GIGABYTE™

R184-A92-AAJ1

Rack Server - Intel® Xeon® 6 Processors - 1U DP 12-Bay Gen5 NVMe/SATA/SAS-4

User Manual

Rev. 1.0

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Disclaimer

Documentation Classifications

In order to assist in the use of this product, Giga Computing provides the following types of documentation:

- User Manual: detailed information & steps about the installation, configuration and use of this product (e.g. motherboard, server barebones), covering hardware and BIOS.
- User Guide: detailed information about the installation & use of an add-on hardware or software component (e.g. BMC firmware, rail-kit) compatible with this product.
- Quick Installation Guide: a short guide with visual diagrams that you can reference easily for installation purposes of this product (e.g. motherboard, server barebones).

Please see the support section of the online product page to check the current availability of these documents.

For More Information

For related product specifications, the latest firmware and software, and other information please visit our website at http://www.gigabyte.com/Enterprise

For GIGABYTE distributors and resellers, additional sales & marketing materials are available from our reseller portal: http://reseller.b2b.gigabyte.com

For further technical assistance, please contact your GIGABYTE representative or visit https://esupport.gigabyte.com/ to create a new support ticket

For any general sales or marketing enquiries, you may also message GIGABYTE server directly by email: server.grp@gigabyte.com

Conventions

The following conventions are used in this user's guide:

	**NOTE!** Gives bits and pieces of additional information related to the current topic.
	**CAUTION!** Gives precautionary measures to avoid possible hardware or software problems.
	**WARNING!** Alerts you to any damage that might result from doing or not doing specific actions.

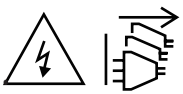
Server Warnings and Cautions

Before installing a server, be sure that you understand the following warnings and cautions.

WARNING!

To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) electrical outlet that is easily accessible at all times.
- Unplug all the power cords from the power supplies to disconnect power to the equipment.



- Shock Hazard! Disconnect all power supply cords before servicing.
- Do not route the power cord where it can be walked on or pinched by items placed against it. Pay particular attention to the plug, electrical outlet, and the point where the cord extends from the server.

WARNING!

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.

WARNING!

This server is equipped with high speed fans. Keep away from hazardous moving fan blades during servicing.

WARNING!

This equipment is intended to be used in Restrict Access Location. The access can only be gained by Skilled person. Only authorized by well trained professional person can access the restrict access location.

WARNING!

The equipment should only be repaired, maintained or replaced by skilled personnel.

CAUTION!

- Do not operate the server for long periods with the access panel open or removed. Operating the server in this manner results in improper airflow and improper cooling that can lead to thermal damage.
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

CAUTION!

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced incorrectly or with an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

CAUTION!

ESD CAN DAMAGE DRIVES, BOARDS, AND OTHER PARTS. WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU PERFORM ALL PROCEDURES AT AN ESD WORKSTATION. IF ONE IS NOT AVAILABLE, PROVIDE SOME ESD PROTECTION BY WEARING AN ANTI-STATIC WRIST STRAP ATTACHED TO CHASSIS GROUND -- ANY UNPAINTED METAL SURFACE -- ON YOUR SERVER WHEN HANDLING PARTS.

Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to ESD. Hold boards only by their edges without any component and pin touching. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

System power on/off: To remove power from system, you must remove the system from rack. Make sure the system is removed from the rack before opening the chassis, adding, or removing any non hot-plug components.

Hazardous conditions, devices and cables: Hazardous electrical conditions may be present on power, telephone, and communication cables. Turn off the system and disconnect the cables attached to the system before servicing it. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage can result.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) and ESD protection: ESD can damage drives, boards, and other parts. We recommend that you perform all procedures in this chapter only at an ESD workstation. If one is not available, provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground (any unpainted metal surface on the server) when handling parts.

ESD and handling boards: Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Hold boards only by their edges. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

Installing or removing jumpers: A jumper is a small plastic encased conductor that slips over two jumper pins. Some jumpers have a small tab on top that can be gripped with fingertips or with a pair of fine needle nosed pliers. If the jumpers do not have such a tab, take care when using needle nosed pliers to remove or install a jumper; grip the narrow sides of the jumper with the pliers, never the wide sides. Gripping the wide sides can dam-age the contacts inside the jumper, causing intermittent problems with the function con-trolled by that jumper. Take care to grip with, but not squeeze, the pliers or other tool used to remove a jumper, or the pins on the board may bend or break.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard/system contain numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the service guide and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

1-2 Product Specifications

NOTE:

We reserve the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.

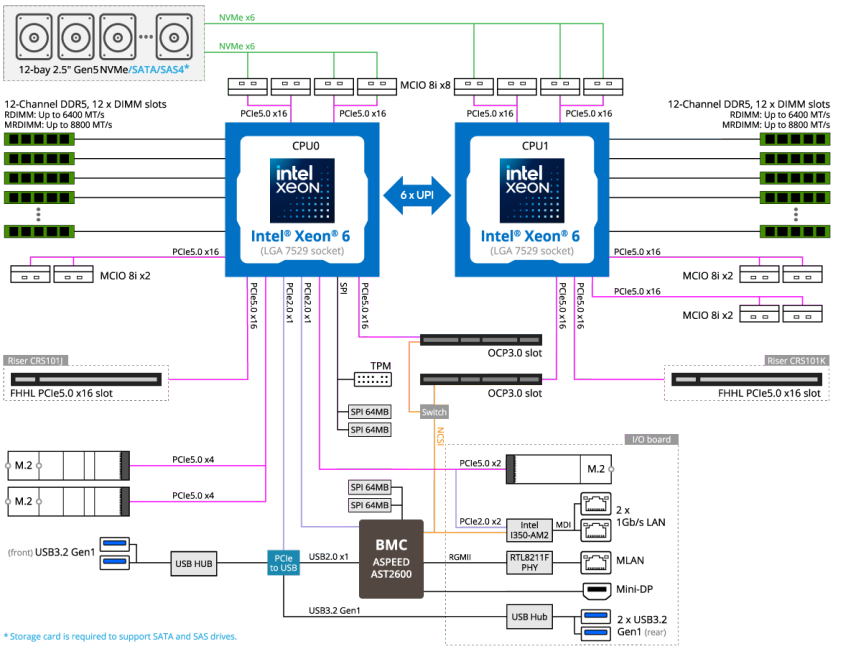
System Dimension	◆ 1U ◆ 438mm (W) x 43.5mm (H) x 815mm (D)
CPU	◆ Intel® Xeon® 6 Processors - Intel® Xeon® 6900-Series Processors ◆ Dual processor, TDP up to 500W [Note] If only 1 CPU is installed, some PCIe or memory functions might be unavailable.
Socket	◆ 2 x LGA 7529 ◆ Socket BR
Chipset	◆ System on Chip
Security	◆ UEFI Secure Boot ◆ Silicon root of trust (Option) ◆ SNMP Support: V3
Memory	◆ 24 x DIMM slots ◆ DDR5 memory supported ◆ 12-Channel memory architecture ◆ MRDIMM supported [1] ◆ RDIMM: Up to 6400 MT/s ◆ MRDIMM: Up to 8800 MT/s [1] MRDIMMs are only supported with Intel® Xeon® 6 Processors with P-cores.
LAN	**Rear (I/O board - CDCR010):** ◆ 2 x 1Gb/s LAN ports (1 x Intel® I350-AM2) - Support NCSI function ◆ 1 x 10/100/1000 Mbps Management LAN
Video	◆ Integrated in Aspeed® AST2600 - 1 x Mini-DP
Storage	**Front hot-swap:** ◆ 12 x 2.5" Gen5 NVMe/**SATA/SAS-4** [1] - (6 x NVMe from CPU_0, 6 x NVMe from CPU_1) **Internal M.2:** ◆ 2 x M.2 (2280/22110), PCIe Gen5 x4, from CPU_0 **Internal M.2 (I/O board - CDCR010):** ◆ 1 x M.2 (2280), PCIe Gen5 x2, from CPU_0 [1] Storage card is required to support SATA and SAS drives.

SAS	◆ Require SAS add-in cards
RAID	◆ Require RAID add-in cards ◆ Onboard VROC key header
Expansion Slot	◆ **Riser Card CRS101J:** - 1 x FHHL x16 (Gen5 x16), from CPU_0 ◆ **Riser Card CRS101K:** - 1 x FHHL x16 (Gen5 x16), from CPU_1 ◆ 1 x OCP NIC 3.0 (Gen5 x16), from CPU_0 - Supports NCSI function ◆ 1 x OCP NIC 3.0 (Gen5 x16), from CPU_1 - Supports NCSI function
Front I/O	◆ 1 x USB 3.2 Gen1 port (Type-A) ◆ 1 x Power button with LED ◆ 1 x ID button with LED ◆ 1 x Reset button ◆ 2 x LAN activity LEDs ◆ 1 x Storage activity LED ◆ 1 x System status LED
Rear I/O	◆ **I/O board - CDCR010:** - 2 x USB 3.2 Gen1 ports (Type-A) - 1 x Mini-DP - 2 x RJ45 ports - 1 x MLAN port - 1 x ID LED
Backplane Board	◆ Speed and bandwidth: PCIe Gen5 x4 or SATA 6Gb/s or SAS-4 24Gb/s
Security Modules	◆ 1 x TPM header with SPI interface - **Optional** TPM2.0 kit: CTM012 ◆ 1 x PRoT connector **(only enabled on RoT SKU)**

Power Supply	◆	2 x 2000W 80 PLUS Titanium redundant power supply
	◆	AC Input: - 100-127V~/ 13A, 50-60Hz - 200-220V~/ 10A, 50-60Hz - 220-240V~/ 10A, 50-60Hz
	◆	DC Input: (Only for China) - 240Vdc/ 10A
	◆	DC Output: - Max 1000W/ 100-127V~ +12.2V/ 82A +12.2Vsb/ 3A - Max 1800W/ 200-220V~ +12.2V/ 148A +12.2Vsb/ 3A - Max 2000W/ 220-240V~ or 240Vdc Input +12.2V/ 164A +12.2Vsb/ 3A
		[Note] GIGABYTE offers PSUs with various efficiency ratings and power outputs. Full redundancy may depend on your server configuration, and alternative PSU options may be needed. Please contact our sales representatives for the best power solution.

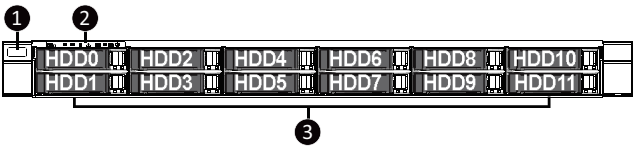
	System Management	◆ Aspeed® AST2600 Baseboard Management Controller ◆ GIGABYTE Management Console web interface ◆ Dashboard ◆ HTML5 KVM ◆ Sensor Monitor (Voltage, RPM, Temperature, CPU Status …etc.) ◆ Sensor Reading History Data ◆ FRU Information ◆ SEL Log in Linear Storage / Circular Storage Policy ◆ Hardware Inventory ◆ Fan Profile ◆ System Firewall ◆ Power Consumption ◆ Power Control ◆ Advanced power capping ◆ LDAP / AD / RADIUS Support ◆ Backup & Restore Configuration ◆ Remote BIOS/BMC/CPLD Update ◆ Event Log Filter ◆ User Management ◆ Media Redirection Settings ◆ PAM Order Settings ◆ SSL Settings ◆ SMTP Settings
	Operating Properties	◆ Operating temperature: 10°C to 35°C ◆ Operating humidity: 8%-80% (non-condensing) ◆ Non-operating temperature: -40°C to 60°C ◆ Non-operating humidity: 20%-95% (non-condensing)

1-3 System Block Diagram



Chapter 2 System Appearance

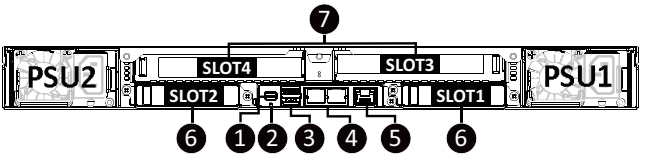
2-1 Front View



No.	Description
1.	Front USB 3.2 Gen1 Port
2.	Front Panel LEDs and Buttons
3.	2.5" Drive Bays
NOTE! Drives with green latches support NVMe.	

- Please Go to Chapter **2-3 Front Panel LED and Buttons** for detail description of function LEDs.

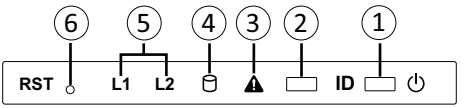
2-2 Rear View



No.	Description
1.	Mini DisplayPort
2.	ID LED
3.	USB 3.2 Gen1 Port x 2
4.	Data LAN Port x 2
5.	Management LAN Port
6.	OCP 3.0 Slot (Option/SFF)
7.	PCIe Card Slot

- Remove the LAN Cable. See 3-12 Removing the LAN Cable on page 39.

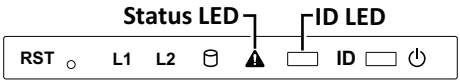
2-3 Front Panel LEDs and Buttons



No.	Name	Color	Status	Description
1.	Power button with LED	Green	On	System is powered on
		N/A	Off	System is not powered on or in ACPI S5 state (power off)
2.	ID Button(Note)			Press the button to activate system identification
3.	System Status LED(Note)	Green	On	System is operating normally.
		Amber	On	Critical condition, may indicate: System fan failure System temperature
			Blink	Non-critical condition, may indicate: Redundant power module failure Temperature and voltage issue Chassis intrusion
		N/A	Off	System is not ready, may indicate: POST error NMI error Processor or terminator missing
4.	HDD Status LED	Green	On	HDD locate
			Blink	HDD access
		Amber	On	HDD fault
		Green/ Amber	Blink	HDD rebuilding
		N/A	Off	No HDD access or no HDD fault.
5.	LAN 1/2 Active/Link LEDs	Green	On	Link between system and network or no access.
		Green	Blink	Data transmission or receiving is occuring
		N/A	Off	No data transmission or receiving is occuring
6.	Reset Button			Press the button to reset the system.

(Note) If your server features RoT function, please see the following section for detail LED behavior.

2-3-1 RoT LEDs



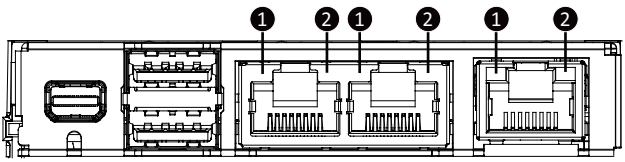
State	LED on Front Panel		LED on PRoT Module
	ID LED	Status LED	Live LED
AST1060 FW Active Authentication fail			
AST1060 : Recovering active region	4Hz	Green and Amber Blink alternately at 4Hz [Green, Amber, Green, Amber, and so on]	4Hz
AST1060 FW Active and Recovery Authentication fail			
Endless attempts to boot from active or recovery.	On	Off	Off
Authenticating BMC/BIOS Images			
Authenticating Images	Off	Off	2Hz
BMC/BIOS Images Authentication Pass			
BMC : Authentication pass **BIOS :** Authentication pass	Off	Off	0.5Hz

State	LED on Front Panel		LED on PRoT Module
	ID LED	Status LED	Live LED
Recovering BMC/BIOS Images			
BMC : Recovering active region	4Hz	Green Blink at 4Hz	4Hz
BIOS : Recovering active region	4Hz	Amber Blink at 4Hz	4Hz
BMC : Recovering recovery region (If the staging region exists)	4Hz	Green On	4Hz
BIOS : Recovering recovery region (If the staging region exists)	4Hz	Amber On	4Hz
BMC/BIOS Images Active and Recovery region Authentication Fail			
BMC : Active and Recovery authentication fail	On	Green On	2Hz
BIOS : Active and Recovery authentication fail	On	Amber On	2Hz

NOTE!

1. When the BMC/BIOS starts, the LEDs will be controlled by the BMC/BIOS.

2-4 Rear System LAN LEDs

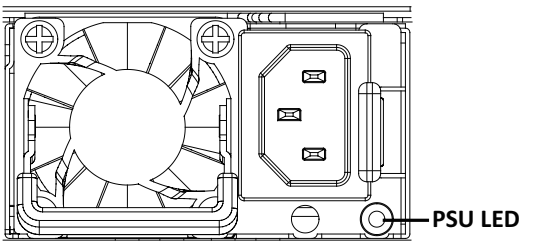


No.	Name	Color	Status	Description
1.	1GbE Speed LED	Yellow	On	1 Gbps data rate
		Green	On	100 Mbps data rate
		N/A	Off	10 Mbps data rate
2.	1GbE Link/ Activity LED	Green	On	Link between system and network or no access
			Blink	Data transmission or receiving is occurring
		N/A	Off	No data transmission or receiving is occurring

2-5 Power Supply Unit (PSU) LED

NOTE!

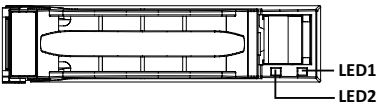
The power supply may be vary based on the system configuration.



State	Description
OFF	No AC power to all power supplies
1Hz Green Blinking	AC present / only standby on / Cold redundant mode
2Hz Green Blinking	Power supply firmware updating mode
Amber	AC cord unplugged or AC power lost; with a second power supply in parallel still with AC input power
	Power supply critical event causing shut down: failure, OCP, OVP, fan failure and UVP
1Hz Amber Blinking	Power supply warning events where the power supply continues to operate: high temp, high power, high current and slow fan

2-6 Hard Disk Drive LEDs

2.5" Drives



RAID SKU		LED1	Locate	HDD Fault	Rebuilding	HDD Access	HDD Present (No Access)
No RAID configuration (via PCH, HBA)	Disk LED (LED on Back Panel)	Green	ON(*1)	OFF		BLINK (*2)	OFF
		Amber	OFF	OFF		OFF	OFF
	Removed HDD Slot (LED on Back Panel)	Green	ON(*1)	OFF		--	--
		Amber	OFF	OFF		--	--
RAID configuration (via HW RAID Card or SW RAID Card)	Disk LED	Green	ON	OFF		BLINK (*2)	OFF
		Amber	OFF	ON	(Low Speed: 2 Hz)	OFF	OFF
	Removed HDD Slot	Green	ON(*1)	OFF	(*3)	--	--
		Amber	OFF	ON	(*3)	--	--

LED 2	HDD Present	No HDD
Green	ON	OFF

NOTE:

*1: Depends on HBA/Utility Spec.

