# **GIGABYTE**<sup>™</sup>

# R183-S90-LAD1

Rack Server - 5th/4th Gen Intel® Xeon® Scalable - 1U DP 4-Bay Gen4 NVMe/SATA/SAS DLC

User Manual

Rev. 1.0

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#### **Documentation Classifications**

In order to assist in the use of this product, Giga Computing provides the following types of documentation:

- User Manual: detailed information & steps about the installation, configuration and use of this
  product (e.g. motherboard, server barebones), covering hardware and BIOS.
- User Guide: detailed information about the installation & use of an add-on hardware or software component (e.g. BMC firmware, rail-kit) compatible with this product.
- Quick Installation Guide: a short guide with visual diagrams that you can reference easily for installation purposes of this product (e.g. motherboard, server barebones).

Please see the support section of the online product page to check the current availability of these documents

#### **For More Information**

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# Conventions

The following conventions are used in this user's guide:

	NOTE! Gives bits and pieces of additional information related to the current topic.	
Gives precautionary measures to avoid possible hardware or software problem		
A	WARNING! Alerts you to any damage that might result from doing or not doing specific actions.	

#### **Server Warnings and Cautions**

Before installing a server, be sure that you understand the following warnings and cautions.



#### WARNING!

#### To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) electrical outlet that is easily accessible at all times
- Unplug all the power cords from the power supplies to disconnect power to the equipment.





- · Shock Hazard! Disconnect all power supply cords before servicing.
- Do not route the power cord where it can be walked on or pinched by items placed against it.
   Pay particular attention to the plug, electrical outlet, and the point where the cord extends from the server.



#### WARNING!

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



#### WARNING!

This server is equipped with high speed fans. Keep away from hazardous moving fan blades during servicing.



#### WARNING!

This equipment is intended to be used in Restrict Access Location. The access can only be gained by Skilled person. Only authorized by well trained professional person can access the restrict access location.



#### CAUTION!

- Do not operate the server for long periods with the access panel open or removed. Operating the server in this manner results in improper airflow and improper cooling that can lead to thermal damage.
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.



#### CAUTION!

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced incorrectly or with an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

# Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) CAUTION!

ESD CAN DAMAGE DRIVES, BOARDS, AND OTHER PARTS. WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU PERFORM ALL PROCEDURES AT AN ESD WORKSTATION. IF ONE IS NOT AVAILABLE, PROVIDE SOME ESD PROTECTION BY WEARING AN ANTI-STATIC WRIST STRAP ATTACHED TO CHASSIS GROUND -- ANY UNPAINTED METAL SURFACE -- ON YOUR SERVER WHEN HANDLING PARTS.

Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to ESD. Hold boards only by their edges without any component and pin touching. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

**System power on/off:** To remove power from system, you must remove the system from rack. Make sure the system is removed from the rack before opening the chassis, adding, or removing any non hot-plug components.

**Hazardous conditions, devices and cables:** Hazardous electrical conditions may be present on power, telephone, and communication cables. Turn off the system and disconnect the cables attached to the system before servicing it. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage can result.

**Electrostatic discharge (ESD) and ESD protection:** ESD can damage drives, boards, and other parts. We recommend that you perform all procedures in this chapter only at an ESD workstation. If one is not available, provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground (any unpainted metal surface on the server) when handling parts.

**ESD and handling boards:** Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Hold boards only by their edges. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

**Installing or removing jumpers:** A jumper is a small plastic encased conductor that slips over two jumper pins. Some jumpers have a small tab on top that can be gripped with fingertips or with a pair of fine needle nosed pliers. If the jumpers do not have such a tab, take care when using needle nosed pliers to remove or install a jumper; grip the narrow sides of the jumper with the pliers, never the wide sides. Gripping the wide sides can dam-age the contacts inside the jumper, causing intermittent problems with the function con-trolled by that jumper. Take care to grip with, but not squeeze, the pliers or other tool used to remove a jumper, or the pins on the board may bend or break.

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# **Chapter 1** Hardware Installation

## 1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard/system contain numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the service guide and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an
  electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- · Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

# 1-2 Product Specifications



#### NOTE:

We reserve the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.

System Dimension	<ul> <li>1U</li> <li>438mm (W) x 43.5mm (H) x 815mm (D)</li> </ul>	
<b>€</b> CPU	5th Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors 4th Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors Intel® Xeon® CPU Max Series Dual processor, TDP up to 385W	
	Note: If only 1 CPU is installed, some PCIe or memory functions might be unavailable	
Socket	<ul> <li>2 x LGA 4677</li> <li>Socket E</li> </ul>	
Chipset	• Intel® C741	
Security	<ul> <li>UEFI Secure Boot</li> <li>Silicon root of trust (Option)</li> <li>SNMP Support: V3</li> </ul>	
Memory	<ul> <li>32 x DIMM slots</li> <li>DDR5 memory supported</li> <li>8-Channel memory architecture</li> </ul>	
	5th Gen Intel® Xeon®:	
	• RDIMM: Up to 5600 MT/s (1DPC), 4400 MT/s (2DPC) [1]	
	4th Gen Intel® Xeon®:	
	• RDIMM: Up to 4800 MT/s (1DPC), 4400 MT/s (2DPC)	
	Intel® Xeon® Max Series:	
	• RDIMM: Up to 4800 MT/s (1DPC), 4400 MT/s (2DPC)	
	[1] 5600 MT/s support under 2DPC configuration requires verified memory and BIOS setup. Please refer to the QVL for more information.	
LAN	Rear (G-SCM board - CDCR112):  • 2 x 1Gb/s LAN (1 x Intel® I350-AM2)  - Support NCSI function	
	• 1 x 10/100/1000 Mbps Management LAN	
Video	Integrated in Aspeed® AST2600     -1 x Mini-DP	

