screen.

5-5 Security Menu

The Security menu allows you to safeguard and protect the system from unauthorized use by setting up access passwords.



There are two types of passwords that you can set:

- Administrator Password
- Entering this password will allow the user to access and change all settings in the Setup Utility.
- User Password

Entering this password will restrict a user's access to the Setup menus. To enable or disable this field, a Administrator Password must first be set. A user can only access and modify the System Time, System Date, and Set User Password fields.

Administrator Password

Press [Enter] to configure the administrator password.

User Password

Press [Enter] to configure the user password.

→ Secure Boot

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-5-1 Secure Boot

The Secure Boot submenu is applicable when your device is installed the Windows® 8 (or above) operating system.



System Mode

Displays the system is in User mode or Setup mode.

Secure Boot

Displays the Secure Boot function is actived or not actived.

Vendor Kevs

Displays the Vendor Keys function is actived or not actived.

Attempt Secure Boot

Secure Boot activated when Platform Key (PK) is enrolled, System mode is User/Deployed, and CSM function is disabled.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.

Secure Boot requires all the applications that are running during the booting process to be pre-signed with valid digital certificates. This way, the system knows all the files being loaded before Windows loads and gets to the login screen have not been tampered with.

When set to Standard, it will automatically load the Secure Boot keys form the BIOS databases.

When set to Custom, you can customize the Secure Boot settings and manually load its keys from the BIOS database.

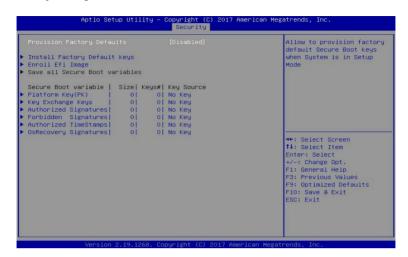
Options available: Standard/Custom. Default setting is Custom.

Key Management

Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

Please note that this item is configurable when Secure Boot Mode is set to Custom.

5-5-1-1 Key Management



Provision Factory Defaults

Allows to provision factory default Secure Boot keys when system is in Setup Mode.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

Installs all factory default keys. It will force the system in User Mode. Options available: Yes/No.

Enroll Efi Image

Press [Enter] to enroll SHA256 hash of the binary into Authorized Signature Database (db).

Save all Secure Boot variables

Press [Enter] to save all Secure Boot Keys and Key variables.

Secure Boot variable

Displays the current status of the variables used for secure boot.

→ Platform Key (PK)

Displays the current status of the Platform Key (PK).

Press [Enter] to configure a new PK.

Options available: Set New.

Key Exchange Keys (KEK)

Displays the current status of the Key Exchange Key Database (KEK).

Press [Enter] to configure a new KEK or load additional KEK from storage devices.

Options available: Set New/Append.

Authorized Signatures (DB)

Displays the current status of the Authorized Signature Database.

Press [Enter] to configure a new DB or load additional DB from storage devices.

Options available: Set New/Append.

→ Forbidden Signatures (DBX)

Displays the current status of the Forbidden Signature Database.

Press [Enter] to configure a new dbx or load additional dbx from storage devices.

Options available: Set New/Append.

Authorized TimeStamps (DBT)

Displays the current status of the Authorized TimeStamps Database.

Press [Enter] to configure a new DBT or load additional DBT from storage devices.

Options available: Set New/Append.

OsRecovery Signatures

Displays the current status of the OsRecovery Signature Database.

Press [Enter] to configure a new OsRecovery Signature or load additional OsRecovery Signature from storage devices.

Options available: Set New/Append.

5-6 Boot Menu

The Boot menu allows you to set the drive priority during system boot-up. BIOS setup will display an error message if the legacy drive(s) specified is not bootable.



Boot Configuration

Setup Prompt Timeout

Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535 (0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting. Press the numeric keys to input the desired values.

Bootup NumLock State

Enable/Disable the Bootup NumLock function.

Options available: On/Off. Default setting is On.

Quiet Boot

Enable/Disable showing the logo during POST.

Options available: Enabled/Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

→ Boot mode select

Selects the boot mode

Options available: LEGACY/UEFI. Default setting is UEFI.

FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities

→ Boot Option #1/#2/#3/#4/#5

Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.

By default, the server searches for boot devices in the following secquence:

- 1. Hard drive.
- CD-COM/DVD drive.
- 3. USB device.
- 4. Network.
- 5 UFFI

- UEFI Network Drive BBS Priorities
 Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.
- UEFI Application Boot Priorities
 Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.