*2: Blink cycle depends on HDD's activity signal.

*3: If HDD is pulled out during rebuilding, the disk status of this HDD is regarded as faulty.

Chapter 3 System Hardware Installation

Pre-installation Instructions

Computer components and electronic circuit boards can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Working on computers that are still connected to a power supply can be extremely dangerous. Follow the simple guidelines below to avoid damage to your computer or injury to yourself.

- Always disconnect the computer from the power outlet whenever you are working inside the computer case.
- If possible, wear a grounded wrist strap when you are working inside the computer case. Alternatively, discharge any static electricity by touching the bare metal system of the computer case, or the bare metal body of any other grounded appliance.
- Hold electronic circuit boards by the edges only. Do not touch the components on the board unless it is necessary to do so. Do not flex or stress the circuit board.
- Leave all components inside the static-proof packaging until you are ready to use the component for the installation.

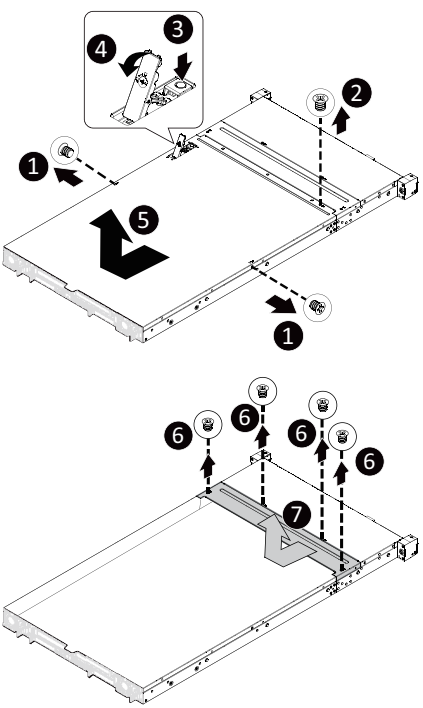
3-1 Removing Chassis Cover

Before you remove or install the system cover

- Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power.

Follow these instructions to remove the chassis cover:

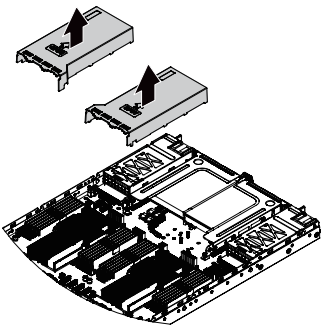
1. Remove the screws on both sides of the back chassis cover. (**Note: For safe shipping, installation screws are added and should be removed before deployment/putting it in the server cabinet.**)
2. Remove the screw securing the back chassis cover.
3. Push button to unlock the handle.
4. Pull the grip handle to open the panel cover.
5. Slide the back chassis cover towards the rear and remove the chassis cover in the direction indicated.
6. Remove the screw securing the middle chassis cover.
7. Slide the middle chassis cover towards the rear and remove the chassis cover in the direction indicated.
8. To reinstall the chassis cover reverse steps 2-7.



3-2 Removing and Installing the Fan Duct

Follow these instructions to remove/install the fan duct:

1. Lift up to remove the fan duct
2. To install the fan duct, align the fan duct with the guiding groove. Push down the fan duct into chassis until it is firmly seated.



3-3 Removing and installing the Heat Sink

Read the following guidelines before you begin to remove/install the heat sink:

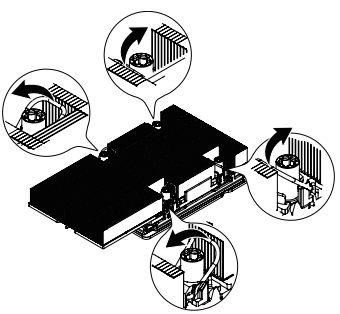
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the heat sink to prevent hardware damage.
- Unplug all cables from the power outlets.
- Disconnect all telecommunication cables from their ports.
- Place the system unit on a flat and stable surface.
- Open the system according to the instructions.

WARNING!

Failure to turn off the server before you start installing components may cause serious damage. Do not attempt the procedures described in the following sections unless you are a qualified service technician.

Follow these instructions to remove/install the heat sink:

1. Loosen the captive screws securing the heat sink in place in reverse order (4→3→2→1).
2. Move the rotating wires into the unlatch position.
3. Lift and remove the heat sink from the system.
4. To reinstall the heat sink reverse steps 1-3 while ensuring that you tighten the captive screws in sequential order (1→2→3→4).



- When installing the Heatsink to CPU, use T30-Lobe driver to tighten 4 captive nuts in sequence as 1-4. Please refer to the Heatsink Label for the screw tightening torque value.
- To ensure the system operates properly, make sure the heat sink is seated on the processor firmly.

3-4 Installing the CPU

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

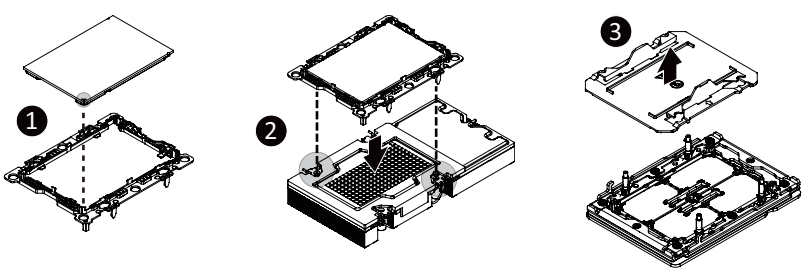
- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Unplug all cables from the power outlets.
- Disconnect all telecommunication cables from their ports.
- Place the system unit on a flat and stable surface.
- Open the system according to the instructions.

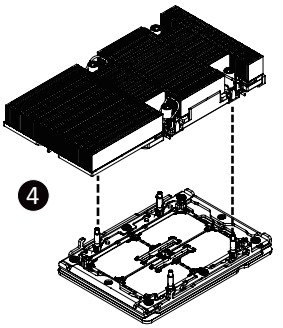
WARNING!

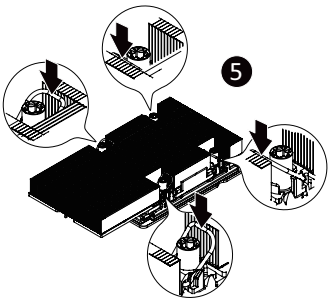
Failure to properly turn off the server before you start installing components may cause serious damage. Do not attempt the procedures described in the following sections unless you are a qualified service technician.

Follow these instructions to Install the CPU:

1. Align and install the processor on the carrier.
   NOTE: Apply thermal compound evenly on the top of the CPU. Remove the protective cover from the underside of the heat sink.
2. Carefully flip the heat sink cover. Then install the carrier assembly on the bottom of the heat sink and make sure the gold arrow is located in the correct direction.
3. Remove the CPU cover.
   NOTE: Save the CPU cover in the event that you need to remove the CPU from the socket.
4. Align the heat sink with the CPU socket by the guide pins and make sure the gold arrow is located in the correct direction. Then place the heat sink onto the top of the CPU socket.
5. Position the rotating wires into the latch position. Tighten the screws in sequential order (1→2→3→4).
   NOTE: When dissembling the heat sink, loosen the screws in reverse order (4→3→2→1) and then move the rotating wires into the unlatch position.







NOTE!

- When installing the Heatsink to CPU, use T30-Lobe driver to tighten 4 captive nuts in sequence as 1-4.
- Please refer to the Heatsink Label for the screw tightening torque value.

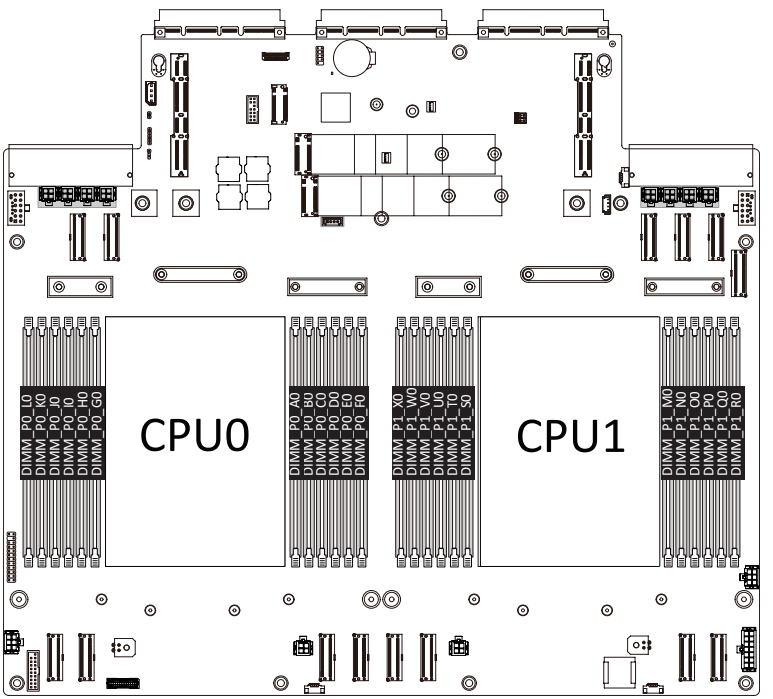
3-5 Installing the Memory

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

3-5-1 Twelve Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides 24 DDR5 memory slots and supports 12-Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory.



3-5-2 Installing the Memory

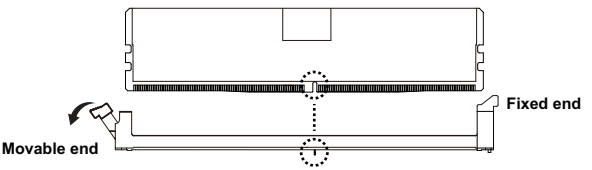
Before installing a memory module, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module.

Be sure to install DDR5 DIMMs on this motherboard.

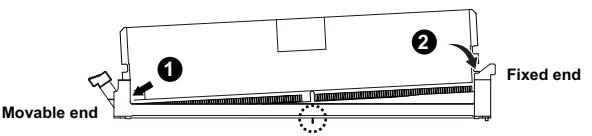
Make sure your DIMM slots have a single latch or a double latch.

Follow these instructions to install a DIMM module with Single Latch :

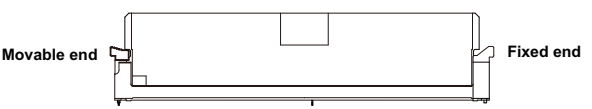
1. Open the plastic latch of the memory slot, then place the memory module as pre-inserted vertically position.



2. Hold it with both hands, insert the memory module into the movable end first, and then insert the memory module into the fixed end.



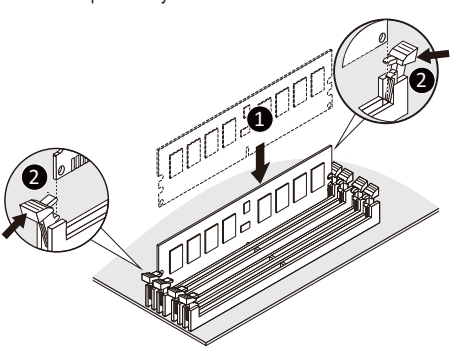
3. Then use both hands to insert the memory module vertically into the DIMM slot and push it down. Close the plastic latch at the edge of the DIMM slots to lock the memory module.



4. Reverse the installation steps when you want to remove the memory module.

Follow these instructions to install a DIMM module with Double Latch:

1. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot and push it down.
2. Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM slots to lock the DIMM module.
3. Reverse the installation steps when you want to remove the DIMM module.



3-5-3 DIMM Population Table

Intel Xeon 6900E-Series Memory Support

Type	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIMM Capacity (GB)			Channel Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); Slots per Channel (SPC) & DIMMs per Channel (DPC)
		DRAM Density			1DPC/2SPC
		16Gb	24Gb	32Gb	1.1V
RDIMM	1Rx4	32GB	48GB		6400, 6000, 5600,5200, 4800 (DDR5-6400 rated RDIMMS only)
	2Rx4	64GB	96GB	128GB	
RDIMM 3DS	8Rx4	256GB			

Intel Xeon 6900E-Series CXL Memory Support

Native DDR5 Memory Per Socket				CXL Memory Per Socket				
Slot 0 DIMM Ranks	Slot 0 DIMM Capacity (GB)	DIMM Type	DRAM Density (Gb)	CXL Memory Channels	CXL Memory Type	CXL Capacity Per Device/ Module	CXL Interleave	CXL Mode
2Rx4	64	10x4	16	1+1	DDR5 x16	2ch 64 GB	Hetero x 16	Hetero
1Rx4	32	10x4	16	1+1+1	DDR5 x16	2ch 64 GB	1x3 (BIOS)	1LM+Intel® Flat Memory Mode

NOTE:

- Intel Xeon 6900E-series CXL memory configs are 1DPC only for native DDR5
- CXL Memory Channel notation: # of devices per root port, with root ports separated by "+". i.e. 2+2+2+2 = four root ports populated with two devices per root port
- CXL Interleave notation: sets x ways. i.e. 2x4 = two sets of four-way interleaves
- CXL Modes:
  - 1LM+Vol = DDR5 and CXL memory visible to SW as separate tiers, separately interleaved
  - Hetero = DDR5 and CXL memory interleaved together in one 16-way set
  - Flat2LM = HW manages data movement between DDR5 and CXL memory, total capacity visible to SW

Intel Xeon 6900P-Series Memory Support

Type	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIMM Capacity (GB)			Channel Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); Slots per Channel (SPC) & DIMMs per Channel Density (DPC)
		DRAM Density			1DPC/1SPC
		16Gb	24Gb	32Gb	1.1V
RDIMM	1Rx4	32GB	48GB		6400, 6000, 5600, 5200, 4800 (DDR5-6400 rated RDIMMS only)
	2Rx8	32GB	48GB		
	2Rx4	64GB	96GB	128GB	
RDIMM 3DS	8Rx4	256GB			
MRDIMM	2Rx8	32GB			8800, 8000, 7200 (MRDIMM-8800 only)
	2Rx4	64GB	48GB		
	4Rx8	64GB	96GB	128GB	
	4Rx4 (2U)	128GB	96GB		
	4Rx4 (2U)			256GB	

Intel Xeon 6900P-Series CXL Memory Support

Native DDR5 Memory Per Socket				CXL Memory Per Socket				
Slot0 DIMM Ranks	Slot0 DIMM Capacity (GB)	DIMM Type	DRAM Density (Gb)	CXL Memory Channels	CXL Memory Type	CXL Capacity Per Device/ Module	CXL Interleave	CXL Mode
2Rx4	64	10x4	16	1+1	DDR5 x16	2ch 64 GB	hetero x16	Hetero
2Rx4	64	10x4	16	2+2+2+2	DDR5 x8	64 GB	1x8*, 2x4, 4x2	1LM+Vol
2Rx4	64	10x4	16	1+1+1	DDR4 x8	128 GB	1x3 (BIOS)	1LM+Intel® Flat Memory Mode

NOTE:

- Intel Xeon 6900P-series processors CXL memory configs are 1DPC only ('Slot 0') for native DDR5
- CXL Memory Channel notation: # of devices per root port, with root ports separated by "+". i.e. 2+2+2+2 = four root ports populated with two devices per root port
- CXL Interleave notation: sets x ways. i.e. 2x4 = Set of two modules, interleaved four-way
- CXL Modes:
  - 1LM+Vol = Native DDR5 ('1LM') and (volatile) CXL memory visible to SW as separate tiers, separately interleaved
  - Hetero x16 = DDR5 and (volatile) CXL memory interleaved together in one 16-way set (See graphic in next slide)
  - Flat Memory Mode = HW manages data movement between DDR5 and CXL memory, total capacity visible to SW

3-5-4 Processor and Memory Module Matrix Table

Memory Q'ty for each CPU	CPU0												CPU1											
	L0	K0	J0	I0	H0	G0	A0	B0	C0	D0	E0	F0	X0	W0	V0	U0	T0	S0	M0	N0	O0	P0	Q0	R0
1 DIMM							v											v						
8 DIMM	v	v	v	v					v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v					v	v	v	v
		v	v		v	v	v	v		v	v			v	v		v	v	v	v		v	v	
	v			v	v	v	v	v	v			v	v			v	v	v	v	v	v			v
12 DIMM	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v

3-6 Installing the PCI Expansion Card

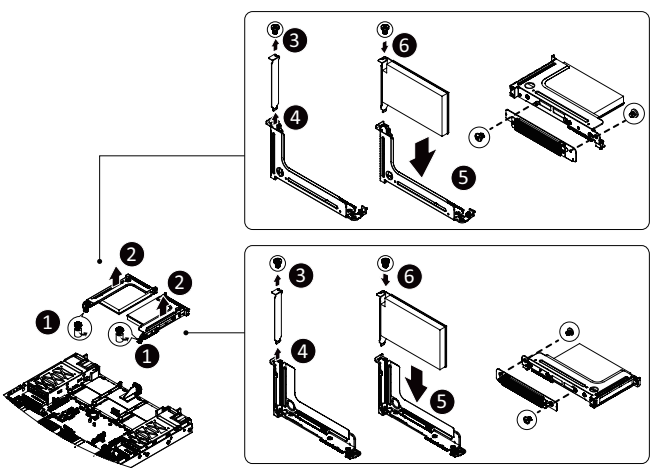
- Voltages can be present within the server whenever an AC power source is connected. This voltage is present even when the main power switch is in the off position. Ensure that the system is powered-down and all power sources have been disconnected from the server prior to installing a PCIe card.

Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

- The PCIe riser assembly does not include a riser card or any cabling as standard. To install a PCIe card, a riser card must be installed.

Follow these instructions for a PCI Expansion card:

1. Loosen the thumbscrew securing the riser bracket.
2. Lift up the riser bracket out of system.
3. Remove the screw securing the slot cover from the riser bracket.
4. Remove the slot covers from the riser bracket.
5. Orient the PCIe card with the riser guide slot and push in the direction of the arrow until the PCIe card sits in the PCIe card connector.
6. Secure the PCIe card with the screw.
7. Reverse the previous steps to install the riser bracket.