Storage	Front hot-swap:  ◆ 4 x 3.5"/2.5" Gen4 NVMe/SATA/SAS [1]  - (NVMe from CPU_0)
	[1] SAS card is required to support SAS drives.
SAS	Require SAS add-in cards
RAID	<ul> <li>Intel® SATA RAID 0/1/10/5</li> <li>Onboard VROC key header</li> </ul>
Expansion Slot	<ul> <li>Riser Card CRS101J:</li> <li>1 x FHHL x16 (Gen5 x16), from CPU_0</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>1 x OCP NIC 3.0 (Gen5 x16), from CPU_0</li> <li>Supports NCSI function</li> </ul>
	1 x OCP NIC 3.0 (Gen5 x16), from CPU_1     Supports NCSI function
Front I/O	<ul> <li>2 x USB 3.2 Gen1 ports (Type-A)</li> <li>1 x Power button with LED</li> <li>1 x ID button with LED</li> <li>1 x NMI button</li> <li>1 x Reset button</li> <li>2 x LAN activity LEDs</li> <li>1 x Storage activity LED</li> <li>1 x System status LED</li> </ul>
Rear I/O  Backplane	G-SCM board - CDCR112:  2 x USB 3.2 Gen1 ports (Type-A)  1 x Mini-DP  2 x RJ45 ports  1 x MLAN port  1 x ID LED  Speed and bandwidth: PCle Gen4 x4 or SATA 6Gb/s or SAS 12Gb/s
Board Security Modules	1 x TPM header with SPI interface     Optional TPM2.0 kit: CTM010



- 1+1 1600W 80 PLUS Platinum redundant power supplies
- ◆ AC Input:
  - 100-120V~/ 12A, 50-60Hz
  - 200-240V~/ 10A. 50-60Hz
- DC Input: (Only for China)
  - 240Vdc/ 10A
- DC Output:
  - -Max 1000W/ 100-120V~
  - +12V// 81 5A
  - +12Vsb/ 2.5A
  - Max 1600W/ 200-240V or 240Vdc Input
  - +12V/ 133A
  - +12Vsb/ 2.5A

[Note] GIGABYTE offers PSUs with various efficiency ratings and power outputs. Full redundancy may depend on your server configuration, and alternative PSU options may be needed. Please contact our sales representatives for the best power solution.



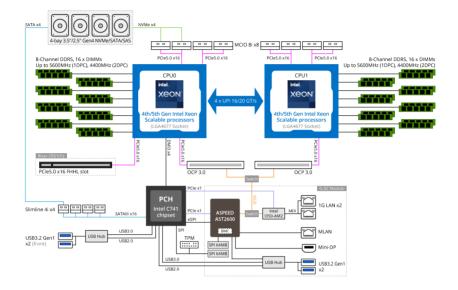
- Aspeed® AST2600 Baseboard Management Controller
- GIGABYTE Management Console web interface
- Dashboard
- HTMI 5 KVM
- Sensor Monitor (Voltage, RPM, Temperature, CPU Status ...etc.)
- Sensor Reading History Data
- FRU Information
- SEL Log in Linear Storage / Circular Storage Policy
- Hardware Inventory
- Fan Profile
- System Firewall
- Power Consumption
- Power Control
- Advanced power capping
- LDAP / AD / RADIUS Support
- Backup & Restore Configuration
- Remote BIOS/BMC/CPLD Update
- Event Log Filter
- User Management
- Media Redirection Settings
- PAM Order Settings
- SSL Settings
- SMTP Settings



- Operating temperature: 10°C to 35°C
- Operating humidity: 8%-80% (non-condensing)
- Non-operating temperature: -40°C to 60°C
- Non-operating humidity: 20%-95% (non-condensing)

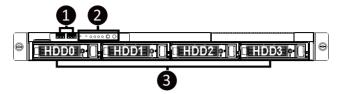
 $^{[Note]}$  To ensure system stability and prevent condensation, when the relative humidity exceeds 50%, the coolant inlet temperature must be higher than the drybulb temperature and it should not exceed 40°C.

# 1-3 System Block Diagram



# Chapter 2 System Appearance

# 2-1 Front View

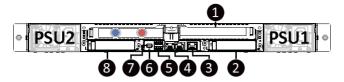


No.	Description	
1.	Front USB 3.2 Gen1 Ports	
2.	2. Front Panel LEDs and Buttons	
3.	3.5"/2.5" Drive Bays	
NOTE! Drives with green latches support NVMe.		