5-6-1 UEFI NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities

The UEFI network drive BBS priorities submenu allows you to specify the boot device priority from the available UEFI network drives during system boot-up. BIOS setup will display an error message if the legacy drive(s) specified is not bootable.



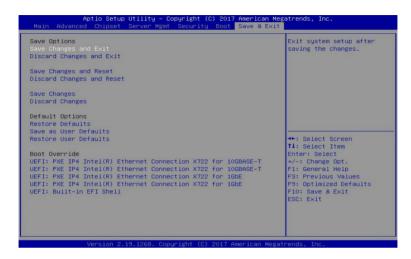
5-6-2 UEFI Application Boot Priorities

The UEFI application boot priorities submenu allows you to specify the boot device priority from the available UEFI applications during system boot-up. BIOS setup will display an error message if the legacy drive(s) specified is not bootable.



5-7 Save & Exit Menu

The Exit menu displays the various options to quit from the BIOS setup. Highlight any of the exit options then press **Enter**.



→ Save Options

Saves changes made and closes the BIOS setup.

Options available: Yes/No.

Discard Changes and Exit

Discards changes made and exits the BIOS setup.

Options available: Yes/No.

Restarts the system after saving the changes made.

Options available: Yes/No.

Discard Changes and Reset

Restarts the sysetm without saving any changes.

Options available: Yes/No.

Save Changes

Saves changes made in the BIOS setup.

Options available: Yes/No.

Discard Changes

Discards changes made and closes the BIOS setup.

Options available: Yes/No.

□ Default Options

Restore Defaults

Loads the default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Setup Defaults are quite demanding in terms of resources consumption. If you are using low-speed memory chips or other kinds of low-performance components and you choose to load these settings, the system might not function properly. Options available: Yes/No.

Saves the changes made as the user default settings. Options available: Yes/No.

□ Restore User Defaults

Loads the user default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Options available: Yes/No.

→ Boot Override

Press [Enter] to configure the device as the boot-up drive.

5-8 BIOS POST Codes

5-8-1 AMI Standard - PEI

PEI_CORE_STARTED	0x10
PEI_CAR_CPU_INIT	0x11
PEI_CAR_NB_INIT	0x15
PEI_CAR_SB_INIT	0x19
PEI_MEMORY_SPD_READ	0x2B
PEI_MEMORY_PRESENCE_DETECT	0x2C
PEI_MEMORY_TIMING	0x2D
PEI_MEMORY_CONFIGURING	0x2E
PEI_MEMORY_INIT	0x2F
PEI_MEMORY_INSTALLED	0x31
PEI_CPU_INIT	0x32
PEI_CPU_CACHE_INIT	0x33
PEI_CPU_AP_INIT	0x34
PEI_CPU_BSP_SELECT	0x35
PEI_CPU_SMM_INIT	0x36
PEI_MEM_NB_INIT	0x37
PEI_MEM_SB_INIT	0x3B
PEI_DXE_IPL_STARTED	0x4F
DXE_CORE_STARTED	0x60
//Recovery	
PEI_RECOVERY_AUTO	0xF0
PEI_RECOVERY_USER	0xF1
PEI_RECOVERY_STARTED	0xF2
PEI_RECOVERY_CAPSULE_FOUND	0xF3
PEI_RECOVERY_CAPSULE_LOADED	0xF4
//S3	
PEI_S3_STARTED	0xE0
PEI_S3_BOOT_SCRIPT	0xE1
PEI_S3_VIDEO_REPOST	0xE2
PEI_S3_OS_WAKE	0xE3
DXE_CORE_STARTED	0x60
DXE_NVRAM_INIT	0x61
DXE_SBRUN_INIT	0x62