3-7 Installing the Mezzanine Card

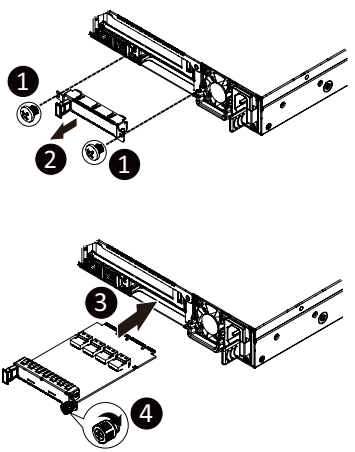
3-7-1 OCP 3.0

Use of the following type of OCP 3.0 NIC is recommended:

- OCP 3.0 SFF with Pull Tab
- OCP 3.0 SFF with Ejector Latch

Follow these instructions to install an OCP 3.0 mezzanine card:

1. Remove the two screws securing the mezzanine card slot cover.
2. Remove the slot cover from the system.
3. Insert the OCP 3.0 mezzanine card into the card slot ensuring that the card is firmly connected to the connector on the motherboard.
4. Tighten the thumbnail screw to secure the OCP 3.0 mezzanine card in place.
5. Reverse the previous steps to replace the OCP 3.0 mezzanine card.



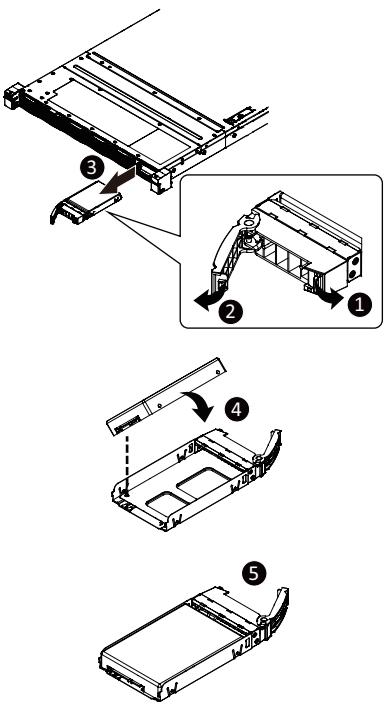
3-8 Installing the Hard Disk Drive

Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the HDD:

- Take note of the drive tray orientation before sliding it out.
- The tray will not fit back into the bay if inserted incorrectly.
- Make sure that the HDD is connected to the HDD connector on the backplane.

Follow these instructions to install a 2.5" HDD:

1. Press the release button.
2. Extend the locking lever.
3. Pull the locking lever in the direction indicated to remove the HDD tray.
4. Align the hard disk drive with the positioning stud on the HDD tray.
5. Slide the hard disk drive into the HDD tray.
6. Reinsert the HDD tray into the slot and close the locking lever.



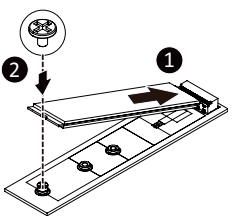
3-9 Installing the M.2 Device and Heat Sink

CAUTION

The position of the stand-off screw will depend on the size of the M.2 device. The stand-off screw is pre-installed for 22110 cards as standard. Refer to the size of the M.2 device and change the position of the stand-off screw accordingly.

Follow these instructions to install the M.2 device:

1. Insert the M.2 SSD module into the slot.
2. Secure it with the screw, tightening as necessary to fasten the M.2 SSD module in place.



3-9-1 M.2 device with Heatsink

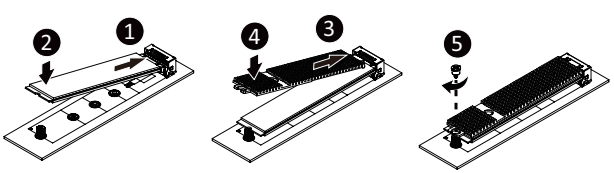
WARNING:

Please ensure a heatsink is attached to any M.2 device installed into the system. Installing an M.2 device without any heatsink may result in the system overheating or system performance being throttled.

- Please Go to 4-1 Motherboard Component for specific M.2 Slot location.
- To install/remove the M.2 module and Heatsink use a No. 1 Phillips-head screwdriver with a screw torque of 1.5 ± 0.2 kgf*cm

Follow these instructions to install the M.2 device and heat sink:

1. Insert the M.2 device into the M.2 connector.
2. Press down on the M.2 device.
3. Install the thermal pad of the M.2 device to the M.2 device.
4. Press down on the thermal pad.
5. Secure the M.2 device and its thermal pad to the motherboard with a single screw.
6. Reverse steps 1-2 to remove the M.2 device.

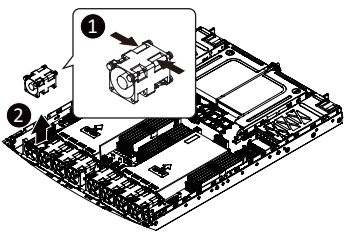


3-10 Replacing the Fan Assembly

- Voltages can be present within the server whenever an AC power source is connected. This voltage is present even when the main power switch is in the off position. Ensure that the system is powered-down and all power sources have been disconnected from the server prior to replacing a system fan.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

Follow these instructions to replace the fan assembly:

1. Lift up the fan assembly from the chassis.
2. Reverse the previous steps to install the replacement fan assembly.



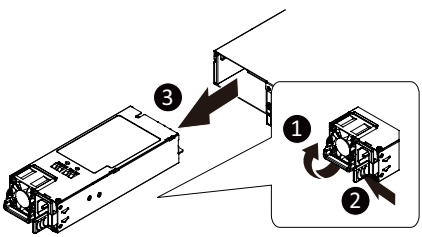
3-11 Replacing the Power Supply

CAUTION!

- In order to reduce the risk of injury from electric shock, disconnect AC power from the power supply before removing the power supply from the system

Follow these instructions to replace the power supply:

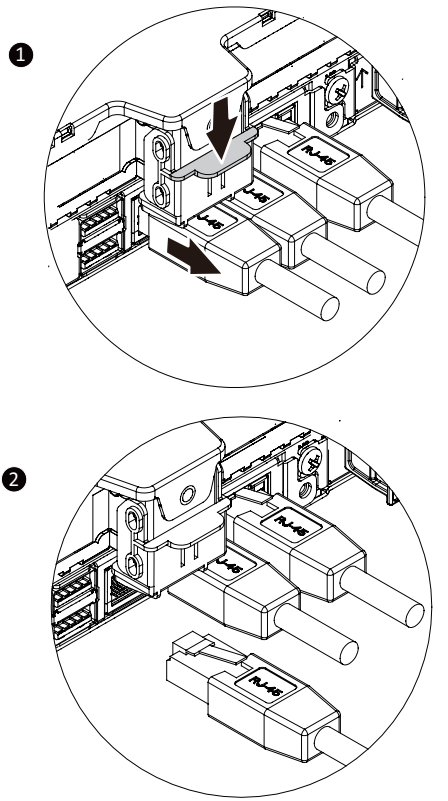
1. Flip and then grasp the power supply handle.
2. Press the retaining clip on the top side of the power supply in the direction indicated.
3. Pull out the power supply using the handle.
4. Insert the replacement power supply firmly into the chassis. Connect the AC power cord to the replacement power supply.



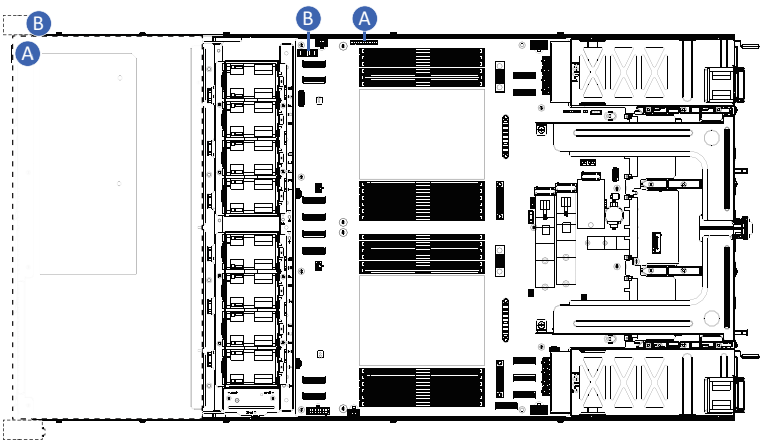
3-12 Removing the LAN Cable

Follow these instructions to remove the LAN cable:

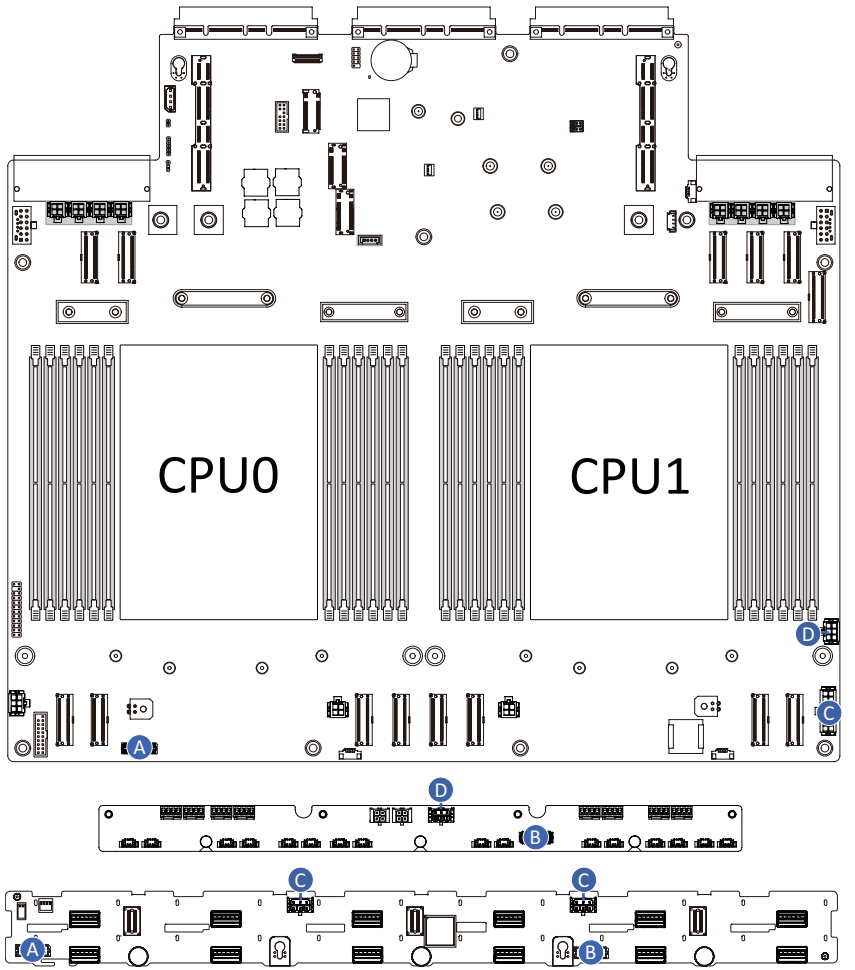
1. Press the release latch while simultaneously pulling out the LAN cable.



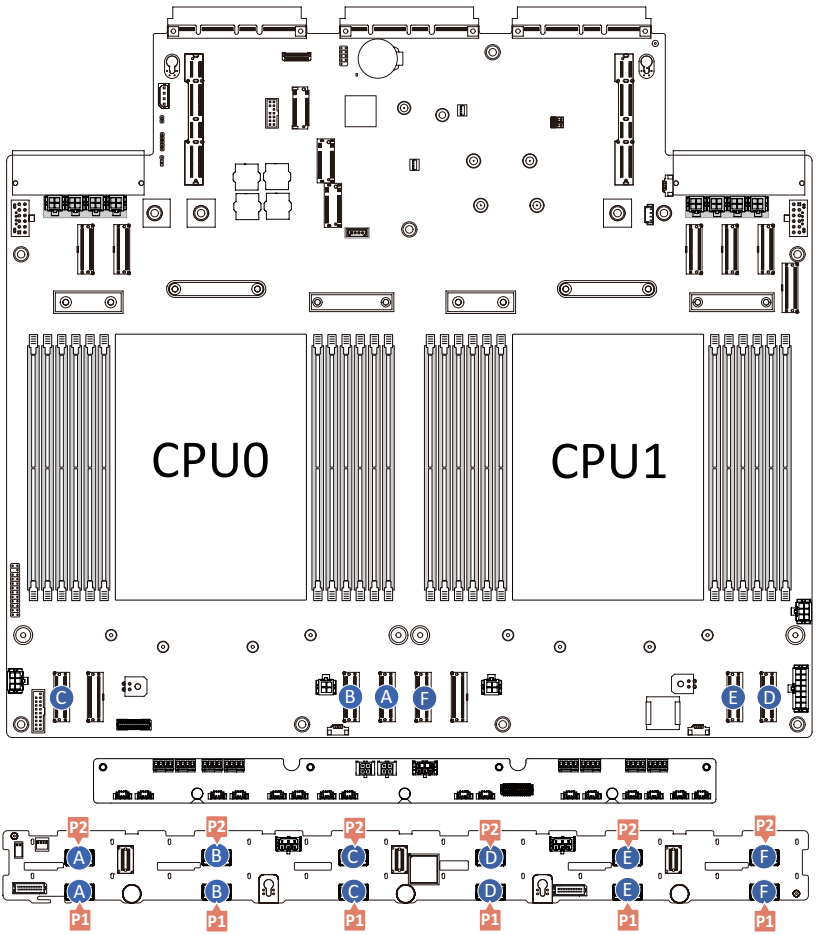
3-13 Cable Routing



A	Front Switch/LED Cable	Motherboard: FP_1
		Front IO Board: FP_1
B	Front USB 3 Cable	Motherboard: F_USB1
		--



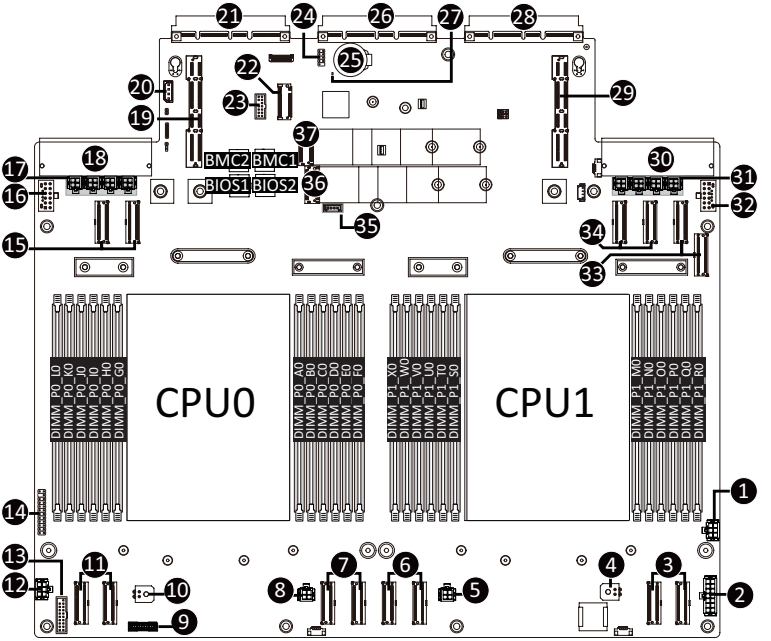
A	Backplane Board Signal Cable	Motherboard: BP_1	C	Backplane Board Power Cable	Motherboard: ATX1
		Backplane Board: BP_1			Backplane Board: ATX1/ ATX2
B	Backplane Board Signal Cable	Fan Board: BP_1	D	Fan Board Power Cable	Motherboard: ATX3
		Backplane Board: BP_SERIES			Fan Board: ATX1



A	NVMe 0-1 Cable	Motherboard: U2_P0_4AC Backplane Board: U.2 0/ U.2 1	D	NVMe 6-7 Cable	Motherboard: U2_P1_4AC Backplane Board: U.2 6/ U.2 7
B	NVMe 2-3 Cable	Motherboard: U2_P0_4EG Backplane Board: U.2 2/ U.2 3	E	NVMe 8-9 Cable	Motherboard: U2_P1_4EG Backplane Board: U.2 8/ U.2 9
C	NVMe 4-5 Cable	Motherboard: U2_P0_5AC Backplane Board: U.2 4/ U.2 5	F	NVMe 10-11 Cable	Motherboard: U2_P1_5AC Backplane Board: U.2 10/ U.2 11

Chapter 4 Motherboard Components

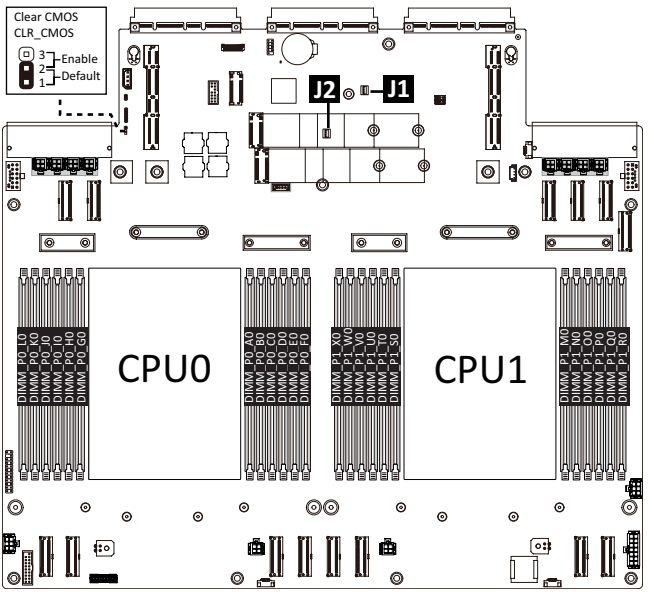
4-1 Motherboard Components



Item	Description
1	2 x 3 Pin ATX Power Connector (ATX3)
2	2 x 7 Pin ATX Power Connector (ATX1)
3	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_4EG/4AC/PCIe Gen5)
4	P12V Fan Power Connector (P12V_FAN4)
5	P12V Fan Power Connector (P12V_FAN3)
6	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_5AC/5EG/PCIe Gen5)
7	MCIO Connector (U2_P0_4EG/4AC/PCIe Gen5)
8	P12V Fan Power Connector (P12V_FAN2)
9	HDD Backplane Board Connector
10	P12V Fan Power Connector (P12V_FAN1)
11	MCIO Connector (U2_P0_5AC/5EG/PCIe Gen5)
12	2 x 3 Pin ATX Power Connector (ATX2)
13	Front Panel USB 3.2 Gen1 Connector
14	Front Panel Connector
15	MCIO Connector (U2_P0_3EG/3CA/PCIe Gen5)
16	P12V GPU Power Connector (P12V_S6)
17	PCIe Power Connector (PCIE1/2/3/4_PWR)
18	Power Supply Connector#1 (Primary)
19	Riser Connector (GENZ1/PCIe Gen5)
20	IPMB Connector
21	OCP 3.0 Connector (OCP1/PCIe Gen5 x16)

Item	Description
22	PRoT Module Connector (M.2 M-Key/only enabled on RoT SKU)
23	TPM Module Connector (SPI Interface)
24	Serial port cable connector
25	System Battey Socket
26	IO Card Connector
27	BMC Readiness LED
28	OCP 3.0 Connector (OCP2/PCIe Gen5 x16)
29	Riser Connector (GENZ2/PCIe Gen5)
30	Power Supply Connector#2 (Secondary)
31	PCIe Power Connector (PCIE5/6/7/8_PWR/for GENZ2)
32	P12V GPU Power Connector (P12V_S11)
33	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_0AC/0EG/PCIe Gen5)
34	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_2CA/2GE/PCIe Gen5)
35	VROC Module Connector
36	M.2 Slot (PCIe Gen5 x4, NGFF-22110/Supports heatsink)
37	M.2 Slot (PCIe Gen5 x4, NGFF-22110/Supports heatsink)

4-2 Jumper Setting

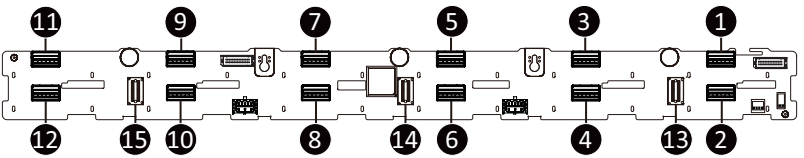


J1		ON	OFF
1	S3_MASK	Stop initial power on when BMC is not ready	Normal [Default]
2	BIOS_RCVR	BIOS Recovery Mode	Normal [Default]
3	BIOS_PWD	Clear Supervisor Password	Normal [Default]
4	RST BMC_EN	ID button to enable BMC reset	Normal [Default]

J2		
SW.1	SW.2	
ON	OFF	Slot#1 OCP3.0
ON	ON	Slot#2 OCP3.0
OFF	--	I/O Module

4-3 Backplane Board Storage Connector

4-3-1 CBP10C2



Item	Description
1.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_0)
2.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_1)
3.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_2)
4.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_3)
5.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_4)
6	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_5)
7.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_6)
8.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_7)
9.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_8)
10.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_9)
11.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_10)
12.	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA-1016 / U.2_11)
13.	SlimSAS 4i Connector (SFF-8654 / SL_SAS0)
14.	SlimSAS 4i Connector (SFF-8654 / SL_SAS1)
15.	SlimSAS 4i Connector (SFF-8654 / SL_SAS2)

Chapter 5 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the EFI on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters, loading the operating system etc. The BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <DEL> key during the POST when the power is turned on.

- BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter any problems when using the current BIOS version, it is recommended that you don't flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the **Exit** section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 4 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

<←><→>	Move the selection bar to select the screen
<↑><↓>	Move the selection bar to select an item
<+>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<->	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<Enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu
<Esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program Submenus: Exit current submenu
<F1>	Show descriptions of general help
<F3>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<F9>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<F10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program

- **Main**
  This setup page includes all the items of the standard compatible BIOS.
- **Advanced**
  This setup page includes all the items of AMI BIOS special enhanced features.
  (ex: Auto detect fan and temperature status, automatically configure hard disk parameters.)
- **Chipset**
  This setup page includes all the submenu options for configuring the functions of the Platform Controller Hub.
- **Server Management**
  Server additional features enabled/disabled setup menus.
- **Security**
  Change, set, or disable supervisor and user password. Configuration supervisor password allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup.
  A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.
  A user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.
- **Boot**
  This setup page provides items for configuration of the boot sequence.
- **Save & Exit**
  Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)
  Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

5-1 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter other sub-menu.

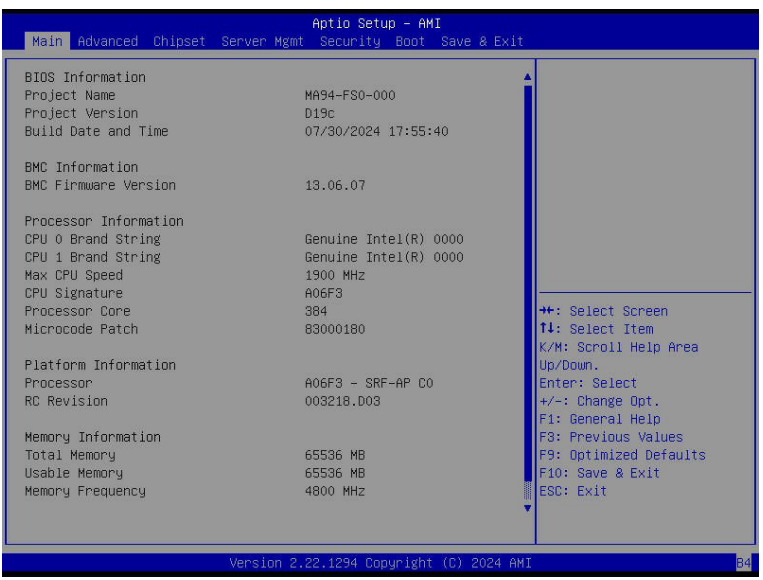
Main Menu Help

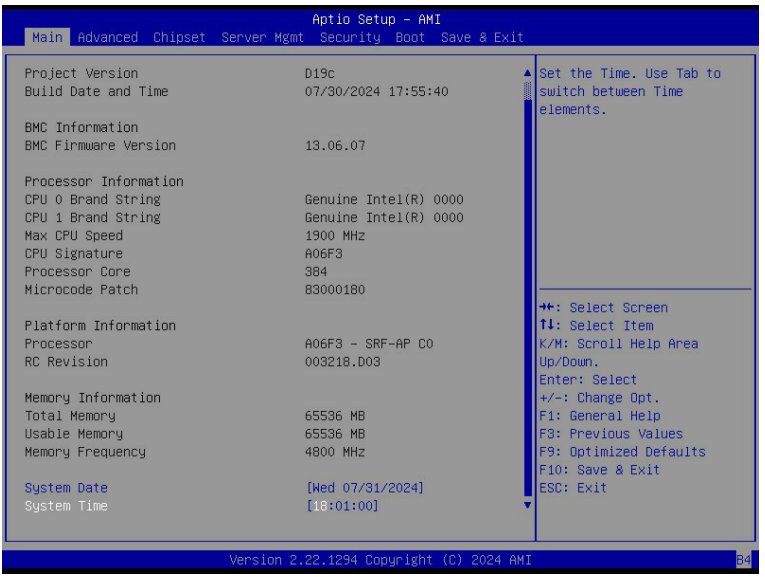
The on-screen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu.

Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.

- When the system is not stable as usual, select the **Restore Defaults** item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.





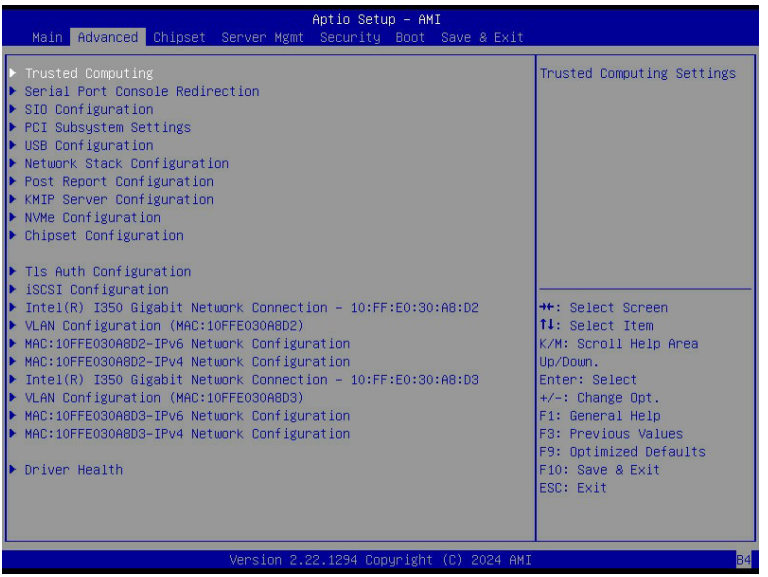
Parameter	Description
Project Name	Displays the project name information.
Project Version	Displays version number of the BIOS setup utility.
Build Date and Time	Displays the date and time when the BIOS setup utility was created.
BMC Information	
BMC Firmware Version	Displays BMC firmware version information.
Processor Information	
CPU Brand String/ Max CPU Speed / CPU Signature / Processor Core / Microcode Patch	Displays the technical information for the installed processor(s).
Platform Information	
Processor/RC Revision	Displays the information of the installed processor(s).
Memory Information(Note)	
Total Memory	Displays the total memory size of the installed memory.
Usable Memory	Displays the usable memory size of the installed memory.
Memory Frequency	Displays the installed memory frequency information.

(Note) This section will display capacity and frequency information of the memory that the customer has installed.

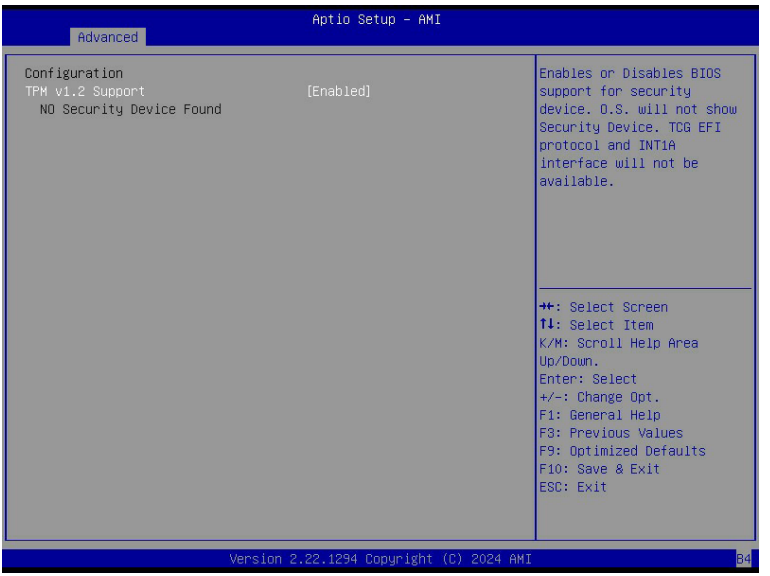
Parameter	Description
System Date	Sets the date following the weekday-month-day-year format.
System Time	Sets the system time following the hour-minute-second format.

5-2 Advanced Menu

The Advanced Menu displays submenu options for configuring the function of various hardware components. Select a submenu item, then press <Enter> to access the related submenu screen.

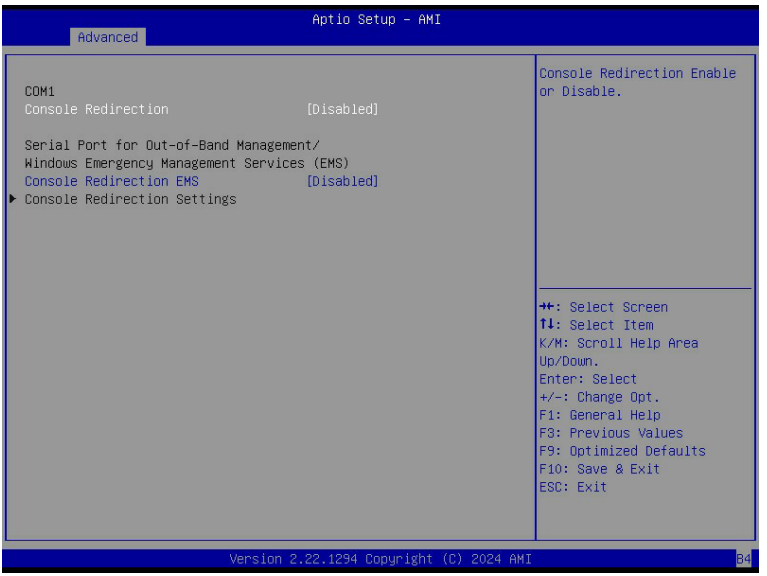


5-2-1 Trusted Computing



Parameter	Description
Configuration	
TPM v1.2 Support	Enable/Disable BIOS support for security device. OS will not show security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available. Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is **Enable**.

5-2-2 Serial Port Console Redirection



Parameter	Description
COM1 Console Redirection(Note)	Console redirection enables the users to manage the system from a remote location. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
COM1 Console Redirection Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. **Please note that this item is configurable when COM1 Console Redirection is set to Enabled.** ◆ Terminal Type – Selects a terminal type to be used for console redirection. – Options available: VT100, VT100PLUS, VT-UTF8, ANSI. Default setting is **VT100PLUS**. ◆ Bits per second – Selects the transfer rate for console redirection. – Options available: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200. Default setting is **115200**. ◆ Data Bits – Selects the number of data bits used for console redirection. – Options available: 7, 8. Default setting is **8**.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

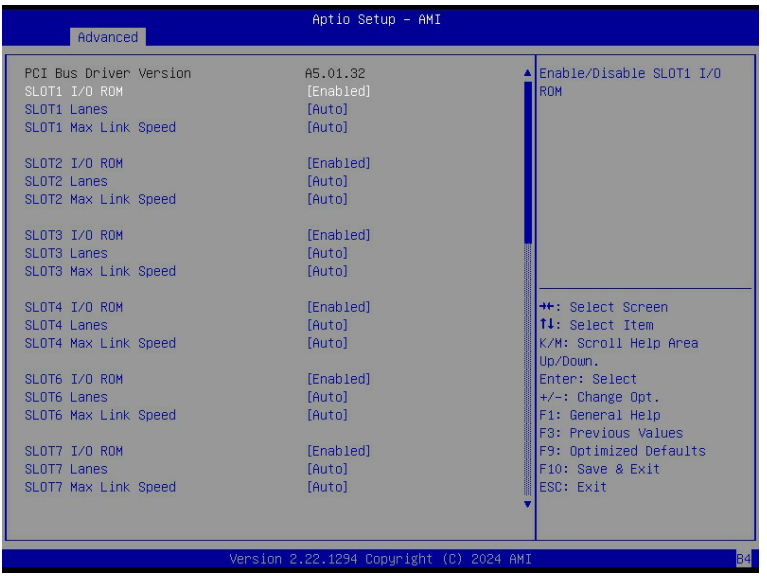
Parameter	Description
COM1 Console Redirection Settings (continued)	◆ Parity – A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. – Even: parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even. – Odd: parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd. – Mark: parity bit is always 1. Space: Parity bit is always 0. – Mark and Space Parity do not allow for error detection. – Options available: None, Even, Odd, Mark, Space. Default setting is **None**. ◆ Stop Bits – Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning). The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit. – Options available: 1, 2. Default setting is **1**. ◆ Flow Control – Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals. – Options available: None, Hardware RTS/CTS. Default setting is **None**. ◆ VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support – Enable/Disable the VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**. ◆ Recorder Mode – When this mode enabled, only texts will be send. This is to capture Terminal data. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ Resolution 100x31 – Enable/Disable extended terminal resolution. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**. ◆ Putty KeyPad – Selects Function Key and KeyPad on Putty. – Options available: VT100, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, VT400. Default setting is **VT100**.

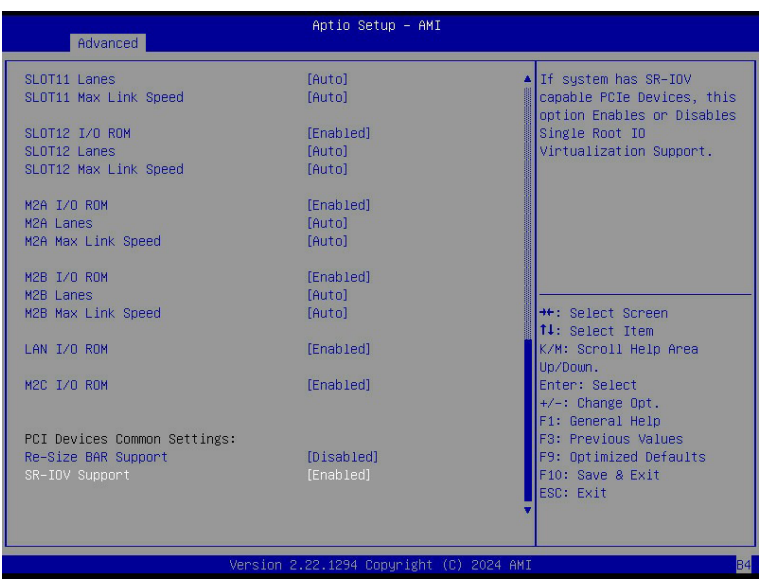
Parameter	Description
Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management / Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) Console Redirection(Note)	EMS console redirection allows the user to configure Console Redirection Settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
Serial Port for Out-of-Band EMS Console Redirection Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. **Please note that this item is configurable when Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management EMS Console Redirection is set to Enabled.** ◆ Out-of-Band Mgmt Port – Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Service (EMS) allows for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. – Default setting is **COM1**. ◆ Terminal Type EMS – Selects a terminal type to be used for console redirection. – Options available: VT100, VT100PLUS, VT-UTF8, ANSI. Default setting is **VT100PLUS**. ◆ Bits per second EMS – Selects the transfer rate for console redirection. – Options available: 9600, 19200, 57600, 115200. Default setting is **115200**. ◆ Flow Control EMS – Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals. – Options available: None, Hardware RTS/CTS, Software Xon/Xoff. Default setting is **None**.

5-2-3 SIO Configuration

Parameter	Description
AMI SIO Driver Version	Displays the AMI SIO driver version information.
Super IO Chip Logical Device(s) Configuration	
[*Active*] Serial Port	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Use This Device – When set to Enabled allows you to configure the serial port settings. When set to Disabled, displays no configuration for the serial port. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**. ◆ Logical Device Settings/Current: – Displays the serial port base I/O address and IRQ. ◆ Possible: – Configures the serial port base I/O address and IRQ. Use Automatic Settings IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=2F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=3E8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=2E8h; IRQ=4; DMA; Default setting is **Use Automatic Settings**.