5-8-2 AMI Standard - DXE

0x63
0x68
0x69
0x6A
0x70
0x71
0x72

BIOS Setup - 120 -

DXE_ACPI_INIT	0x78
DXE_CSM_INIT	0x79
DXE_BDS_STARTED	0x90
DXE_BDS_CONNECT_DRIVERS	0x91
DXE_PCI_BUS_BEGIN	0x92
DXE_PCI_BUS_HPC_INIT	0x93
DXE_PCI_BUS_ENUM	0x94
DXE_PCI_BUS_REQUEST_RESOURCES	0x95
DXE_PCI_BUS_ASSIGN_RESOURCES	0x96
DXE_CON_OUT_CONNECT	0x97
DXE_CON_IN_CONNECT	0x98
DXE_SIO_INIT	0x99
DXE_USB_BEGIN	0x9A
DXE_USB_RESET	0x9B
DXE_USB_DETECT	0x9C
DXE_USB_ENABLE	0x9D
DXE_IDE_BEGIN	0xA0
DXE_IDE_RESET	0xA1
DXE_IDE_DETECT	0xA2
DXE_IDE_ENABLE	0xA3
DXE_SCSI_BEGIN	0xA4
DXE_SCSI_RESET	0xA5
DXE_SCSI_DETECT	0xA6
DXE_SCSI_ENABLE	0xA7
DXE_SETUP_VERIFYING_PASSWORD	0xA8
DXE_SETUP_START	0xA9
DXE_SETUP_INPUT_WAIT	0xAB
DXE_READY_TO_BOOT	0xAD
DXE_LEGACY_BOOT	0xAE
DXE_EXIT_BOOT_SERVICES	0xAF
RT_SET_VIRTUAL_ADDRESS_MAP_BEGIN	0xB0
RT SET VIRTUAL ADDRESS MAP END	0xB1
DXE_LEGACY_OPROM_INIT	0xB2
DXE_RESET_SYSTEM	0xB3
DXE USB HOTPLUG	0xB4
DXE PCI BUS HOTPLUG	0xB5
DXE NVRAM CLEANUP	0xB6
DXE CONFIGURATION RESET	0xB7

5-8-3 AMI Standard - ERROR

PEI_MEMORY_INVALID_TYPE 0x50 PEI_MEMORY_INVALID_SPEED 0x50 PEI_MEMORY_SPD_FAIL 0x51	
PEI_MEMORY_SPD_FAIL 0x51	
PEI_MEMORY_INVALID_SIZE 0x52	
PEI_MEMORY_MISMATCH 0x52	
PEI_MEMORY_NOT_DETECTED 0x53	
PEI_MEMORY_NONE_USEFUL 0x53	
PEI_MEMORY_ERROR 0x54	
PEI_MEMORY_NOT_INSTALLED 0x55	
PEI_CPU_INVALID_TYPE 0x56	
PEI_CPU_INVALID_SPEED 0x56	
PEI_CPU_MISMATCH 0x57	
PEI_CPU_SELF_TEST_FAILED 0x58	
PEI_CPU_CACHE_ERROR 0x58	
PEI_CPU_MICROCODE_UPDATE_FAILED 0x59	
PEI_CPU_NO_MICROCODE 0x59	
PEI_CPU_INTERNAL_ERROR 0x5A	
PEI_CPU_ERROR 0x5A	
PEI_RESET_NOT_AVAILABLE 0x5B	
//Recovery	
PEI_RECOVERY_PPI_NOT_FOUND 0xF8	
PEI_RECOVERY_NO_CAPSULE 0xF9	
PEI_RECOVERY_INVALID_CAPSULE 0xFA	
//S3 Resume	
PEI_MEMORY_S3_RESUME_FAILED 0xE8	
PEI_S3_RESUME_PPI_NOT_FOUND 0xE9	
PEI_S3_BOOT_SCRIPT_ERROR 0xEA	
PEI_S3_OS_WAKE_ERROR 0xEB	
DXE_CPU_ERROR 0xD0	
DXE_NB_ERROR 0xD1	
DXE_SB_ERROR 0xD2	
DXE_ARCH_PROTOCOL_NOT_AVAILABLE 0xD3	
DXE_PCI_BUS_OUT_OF_RESOURCES 0xD4	
DXE_LEGACY_OPROM_NO_SPACE 0xD5	
DXE_NO_CON_OUT 0xD6	
DXE_NO_CON_IN 0xD7	
DXE_INVALID_PASSWORD 0xD8	
DXE_BOOT_OPTION_LOAD_ERROR 0xD9	
DXE_BOOT_OPTION_FAILED	
DXE_FLASH_UPDATE_FAILED 0xDB	
DXE_RESET_NOT_AVAILABLE 0xDC	

BIOS Setup - 122 -

5-8-4 Intel UPI POST Codes

Initialize KTIRC inuput structure default values	0xA0
Collect info such as SBSP, Boot Mode, Reset type etc	0xA1
Setup IO SADs in SBSP to access the config space	0xA2
Setup up minimum path between SBSP & other sockets	0xA3
Add the node to the tree	
Parse the LEP of the discovered socket	
Check if the system has the supported topology	
Setup the boot path for the parent which is not	
directly connected to Legacy CPU	
Setup path from SBSP to the new found node	
Setup IO SADs in PBSP to access the config space	0xA4
System configurations that require some kind of reset	0xA5
Sync up with PBSPs	0xA6
Topology discovery and route calculation	0xA7
Program final route	0xA8
Program final IO SAD setting	0xA9
Protocol layer and other Uncore settings	0xAA
Transition links to full speed opeartion	0xAB
Phy layer settings	0xAC
Link layer settings	0xAD
Coherency Settings	0xAE
KTIRC is done	0xAF