5-2-4 PCI Subsystem Settings

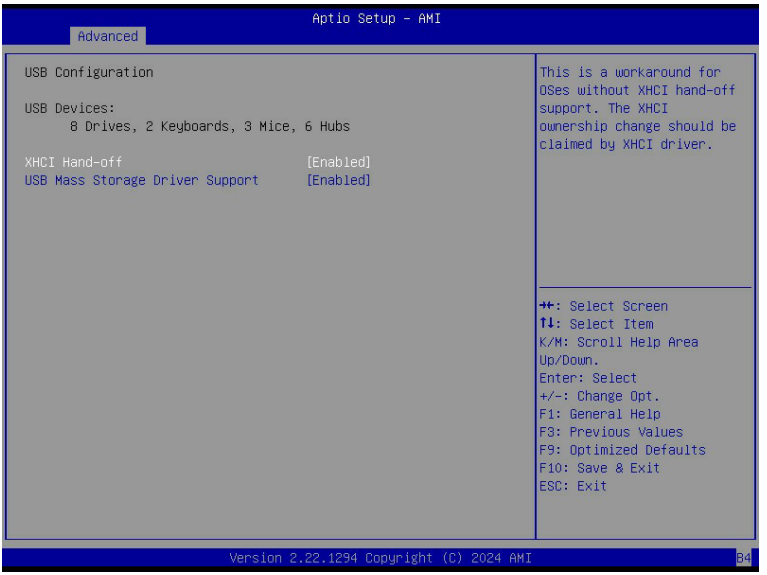




Parameter	Description
PCI Bus Driver Version	Displays the PCI Bus Driver version information.
SLOT_# I/O ROM(Note1)	When enabled, this setting will initialize the device expansion ROM for the related PCI-E slot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
SLOT_# Lanes(Note1)	Change the PCIe lanes. Default setting is **Auto**.
SLOT_#_Max Link Speed(Note1)	Configure PCIe max link speed. Options available: Auto, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, Gen4, Gen5. Default setting is **Auto**.
M2A/B I/O ROM(Note2)	Enable/Disable M2A I/O ROM. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
M2A/B Lanes(Note2)	Change the M2 PCIe lanes. Default setting is **Auto**.
M2A/B_Max Link Speed(Note1)	Configure M2 PCIe max link speed. Options available: Auto, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, Gen4, Gen5. Default setting is **Auto**.
LAN I/O ROM(Note3)	Enable/Disable the LAN devices, and initializes device expansion ROM. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
M2C I/O ROM	Enable/Disable M2A I/O ROM. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
PCI Devices Common Settings	
Re-Size BAR Support	If system has Resizable BAR capable PCIe Devices, this option Enables or Disables Resizable BAR Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
SR-IOV Support	If the system has SR-IOV capable PCIe devices, this item Enable/Disable Single Root IO Virtualization Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

(Note1) This section is dependent on the available PCIe Slot.
(Note2) This section is dependent on the available M2 Slot.
(Note3) This section is dependent on the available LAN controller.

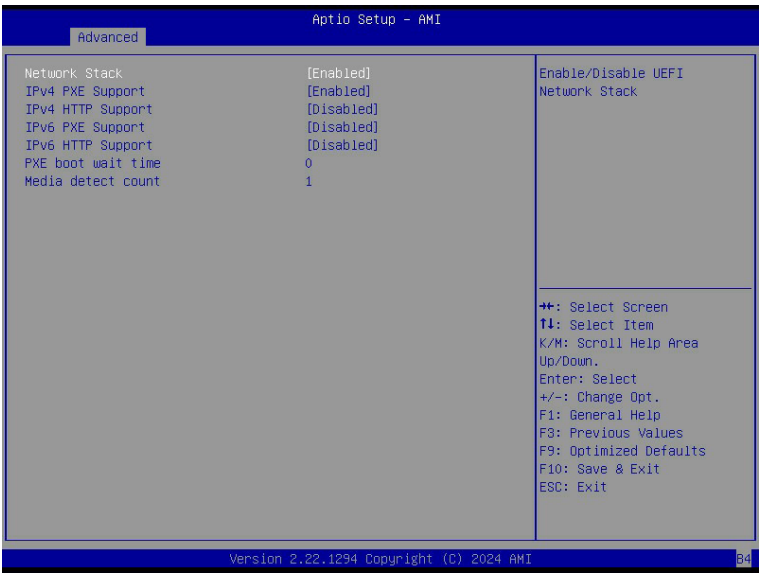
5-2-5 USB Configuration



Parameter	Description
USB Configuration	
USB Devices:	Displays the USB devices connected to the system.
XHCI Hand-off	Enable/Disable the XHCI (USB 3.0) Hand-off support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
USB Mass Storage Driver Support(Note)	Enable/Disable the USB Mass Storage Driver Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

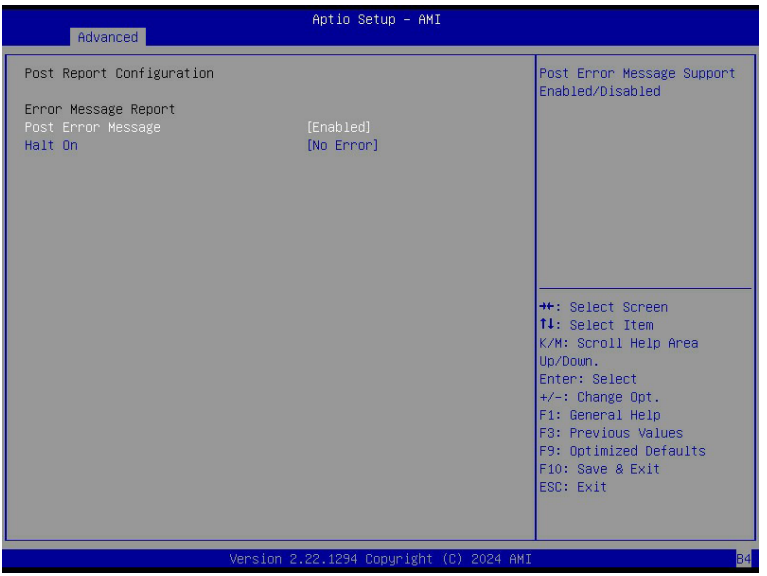
(Note) This item is present only if you attach USB devices.

5-2-6 Network Stack Configuration



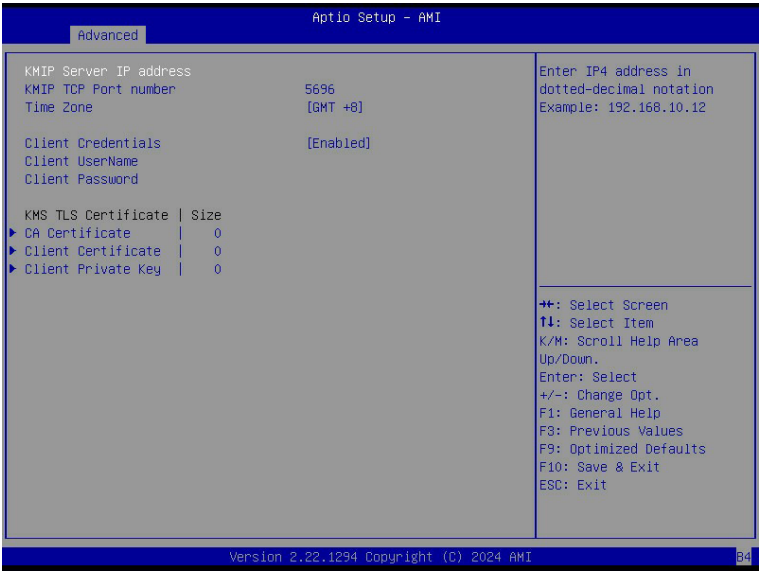
Parameter	Description
Network Stack	Enable/Disable the UEFI network stack. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
Ipv4 PXE Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv4 PXE feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
Ipv4 HTTP Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv4 HTTP feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
Ipv6 PXE Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv6 PXE feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
Ipv6 HTTP Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv6 HTTP feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
PXE boot wait time	Wait time in seconds to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.
Media detect count	Number of times the presence of media will be checked. Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.

5-2-7 Post Report Configuration



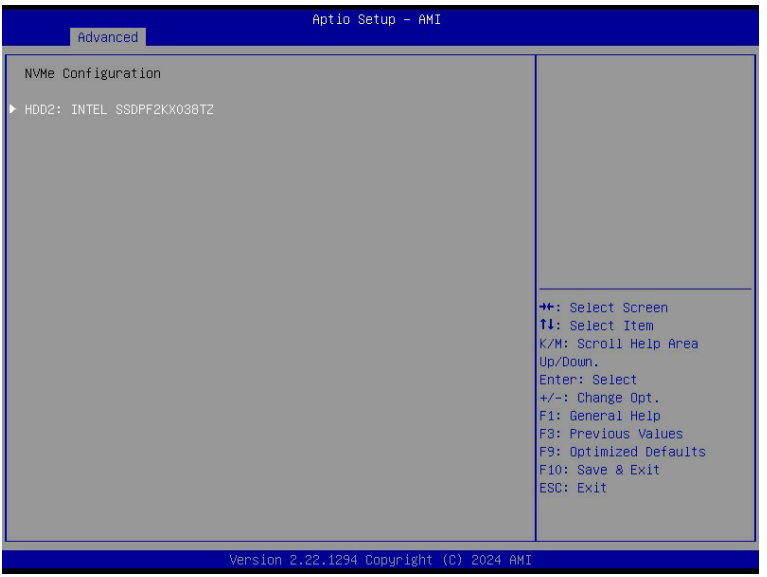
Parameter	Description
Post Report Configuration	
Error Message Report	
Post Error Message	Enable/Disable the POST Error Message support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
Halt On	Options available: No Error, All Error. Default setting is **No Error**.

5-2-8 KMIP Server Configuration



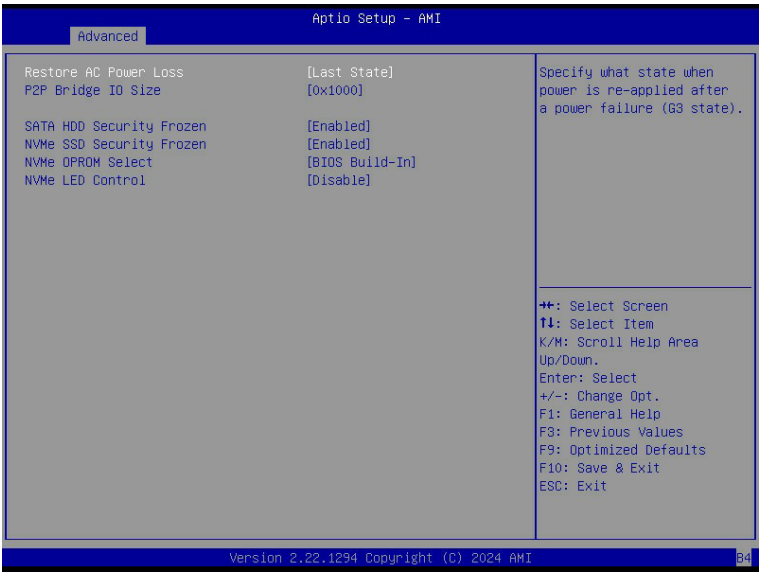
Parameter	Description
KMIP Server IP address	
KMIP TCP Port Number	
Time Zone	Enter the correct time zone for this server. Default setting is **GMT+8**.
Client Credentials	Use User and password credentials to authenticate the Client. Options available: Enabled, Disabled, Clear. Default setting is **Enabled**.
Client UserName	Enter Client identify: UserName. Name Length: 0-63 characters.
Client Password	Enter Client identify: Password. Password Length: 0-31 characters.
KMS TLS Certificate / Size	
CA Certificate	Enroll factory defaults or load the KMS TLS certificates from the file.
Client Certificate	Enroll factory defaults or load the KMS TLS certificates from the file.
Client Private Key	Enroll factory defaults or load the KMS TLS certificates from the file.

5-2-9 NVMe Configuration



Parameter	Description
NVMe Configuration	Displays the NVMe devices connected to the system.

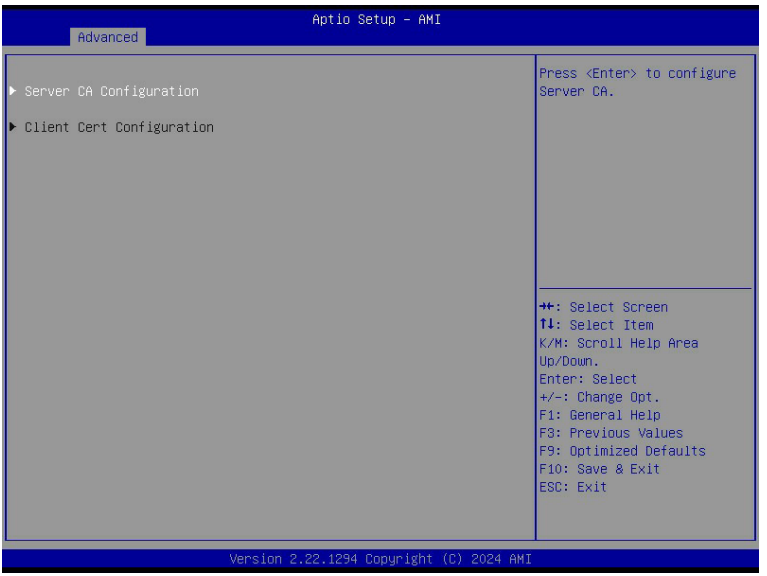
5-2-10 Chipset Configuration



Parameter	Description
Restore on AC Power Loss(Note)	Defines the power state to resume to after a system shutdown that is due to an interruption in AC power. When set to Last State, the system will return to the active power state prior to shutdown. When set to Power Off, the system remains off after power shutdown. Options available: Last State, Power Off, Power On, Unspecified. The default setting depends on the BMC setting.
P2P Bridge IO Size	Specifies P2P Bridge IO aligned to the size. Options available: 0x100, 0x150, 0x1000. Default setting is **0x1000**.
SATA HDD Security Frozen	Enable/Disable this item to send freeze lock command to SATA HDD. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
NVMe SSD Security Frozen	Attempt to send freeze lock command to NVMe SSDs during boot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
NVMe OPROM Select	BIOS Build-In is default setting. Select Device Itself, then this NVMe page will not display any device. Unless the device doesn't have OPROM. Options available: BIOS Build-In, NVMe Device, Disables. Default setting is **BIOS Build-In**.
NVMe LED Control	Enable/Disable allow user control NVMe LED. It only available the NVMe device direct connect to CPU. Default setting is **Disable**.

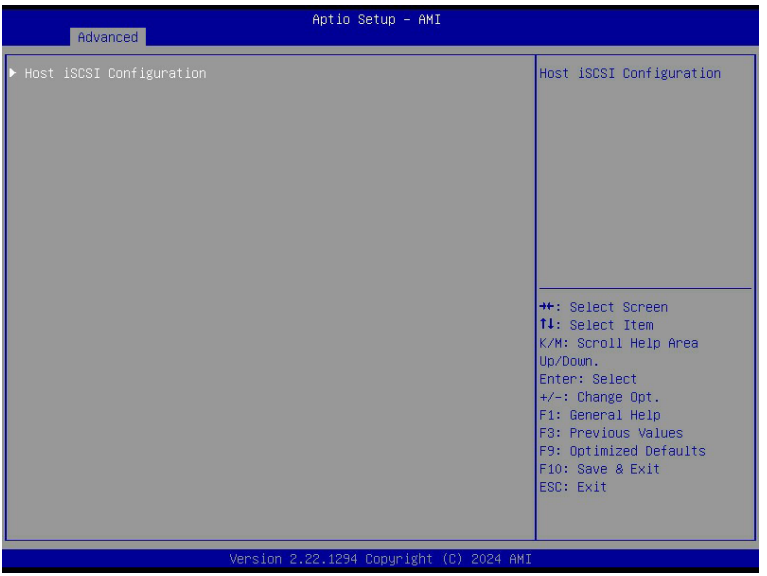
(Note) When the power policy is controlled by BMC, please wait for 15-20 seconds for BMC to save the last power state.

5-2-11 Tls Auth Configuration



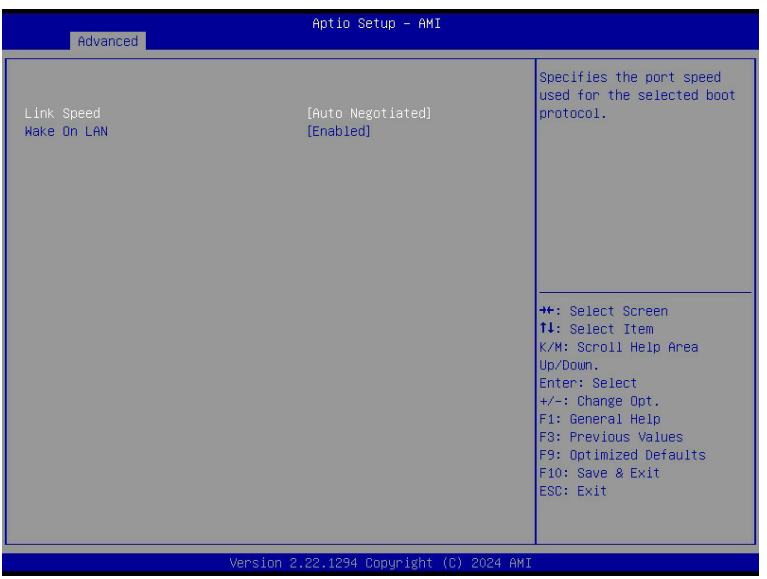
Parameter	Description
Server CA Configuration	Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items. ◆ Enroll Cert – Press [Enter] to enroll a certificate • Enroll Cert Using File • Cert GUID Input digit character in 1111111-2222-3333-4444-1234567890ab format. – Commit Changes and Exit – Discard Changes and Exit ◆ Delete Cert
Client Cert Configuration	Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-2-12 iSCSI Configuration



Parameter	Description
Host iSCSI Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ iSCSI Initiator Name – Only IQN format is accepted. Range: from 4 to 223 ◆ Add an Attempt ◆ Delete Attempts ◆ Change Attempt Order

5-2-13 Intel(R) i350 Gigabit Network Connection



Parameter	Description
NIC Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Link Speed – Allows for automatic link speed adjustment. – Options available: Auto Negotiated, 10 Mbps Half, 10 Mbps Full, 100 Mbps Half, 100 Mbps Full. Default setting is **Auto Negotiated**. ◆ Wake On LAN – Enables power on of the system via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in the operating system does not change the value of this setting, but does override the behavior of Wake on LAN in OS controlled power states. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
Blink LEDs	Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED. Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values (up to 15 seconds).
UEFI Driver	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Adapter PBA	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Device Name	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Chip Type	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
PCI Device ID	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
PCI Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Link Status	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
MAC Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Virtual MAC Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

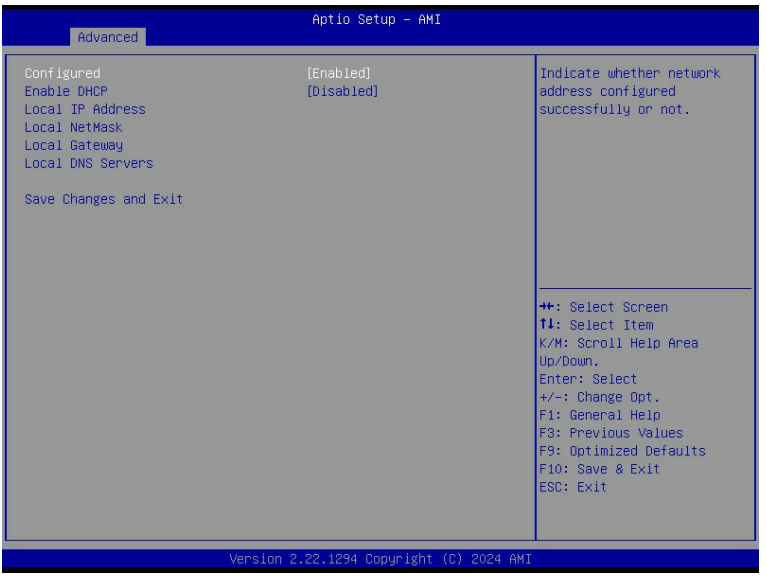
5-2-14 VLAN Configuration

Parameter	Description
Enter Configuration Menu	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Create new VLAN ◆ VLAN ID – Sets VLAN ID for a new VLAN or an existing VLAN. – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. – The valid range is from 0 to 4094. ◆ Priority – Sets 802.1Q Priority for a new VLAN or an existing VLAN. – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. – The valid range is from 0 to 7. ◆ Add VLAN – Press [Enter] to create a new VLAN or update an existing VLAN. ◆ Configured VLAN List ◆ Remove VLAN – Press [Enter] to remove an existing VLAN.