5-8-5 Intel UPI Error Codes

3-0-3 Intel OFI LITOI Codes	
When system BSP tries to setup path for remote sockets or sends a Boot_Go command to remote socket in SetupSbspPathToAllSockets() or SyncUpPbspForReset(). If the remote socket(s) hasn't checked-in, assert; it is a fatal condition, this error will be logged. No retry. RC Behavior: System Halt	0xD8
When SBSP tries to add this remote socket into system topology tree in SetupSbspPathToAllSockets(), there are some errors occur in the data structure. No retry. RC Behavior: The current Socket is not added to the tree. When SBSP setups the boot path for the parent which is not directly connected to Legacy CPU in SetupSbspPathToAllSockets(). The Child is not an immediate neighbor of Parent. No retry.	0xDA

SAD setup error RC Behavior: System Halt	0xDB
Unsupported topology RC Behavior: System Halt	0xDC
SBSP cannot find KPIRC TXEQ Parameters for this link in GetSocketLinkEparams(). No retry. RC Behavior: System Halt	0xDD

5-8-6 Intel MRC POST Codes

Detect DIMM population	0xB0
Set DDR frequency	0xB1
Gather remaining SPD data	0xB2
Program registers on the memory controller level	0xB3
Evaluate RAS modes and save rank information	0xB4
Program registers on the channel level	0xB5
DDRIO Initialization	0xB6
Train DDR	0xB7
Initialize CLTT/OLTT	0xB8
Hardware memory test and init	0xB9
Execute memory init	0xBA
Program memory map and interleaving	0xBB
Program RAS configuration	0xBC
Rank margin tool	0xBD
MRC is done	0xBF

5-8-7 Intel MRC Error Codes

No memory was detected	0xE8
Memory test failure	0xEB
Different dimm types are detected installed in the system	0xED
Number of HAs found in system greater than 0xEE	
MAX_HA defined in MRC build	
Indicates a CLTT table structure error	0xEF
Invalid VR mode, unable to set DRAM VDD	0xF0
Failure occurred reserving memory for IOT	0xF1
Reference code assert	0xF2
Unsupported MC frequency set	0xF3
Unable to get current MC frequency	0xF4

5-8-8 Intel PM POST Codes

Start of PPM structure initialization	0xD0
PPM CSR programming 0xD1	
PPM MSR programming	0xD2
Start of PState transition init	0xD3
PPM exit	0xD4
PPM On ready to boot event	0xD5

5-8-9 Intel PM POST Codes

Start of IIO early Initialization	0xE0
Pre Link training	0xE1
Start of Gen3 EQ training	0xE2
Start of PState transition init	0xE3
Gen3 parameters override	0xE4
End of IIO Early Initialization	0xE5
Start of IIO Late initialization	0xE6
PCIE port initialization	0xE7
IOAPIC initialization	0xE8
VTD initialization	0xE9
IOAT initialization	0xEA
DFX initialization	0xEB
NTB initialization	0xEC
Security Initialization	0xED
IIO late initialization	0xEE
IIO On ready to boot event	0xEF

5-9 BIOS POST Beep code (AMI standard)

5-9-1 PEI Beep Codes

# of Beeps	Description
1	Memory not Installed.
1	Memory was installed twice (InstallPeiMemory routine in PEI Core called twice)
2	Recovery started
3	DXEIPL was not found
3	DXE Core Firmware Volume was not found
4	Recovery failed
4	S3 Resume failed
7	Reset PPI is not available

5-9-2 DXE Beep Codes

# of Beeps	Description
1	Invalid password
4	Some of the Architectural Protocols are not available
5	No Console Output Devices are found
5	No Console Input Devices are found
6	Flash update is failed
7	Reset protocol is not available
8	Platform PCI resource requirements cannot be met

BIOS Setup - 126 -

5-10 BIOS Recovery Instruction

The system has an embedded recovery technique. In the event that the BIOS becomes corrupt the boot block can be used to restore the BIOS to a working state. To restore your BIOS, please follow the instructions listed below:

Recovery Instruction:

- Change xxx.ROM to amiboot.rom.
- 2. Copy amiboot.rom and AFUDOS.exe to USB diskette.
- 3. Setting BIOS Recovery jump to enabled status.
- 4. Boot into BIOS recovery.
- 5. Run Proceed with flash update.
- 6. BIOS update.