5-2-15 MAC IPv6 Network Configuration

Parameter	Description
Enter Configuration Menu	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Displays the MAC Address information. ◆ Interface ID – The 64 bit alternative interface ID for the device. The string is colon separated. e.g. ff:dd:88:66:cc:1:2:3. ◆ DAD Transmit Count – The number of consecutive Neighbor solicitation messages sent while performing Duplicate Address Detection on a tentative address. A value of zero indicates that Duplicate Address Detection is not performed. ◆ Policy – Options available: automatic, manual. Default setting is **automatic**. ◆ Save Changes and Exit – Press [Enter] to save all configurations.

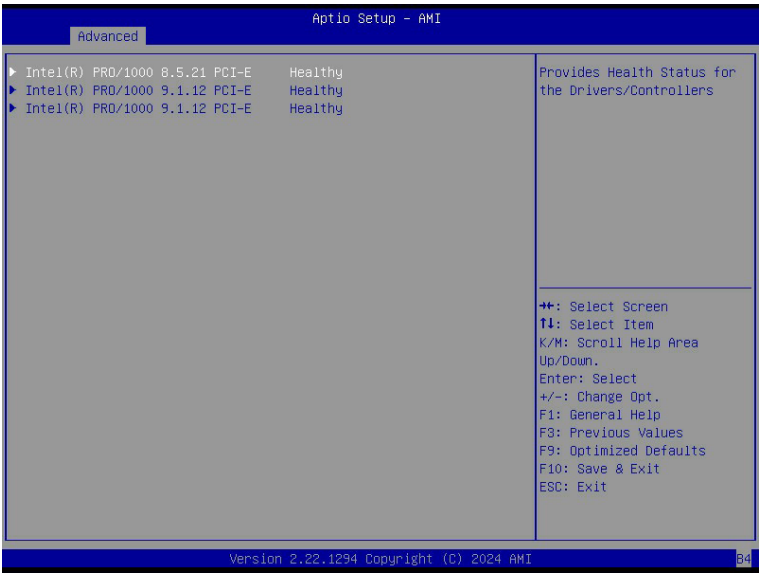
5-2-16 MAC IPv4 Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
Configured	Indicates whether network address is configured successfully or not. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled.**
Enable DHCP	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled.**
Local IP Address	Press [Enter] to configure local IP address.
Local NetMask	Press [Enter] to configure local NetMask.
Local Gateway	Press [Enter] to configure local Gateway
Local DNS Servers	Press [Enter] to configure local DNS servers
Save Changes and Exit	Press [Enter] to save all configurations.

(Note) This item appears when **Configured** is set to **Enabled**.

5-2-17 Driver Health

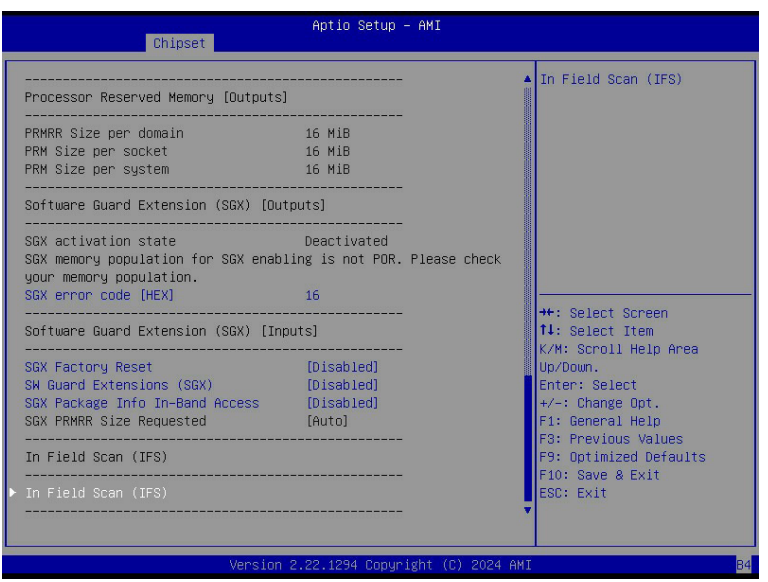


Parameter	Description
Driver Health	Displays driver health status of the devices/controllers if installed

5-3 Chipset Menu

The Chipset Setup menu displays submenu options for configuring the chipset functions. Select a submenu item, then press <Enter> to access the related submenu screen.

5-3-1 Processor Configuration

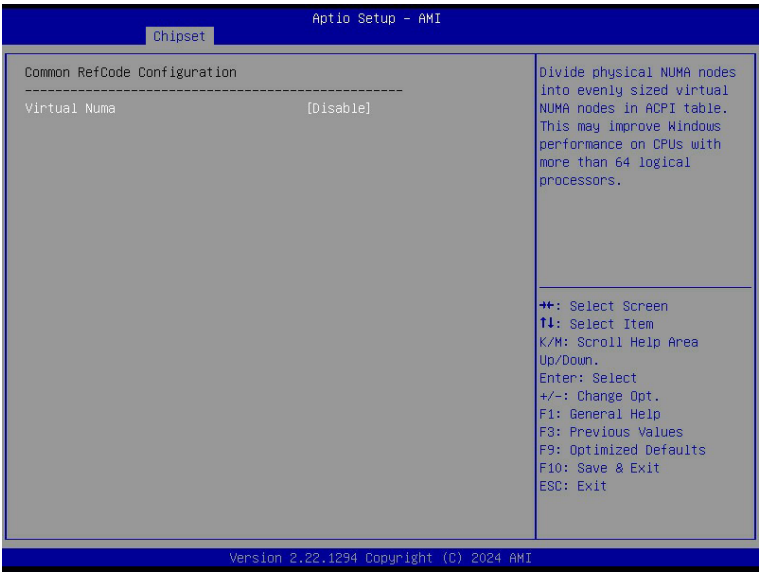


Parameter	Description
Processor Configuration	
Pre-Socket Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ CPU Socket 0/1 Configuration – Core Disable Bitmap(Hex) • Number of Cores to enable. 0 means all cores. FFFFFFF means to disable all cores. The maximum value depends on the number of CPUs available. Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values.
Processor Socket / Processor ID / Processor Frequency / Processor Max Ratio / Processor Min Ratio / Microcode Revision / L1 Cache RAM(Per Core) / L2 Cache RAM(Package) / L3 Cache RAM(Per Package) / Processor # Version	Displays the technical specifications for the installed processor(s).
Hardware Prefetcher	Select whether to enable the speculative prefetch unit of the processor. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
L2 RF0 Prefetch Disable	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.
Adjacent Cache Prefetch	When enabled, cache lines are fetched in pairs. When disabled, only the required cache line is fetched. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	Enable/Disable DCU streamer prefetcher. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
DCU IP Prefetcher	Enable/Disable DCU IP Prefetcher. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Enable Intel(R) TXT	Enable/Disable the Intel Trusted Execution Technology support function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable.**
VMX	Enable/Disable the Vanderpool Technology. This will take effect after rebooting the system. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Enable SMX	Enable/Disable the Safer Mode Extensions (SMX) support function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.
AES-NI	Enable/Disable the AES-NI support. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Debug Consent	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.
Memory Encryption (TME)(Note)	Enable/Disable memory encryption (TME). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
Total Memory Encryption Multi-Tenant (TME-MT)	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
Memory integrity	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

Parameter	Description
Trust Domain Extension (TDX)	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
SGX error code [HEX]	Shows hexadecimal SGX internal error code.
SGX Factory Reset	Perform SGX Factory Reset, on subsequent boot: delete all registration data, if SGX enabled will force Initial Platform Establishment flow. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
SW Guard Extension (SGX)	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
SGX Package Info In-Band Access	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
SGX PRMRR Size Requested	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Auto**.
In-Field Scan (IFS)	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Enable SAF – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. – Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ SAF PRMRR Size Requested – Default setting is **8M**.

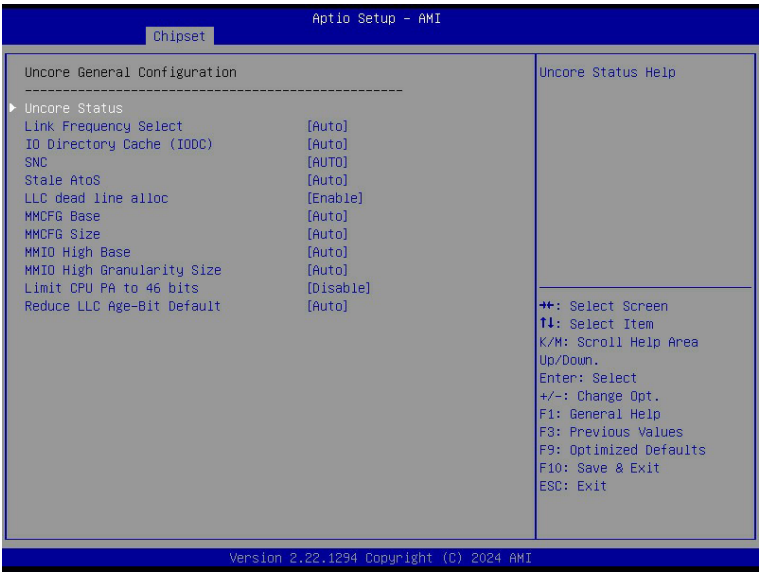
5-3-2 Common RefCode Configuration



Parameter	Description
Common RefCode Configuration	
Virtual Numa(note)	Divide physical NUMA nodes into evenly sized virtual NUMA nodes in ACPI table. This may improve Windows performance on CPUs with more than 64 logical processors. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.
Number of Virtual Numa Nodes	The number of virtual NUMA nodes per physical NUMA nodes. 0 means automatically set the number of virtual NUMA nodes base on system configuration. 1 equals disabling virtual NUMA.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

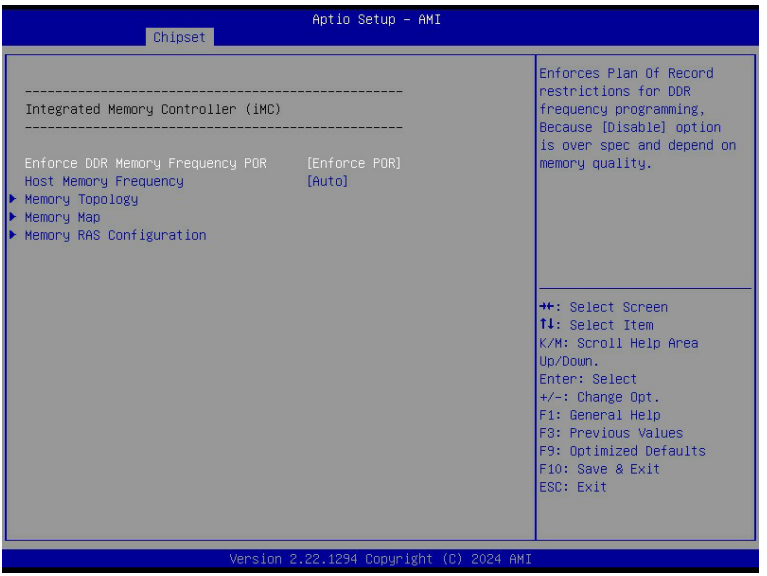
5-3-3 UPI Configuration



Parameter	Description
UPI General Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Uncore Status – Press [Enter] to view the Uncore status. ◆ Link Frequency Select – Selects the UPI link frequency. – Options available: 16.0GT/s, 20.0GT/s, 24.0GT/s, Auto, Use Per Link Setting. Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ SNC – Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ Stale AtoS – Enable/Disable Stale A to S directory optimization. – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ LLC dead line alloc – Enable/Disable fill dead lines in LLC. – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ MMCFG Base – Options available: 1G, 1.5G, 1.75G, 2G, 2.25G, 3G, Auto. – Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ MMCFG Size – Options available: 64M, 128M, 256M, 512M, 1G, 2G, Auto . – Default setting is **Auto**.

Parameter	Description
UPI General Configuration	◆ MMIO High Base – Options available: 248T, 120T, 88T, 60T, 30T, 56T, 40T, 32T, 24T, 16T, 4T, 2T, 1T, 512G, Auto. Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ MMIO High Granularity Size – Selects the allocation size used to assign mmioh resources. – Options available: 1G, 4G, 16G, 32G, 64G, 256G, 1024G, 4096G, Auto. Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ Limit CPU PA to 46 bits – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is **Disable**. ◆ Reduce LLC Age-Bit Default – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is **Auto**.

5-3-4 Memory Configuration



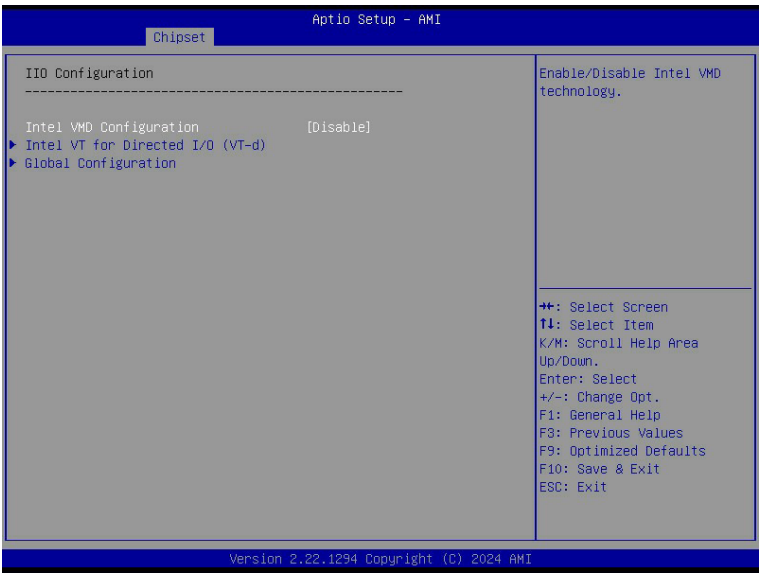
Parameter	Description
Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)	
Enforce DDR Memory Frequency POR	When set to Enable, the system enforces Plan Of Record restrictions for DDR frequency programming. Options available: Enforce POR, Enforce Stretch Goals, Disable. Default setting is **Enforce POR**.
Host Memory Frequency	Maximum Host DDR Memory Frequency Selections in MT/s. If the AUTO option has been selected, a frequency is chosen automatically based on the minimum tCK given by the SPD. Options available: Auto, 4800, 5200, 5600, 6000, 6400. Default setting is **Auto**.
Memory Topology	Press [Enter] to view memory topology with DIMM population information.
Memory Map	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Intel(R) Flat Memory Mode Support. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ DDR CXL Heterogeneous Interleave support. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.

Parameter	Description
Memory RAS Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Mirror Mode – Mirror Mode will set entire 1LM memory in system to be mirrored, consequently reducing the memory capacity by half. Enables the Mirror Mode will disable the XPT Prefetch. – Options available: Disabled, Full Mirror Mode. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ Correctable Error Threshold – Correctable Error Threshold (0x01-0x7fff) used for sparing, and leaky bucket. – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ Leaky bucket time window based interface(Note) – Enable/Disable leaky bucket time window based interface. – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ Leaky bucket time window based interface Hour – Leaky bucket time window based interface hour used for DDR (0-24). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ Leaky bucket time window based interface Minute – Leaky bucket time window based interface minute used for DDR (0-60). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ Leaky bucket low bit – Configures leaky bucket low bit (0x1 - 0x29). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ Leaky bucket high bit – Configures leaky bucket high bit (0x1 - 0x29). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ ADDDC Sparing(Note) – Enable/Disable ADDDC Sparing. – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ Enable ADDDC Error Injection – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

Parameter	Description
Memory RAS Configuration (continued)	◆ Patrol Scrub Interval – Selects the number of hours (1-24) required to complete full scrub. A value of zero means auto. ◆ DDR5 ECS – Options available: Disabled, Enabled, Enable ECS with Result Collection. Default setting is **Enabled**.

5-3-5 IIO Configuration



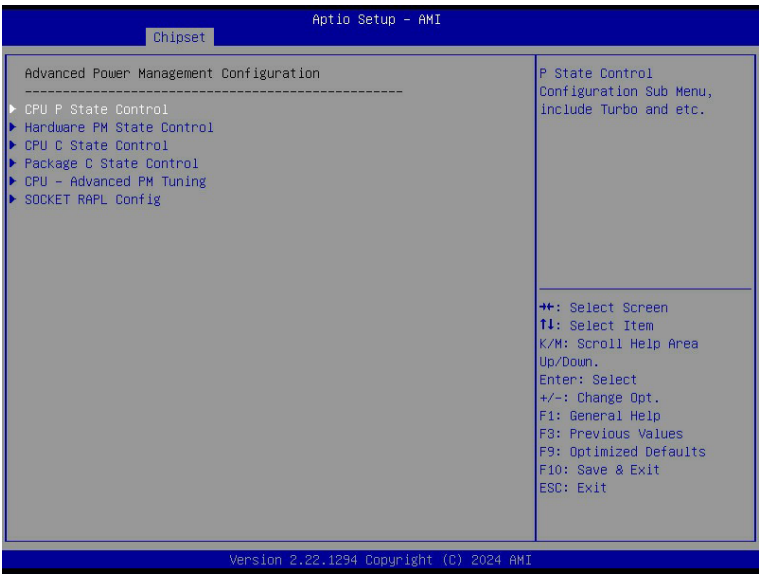
Parameter	Description
IIO Configuration	
Intel VMD Configuration	Enable/Disable Intel VMD technology. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.
Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ DMA Control Opt-In Flag – Enable/Disable DMA_CTRL_PLATFORM_OPT_IN_FLAG in DMAR table in ACPI. Not compatible with Direct Device Assignment (DDA). – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ Pre-boot DMA Protection – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ PCIe ACSCTL – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**. ◆ Source Validation(Note) – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ Translation Blocking(Note) – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ P2P Request Redirect(Note) – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Enabled**. ◆ P2P Completion Redirect(Note) – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

(Note) This item is available when **PCIe ACSCTL** is set to **Enable**.

Parameter	Description
Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)	◆ Upstream Forwarding Enable(Note) – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Enabled**. ◆ Cache Allocation – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Global Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Max Read Request Size – Options available: Auto, 128B, 256B, 512B, 1024B, 2048B, 4096B. Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ Relaxed Ordering – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.

(Note) This item is available when **PCIe ACSCTL** is set to **Enable**.

5-3-6 Advanced Power Management Configuration



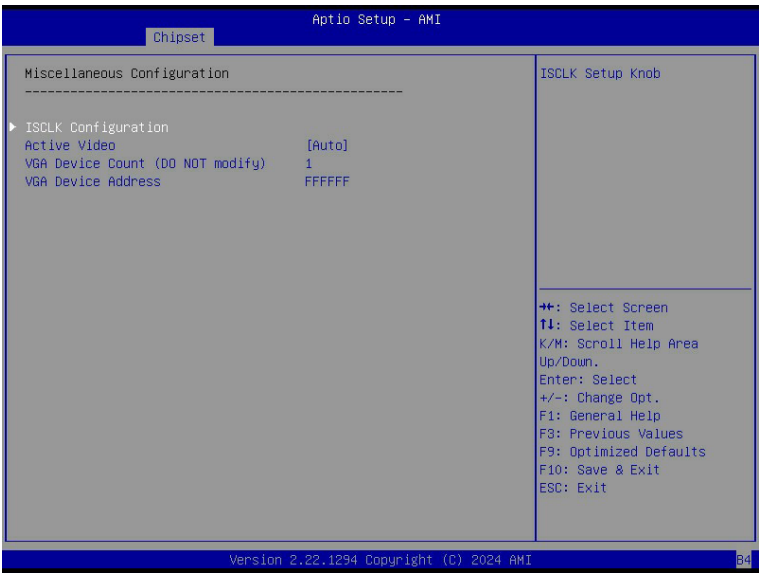
Parameter	Description
CPU P State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Intel SST-PP – Intel SST-PP Select allows user to choose level. – Options available: Auto, Level 0, Level 1. Default setting is **Auto**. ◆ SpeedStep (Pstates) – Conventional Intel SpeedStep Technology switches both voltage and frequency in tandem between high and low levels in response to processor load. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ EIST PSD Function – Options available: HW_ALL, SW_ALL. Default setting is **HW_ALL**. ◆ Boot performance mode – Select the performance state that the BIOS will set before OS hand off. – Options available: Max Performance, Max Efficiency. Default setting is **Max Performance**. ◆ Turbo Mode – When this item is enabled, the processor will automatically ramp up the clock speed of 1-2 of its processing cores to improve its performance. When this item is disabled, the processor will not overclock any of its core. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.

Parameter	Description
Hardware PM State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Hardware P-States – When this item is disabled, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS Request (Legacy P-States). – In Native mode, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS guidance. – In Out of Band mode, the processor hardware autonomously chooses a P-state (with no OS guidance). – Options available: Disable, Native Mode, Out of Band Mode, Native Mode with No Legacy Support. Default setting is **Native Mode**. ◆ Hardware PM Interrupt – Enable/Disable Hardware PM Interrupt. – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is **Disable.** ◆ Native ASPM – Enable: OS controlled ASPM. – Disable: ASPM off. – Auto: BIOS controlled ASPM. – Options available: Auto, Disable, Enable. Default setting is **Auto.**
CPU C State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Monitor MWAIT – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ ACPI C1 Enumeration – Options available: C1, C1e . Default setting is **C1e**. ◆ ACPI C6x Enumeration – Options available: Disable, C6S as ACPI C2, C6S as ACPI C3, C6S-P as ACPI C2, C6S-P as ACPI C3, Auto . – Default setting is **Auto**.
Package C State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Package C State – Configures the state for the C-State package limit. – Options available: C0/C1 state, C2 state, C6(non Retention) state, C6(Retention) state, No Limit, Auto. Default setting is **Auto**.
CPU - Advanced PM Tuning	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Energy Perf BIAS – Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. » Power Performance Tuning • Options available: OS Controls EPB, BIOS Controls EPB, PECI Controls EPB. Default setting is **OS Controls EPB**. » Energy_PERF_BIAS_CFG mode(Note) • Options available: Performance, Balanced Performance, Balanced Power, Power. Default setting is **Balanced Performance**.

(Note) This item is configurable when **Power Performance Tuning** is set to **BIOS Controls EPB**.

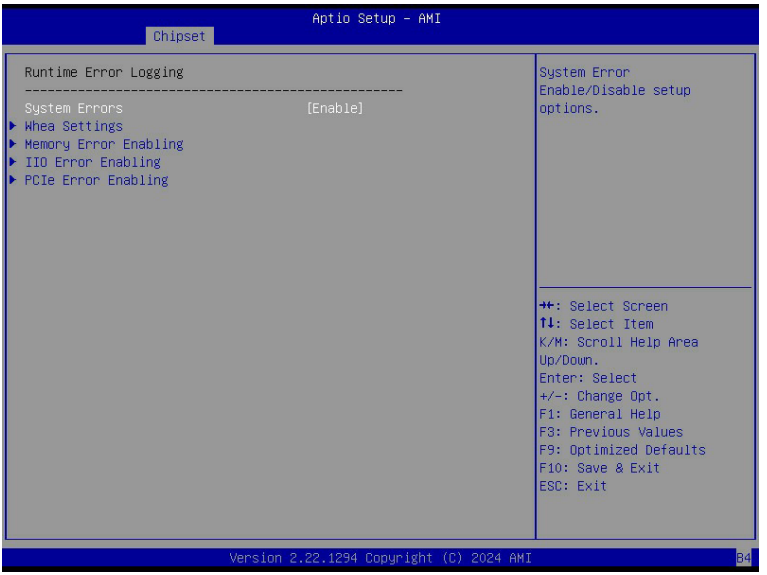
SOCKET RAPL Config	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ PL1 Power Limit – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ PL1 Time Window • Default setting is **1**. ◆ PL2 Power Limit – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ PL2 Time Window • Default setting is **0.012**.

5-3-7 Miscellaneous Configuration



Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous Configuration	
ISCLK Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. – SSC1 Enable – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**. – SSC2 Enable – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Active Video	Selects the active video type. Options available: Auto, Onboard Device, PCIE Device, Specific PCIE Device. Default setting is **Auto**.
VGA Device Count (NOT modify)	Default setting is **1**.
VGA Device Address	VGA Device Address

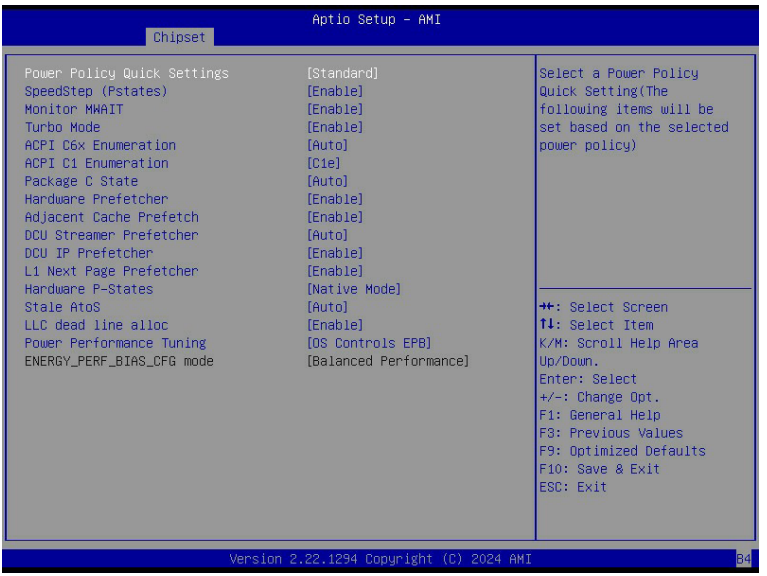
5-3-8 Runtime Error Logging Settings



Parameter	Description
Runtime Error Logging	
System Errors	Enable/Disable system error logging function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Whea Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ WHEA (Windows Hardware Error Architecture) Support – Enable/Disable WHEA Support. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Memory Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Memory Corrected Error – Enable/Disable Memory Corrected Error. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ Uncorrected Error disable Memory – Enable/Disable the Memory that triggers Uncorrected Error. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.
IIO Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ OS Native AER Support – Select FFM or OS native for AER error handling. If select OS native, BIOS also initialize FFM first until handshake, which depends on OS capability. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**.

Parameter	Description
PCIe Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Corrected Error – Enables and escalates correctable Errors to error pins. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Disable**. ◆ Uncorrected Error – Enables and escalates Uncorrectable/Recoverable Errors to error pins. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ Fatal Error Enable – Enables and escalates Fatal Errors to error pins. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**. ◆ Assert NMI on SERR – Enable/Disable BIOS generates a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) and logs an error when a system error (SERR) occurs. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**. ◆ Assert NMI on PERR – Enable/Disable BIOS generates a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) and logs an error when a processor bus parity error (PERR) occurs. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

5-3-9 Power Policy



Parameter	Description
Power Policy Quick Settings	Selects a Power Policy Quick Setting. Options available: Standard, Best Performance, Energy Efficient. Default setting is **Standard**.
SpeedStep (Pstates)	Conventional Intel SpeedStep Technology switches both voltage and frequency in tandem between high and low levels in response to processor load. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Monitor MWAIT	Allows Monitor and MWAIT instructions. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Turbo Mode	When this item is enabled, the processor will automatically ramp up the clock speed of 1-2 of its processing cores to improve its performance. When this item is disabled, the processor will not overclock any of its core. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
ACPI C6x Enumeration	Options available: Disable,C6S as ACPI C2, C6S as ACPI C3, C6S-P as ACPI C2, C6S-P as ACPI C3, Auto. Default setting is **Auto**.
ACPI C1 Enumeration	Options available: C1, C1e. Default setting is **C1e**.
Package C State	Configures the C-State package limit. Options available: C0/C1 state, C2 state, C6(non Retention) state, C6(Retention) state, No Limit, Auto. Default setting is **Auto**.

Parameter	Description
Hardware Prefetcher	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Adjacent Cache Prefetch	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
L1 Next page Prefetcher	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Hardware P-States	Options available: Disable, Native mode, Out of Band mode, Native Mode with No Legacy Support. Default setting is **Native Mode**.
Stale AtoS	Options available: Auto, Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Auto**.
LLC dead line alloc	Options available: Auto, Enable, Disable. Default setting is **Enable**.
Power Performance Tuning	Options available: OS Controls EPB, BIOS Controls EPB, PECI Controls EPB. Default setting is **BIOS Controls EPB**.
ENERGY_PERF_BIAS_CFG mode	Performance, Balanced Performance, Balanced Power, Power. Default setting is **Balanced Performance**.

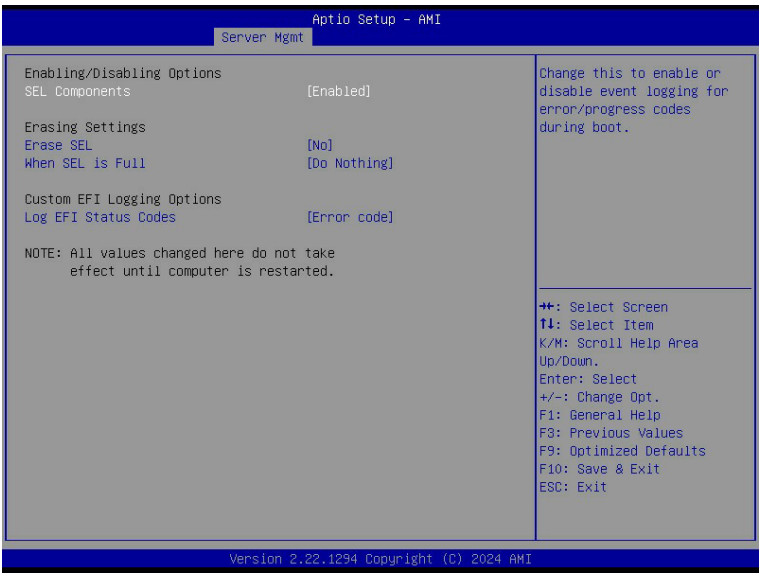
5-4 Server Management Menu

Parameter	Description
FRB-2 Timer	Enable/Disable FRB-2 timer (POST timer). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
FRB-2 Timer[Note1] timeout	Configures the FRB2 Timer timeout. The value is between 1 to 30 minutes. Default setting is **6 minutes**.
FRB-2 Timer Policy[Note1]	Configures the FRB2 Timer policy. Options available: Do Nothing, Reset, Power Down, Power Cycle. Default setting is **Do Nothing**.
OS Watchdog Timer	Enable/Disable OS Watchdog Timer function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
OS Wtd Timer Timeout[Note2]	Configures OS Watchdog Timer. The value is between 1 to 30 minutes. Default setting is **10 minutes**.
OS Wtd Timer Policy[Note2]	Configure OS Watchdog Timer Policy. Options available: Reset, Do Nothing, Power Down, Power Cycle. Default setting is **Reset**.
Wait BMC Ready	POST wait BMC ready and reboot system. Options available: Disabled, 2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes. Default setting is **2 minutes**.

(Note1) This item is configurable when **FRB-2 Timer** is set to **Enabled**.
(Note2) This item is configurable when **OS Watchdog Timer** is set to **Enabled**.

Parameter	Description
System Event Log	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
View FRU Information	Press [Enter] to view the FRU information.
BMC VLAN Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
BMC network Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
IPv6 BMC Network Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

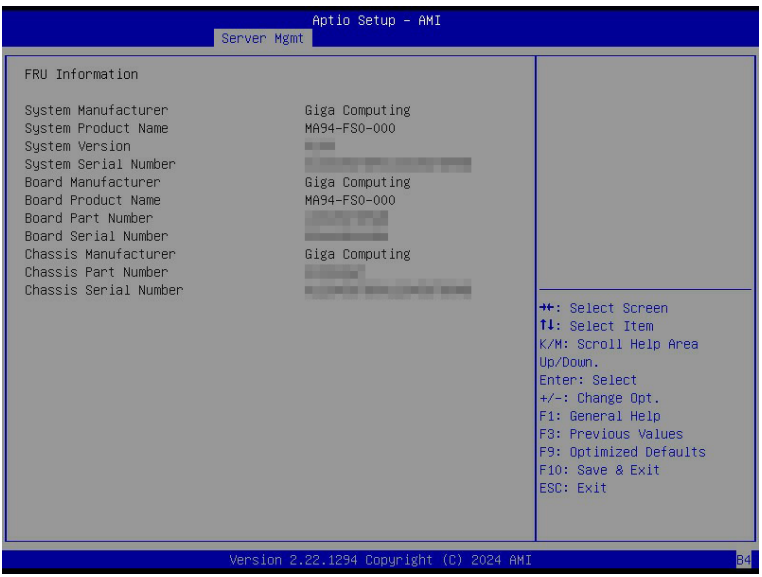
5-4-1 System Event Log



Parameter	Description
Enabling / Disabling Options	
SEL Components	Change this item to enable or disable all features of System Event Logging during boot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
Erasing Settings	
Erase SEL	Choose options for erasing SEL. Options available: No, Yes, On next reset, Yes, On every reset. Default setting is **No**.
When SEL is Full	Choose options for reactions to a full SEL. Options available: Do Nothing, Erase Immediately, Delete Oldest Record. Default setting is **Do Nothing**.
Custom EFI Logging Options	
Log EFI Status Codes	Enable/Disable the logging of EFI Status Codes (if not already converted to legacy). Options available: Disabled, Both, Error code, Progress code. Default setting is **Error code**.

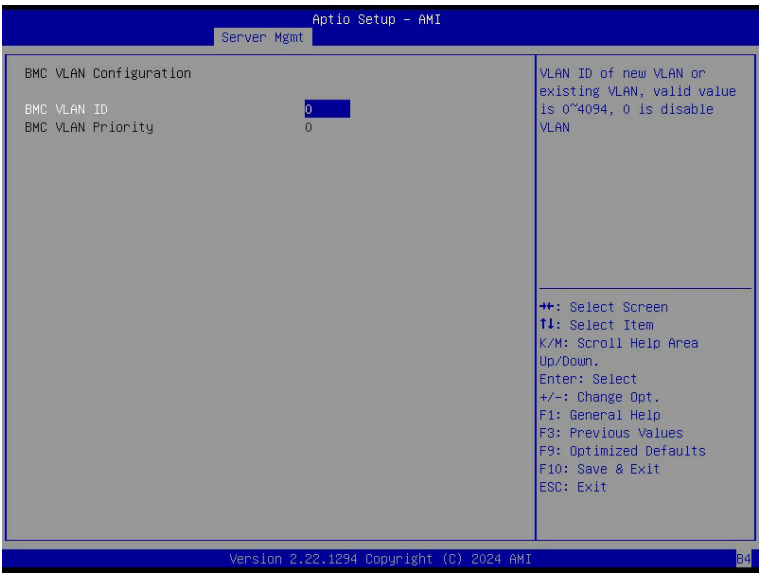
5-4-2 View FRU Information

The FRU page is a simple display page for basic system ID information, as well as System product information. Items on this window are non-configurable.



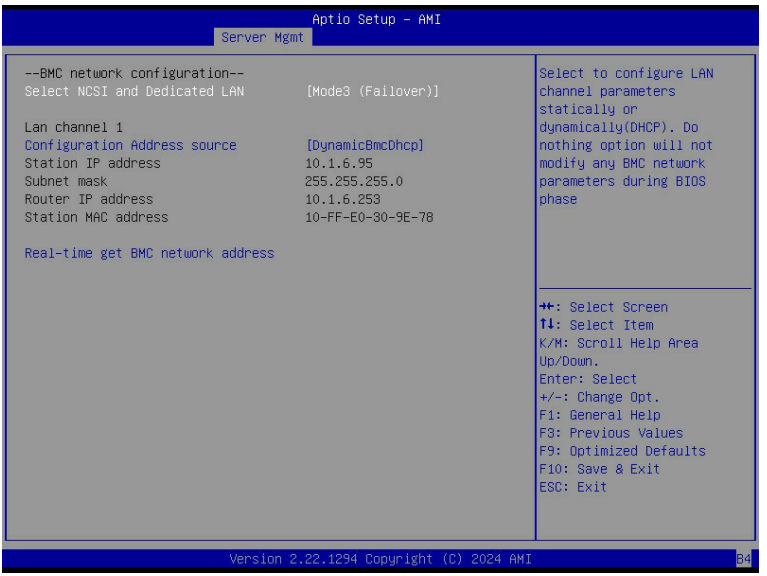
(Note) The model name will vary depends on the product you purchased

5-4-3 BMC VLAN Configuration



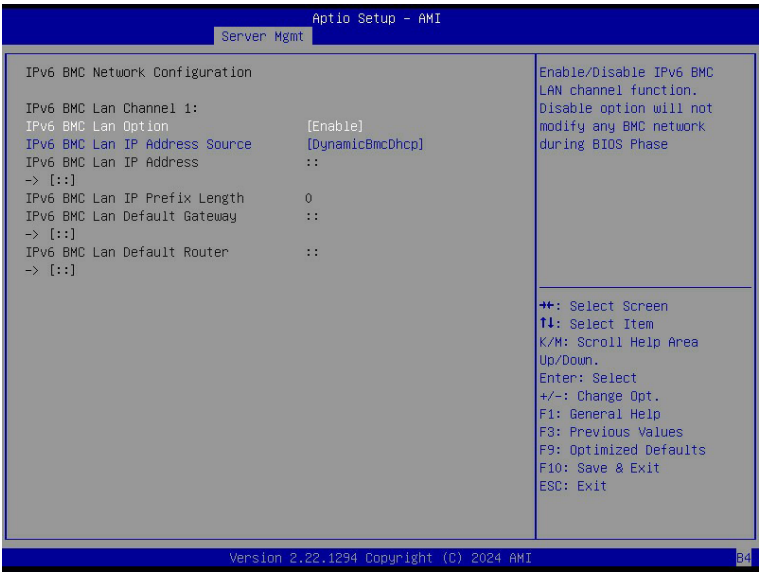
Parameter	Description
BMC VLAN Configuration	
BMC VLAN ID	Select to configure BMC VLAN ID. The valid range is from 0 to 4094. When set to 0, BMC VLAN ID will be disabled.
BMC VLAN Priority	Select to configure BMC VLAN Priority. The valid range is from 0 to 7. When BMC VLAN ID is set to 0, BMC VLAN Priority will not be selected.

5-4-4 BMC Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
BMC network configuration	
Select NCSI and Dedicated LAN	Options available: Do Nothing, Model1(Dedicated), Model2(NCSI), Mode3(Failover). Default setting is **Do Nothing**.
Lan Channel 1	
Configuration Address source	Selects to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (DHCP). Options available: Unspecified, Static, DynamicBmcDhcp. Default setting is **DynamicBmcDhcp**.
Station IP address	Displays IP Address information.
Subnet mask	Displays Subnet Mask information. Please note that the IP address must be in three digitals, for example, 192.168.000.001.
Router IP address	Displays the Router IP Address information.
Station MAC address	Displays the MAC Address information.
Real-time get BMC network address	Press [Enter] will set LAN mode and Address source and then get IP, Subnet, Gateway and MAC address.

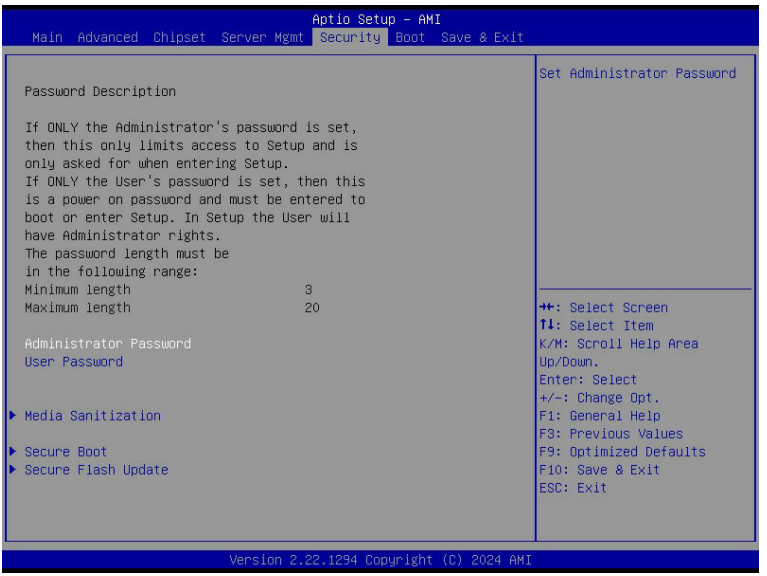
5-4-5 IPv6 BMC Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
IPv6 BMC network configuration	
IPv6 BMC Lan Channel 1	
IPv6 BMC Lan Option	Enable/Disable IPv6 BMC LAN channel function. When this item is disabled, the system will not modify any BMC network during BIOS phase. Options available: Unspecified, Disable, Enable. Default setting is **Enable**.
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source	Selects to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC). Options available: Unspecified, Static, Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP. Default setting is **Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP**.
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address/ Prefix Length	Check if the IPv6 BMC LAN IP address matches those displayed on the screen.

5-5 Security Menu

The Security menu allows you to safeguard and protect the system from unauthorized use by setting up access passwords.



There are two types of passwords that you can set:

- Administrator Password

  Entering this password will allow the user to access and change all settings in the Setup Utility.

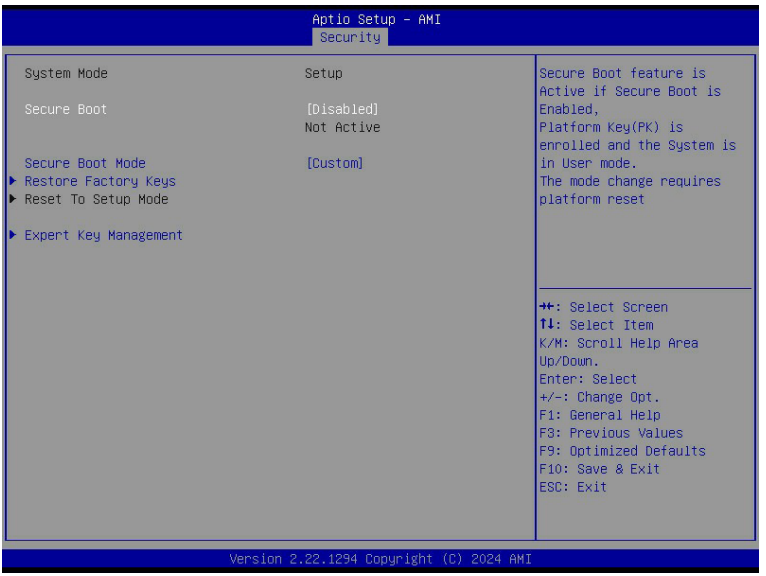
- User Password

  Entering this password will restrict a user's access to the Setup menus. To enable or disable this field, a Administrator Password must first be set. A user can only access and modify the System Time, System Date, and Set User Password fields.

Parameter	Description
Administrator Password	Press [Enter] to configure the administrator password.
User Password	Press [Enter] to configure the user password.
Media Sanitization	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
Secure Boot	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
Secure Flash Update	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

5-5-1 Secure Boot

The Secure Boot feature is applicable if supported by your Operating System.
If your Operating System is not supporting Secure Boot, the system will hang when starting the Operating System.



Parameter	Description
System Mode	Displays if the system is in User mode or Setup mode.
Secure Boot	Enable/ Disable the Secure Boot function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
Secure Boot Mode(Note)	Secure Boot requires all the applications that are running during the booting process to be pre-signed with valid digital certificates. This way, the system knows all files being loaded before the Operating System loads to the login screen have not been tampered with. When set to Standard, it will automatically load the Secure Boot keys form the BIOS databases. When set to Custom, you can customize the Secure Boot settings and manually load its keys from the BIOS database. Options available: Standard, Custom. Default setting is **Standard**.
Restore Factory Keys	Forces the system to user mode and installs factory default Secure Boot key database.
Reset To Setup Mode	Reset the system to Setup Mode.

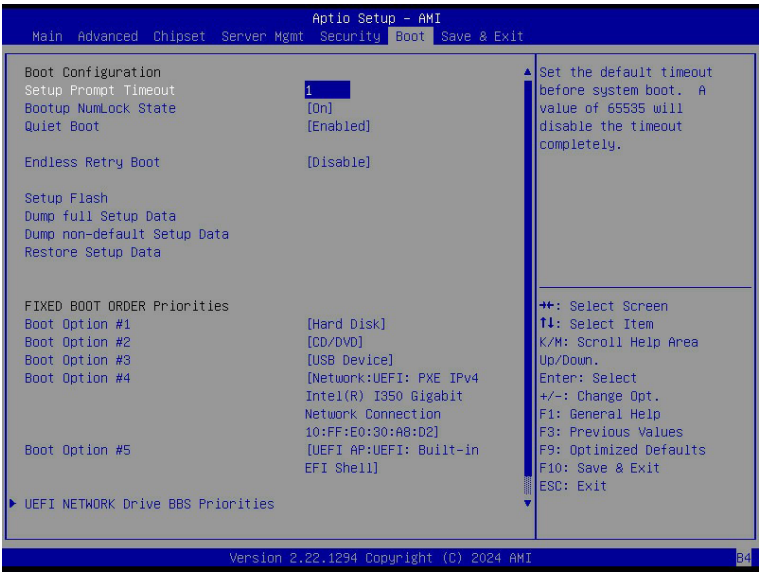
(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is set to **Custom**.

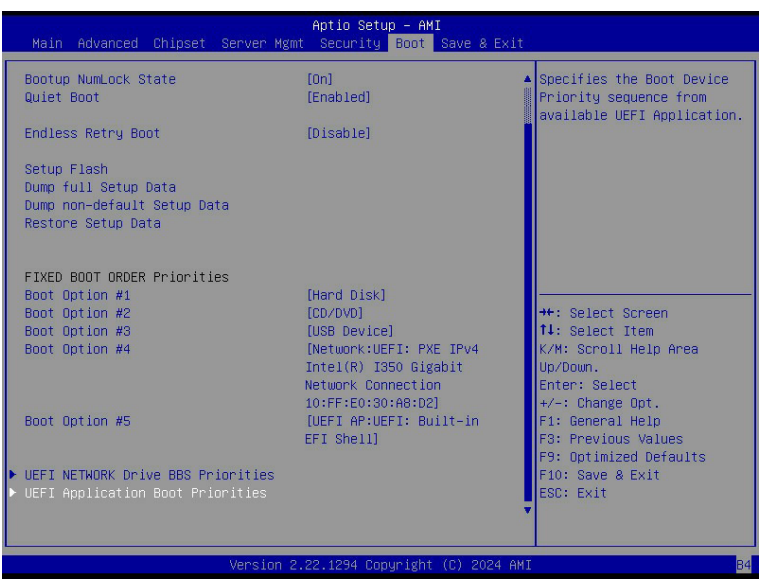
Parameter	Description
Key Management	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. **Please note that this item is configurable when Secure Boot Mode is set to Custom.** ◆ Factory Key Provision – Allows to provision factory default Secure Boot keys when system is in Setup Mode. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**. ◆ Restore Factory Keys – Installs all factory default keys. It will force the system in User Mode. – Options available: Yes, No. ◆ Reset To Setup Mode – Reset the system to Setup Mode. – Options available: Yes, No. ◆ Enroll Efi Image – Press [Enter] to enroll SHA256 hash of the binary into Authorized Signature Database (db). ◆ Export Secure Boot variables – Copy NVRAM content of Secure Boot variables to files in a root folder on a file system device. ◆ Secure Boot variable – Displays the current status of the variables used for secure boot. ◆ Platform Key (PK) – Displays the current status of the Platform Key (PK). – Press [Enter] to configure a new PK. – Options available: Update. ◆ Key Exchange Keys (KEK) – Displays the current status of the Key Exchange Key Database (KEK). – Press [Enter] to configure a new KEK or load additional KEK from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append. ◆ Authorized Signatures (DB) – Displays the current status of the Authorized Signature Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new DB or load additional DB from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append. ◆ Forbidden Signatures (DBX) – Displays the current status of the Forbidden Signature Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new dbx or load additional dbx from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append.

Parameter	Description
Key Management (continued)	◆ Authorized TimeStamps (DBT) – Displays the current status of the Authorized TimeStamps Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new DBT or load additional DBT from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append. ◆ OsRecovery Signatures – Displays the current status of the OsRecovery Signature Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new OsRecovery Signature or load additional OsRecovery Signature from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append.

5-6 Boot Menu

The Boot menu allows you to set the drive priority during system boot-up. BIOS setup will display an error message if the legacy drive(s) specified is not bootable.

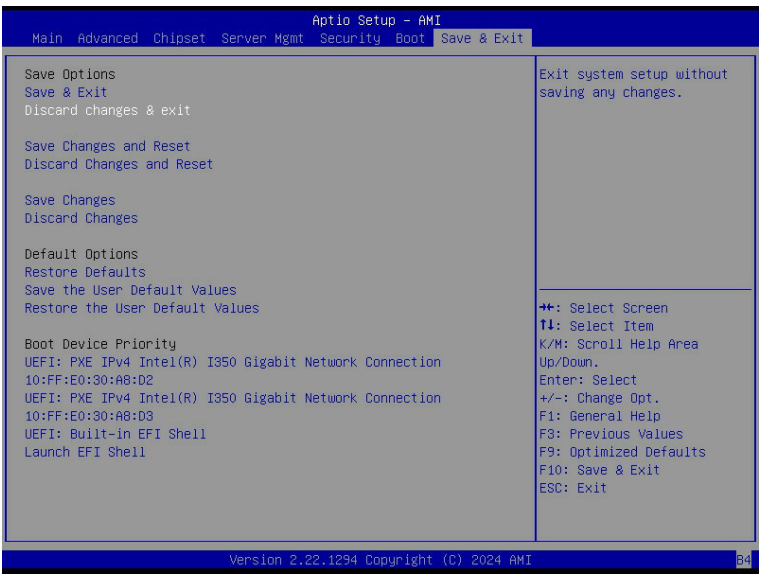




Parameter	Description
Boot Configuration	
Setup Prompt Timeout	Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535 (0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting. Press the numeric keys to input the desired values.
Bootup NumLock State	Enable/Disable the Bootup NumLock function. Options available: On, Off. Default setting is **On**.
Quiet Boot	Enable/Disable showing the logo during POST. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
Endless Retry Boot	Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is **Disable**.
Setup Flash	Press [Enter] to run setup flash.
Dump full Setup Data	Press [Enter] to dump full setup data to file.
Dump non-default Setup Data	Press [Enter] to dump non-default setup data to file.
Restore Setup Data	Press [Enter] to restore setup data from file.
FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities	
Boot Option #1 / #2 / #3 / #4 / #5	Press [Enter] to configure the boot order priority. By default, the server searches for boot devices in the following sequence: 1. Hard drive. 2. CD-COM/DVD drive. 3. USB device. 4. Network. 5. UEFI.
UEFI Network Drive BBS Priorities	Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.
UEFI Application Boot Priorities	Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.

5-7 Save & Exit Menu

The Save & Exit menu displays the various options to quit from the BIOS setup. Highlight any of the exit options then press <Enter>.



Parameter	Description
Save Options	
Save and Exit	Saves changes made and closes the BIOS setup. Options available: Yes, No.
Discard changes and exit	Discards changes made and exits the BIOS setup. Options available: Yes, No.
Save Changes and Reset	Restarts the system after saving the changes made. Options available: Yes, No.
Discard Changes and Reset	Restarts the system without saving any changes. Options available: Yes, No.
Save Changes	Saves changes done so far to any of the setup options. Options available: Yes, No.
Discard Changes	Discards changes made and closes the BIOS setup. Options available: Yes, No.
Default Options	

Parameter	Description
Restore Defaults	Loads the default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Setup Defaults are quite demanding in terms of resources consumption. If you are using low-speed memory chips or other kinds of low-performance components and you choose to load these settings, the system might not function properly. Options available: Yes, No.
Save the User Default Values	Saves the changes made as the user default settings. Options available: Yes, No.
Restore the User Default Values	Loads the user default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Options available: Yes, No.
Boot Device Priority	Press [Enter] to configure the device as the boot-up drive.
Launch EFI Shell	Attempts to Launch EFI Shell application (Shell.efi) from one of the available file system devices.

5-8 BIOS Recovery

The system has an embedded recovery technique. In the event that the BIOS becomes corrupt the boot block can be used to restore the BIOS to a working state. To restore your BIOS, please follow the instructions listed below:

Recovery Instruction:

1. Copy the XXX.rom to USB diskette.
2. Setting BIOS Recovery jump to enabled status.
3. Boot into BIOS recovery.
4. Run Proceed with flash update.
5. BIOS updated.