Please Go to Chapter 2-3 Front Panel LED and Buttons for detail description of function LEDs.

# 2-2 Rear View

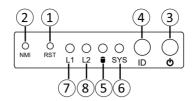


No.	Description		
1.	PCIe Slot		
2.	OCP 3.0 Slot (Option/SFF)		
3.	Management LAN Port		
4.	Data LAN Port x 2		
5.	USB 3.2 Gen1 Port x 2		
6.	ID LED		
7.	Mini DisplayPort		
8.	OCP 3.0 Slot (Option/SFF)		
Cod	olant Supply Valve Coolant Return Valve		



Remove the LAN Cable. See 3-10 Removing the LAN Cable on page 39.

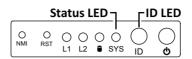
# 2-3 Front Panel LEDs and Buttons



No.	Name	Color	Status	Description
1.	Reset Button			Press the button to reset the system.
2.	NMI button			Press the button server generates a NMI to the processor if the multiple-bit ECC errors occur, which effectively halt the server.
3.	Power button	Green	On	System is powered on
Э.	with LED	N/A	Off	System is not powered on or in ACPI S5 state (power off)
4.	ID Button(Note)			Press the button to activate system identification
		0	On	HDD locate
		Green	Blink	HDD access
5.	HDD Status	Amber	On	HDD fault
	LED	Green/ Amber	Blink	HDD rebuilding
		N/A	Off	No HDD access or no HDD fault.
		Green	On	System is operating normally.
	System		On	Critical condition, may indicate: System fan failure System temperature
		Amber	Blink	Non-critical condition, may indicate:
6.	Status			Redundant power module failure
	LED(Note)			Temperature and voltage issue
				Chassis intrusion
				System is not ready, may indicate: POST error
		N/A	Off	NMI error
				Processor or terminator missing
	LAN 1/2	Green	On	Link between system and network or no access.
7/8.	Active/Link	Green	Blink	Data transmission or receiving is occuring
	LEDs	N/A	Off	No data transmission or receiving is occuring

(Note) If your server features RoT function, please see the following section for detail LED behavior.

# 2-3-1 RoT LEDs



	LED on Front panel(Note5)	
	ID LED	Status LED
EC Firmware (FW) Authentication fail or not exit		
EC FW is broken or not exit (Note1)	OFF	OFF
Authenticating/Recovering BMC/BIOS Images		
Authenticating Images	OFF	OFF
Recovering BMC Active Flash	Blinks Blue 4 times per second	Blinks Green 4 times per second
Recovering BIOS Active Flash	Blinks Blue 4 times per second	Blinks Green 4 times per second
Authentication (AUTH) Pass		
Recovering BIOS Active Flash	OFF	OFF
BMC : AUTH pass after doing recovery BIOS : AUTH pass after doing recovery	OFF	OFF
BMC : AUTH pass after doing recovery BIOS : AUTH pass	OFF	OFF
BMC : AUTH pass BIOS : AUTH pass after doing recovery	OFF	OFF
Active Flash Authentication (AUTH) Fail		
BMC : AUTH Fail <sup>(Note2)</sup>	Blinks Blue 1 time per second	Blinks Green 1 time per second
BIOS : AUTH fail (Note2)	Blinks Blue 1 time per second	Blinks Amber 1 time per second

	5"   5"	D		
	Blinks Blue	Blinks Green		
DMC - ALITU fail after daing recovery (Note3)	2 times per	2 times per		
BMC : AUTH fail after doing recovery <sup>(Note3)</sup>	second	second		
	[ON OFF OFF]	[ON OFF OFF]		
	Blinks Blue	Blinks Amber		
DIOC - AUTU fail after daine no com (Note3)	2 times per	2 times per		
BIOS : AUTH fail after doing recovery <sup>(Note3)</sup>	second	second		
	[ON OFF OFF]	[ON OFF OFF]		
Backup Flash Authentication Fail <sup>(Note4)</sup>				
	Blinks Blue	Blinks Green		
	2 times per	2 times per		
BMC : AUTH fail	second	second		
	[ON OFF	[ON OFF		
	ON OFF]	ON OFF]		
	Blinks Blue	Blinks Amber		
	2 times per	2 times per		
BIOS : AUTH fail	second	second		
	[ON OFF	[ON OFF		

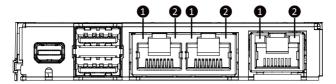
#### NOTE!

- 1. EC FW is broken or not exited result in Microchip CEC1702 cannot load EC FW for authentication.
- (1) Authentication fail include below scenarios Configuration table is missing or modified Public key is missing or modified Protected area or signature is modified

Flash empty

- If active flash is still authentication failed after recovery sequence, Microchip CEC1702 stop the process and showing LED behavior.
- 4. If backup flash authentication is failed cause by configuration table, public key or protected area is broken. Microchip CEC1702 stop the process and showing LED behavior.
- Front panel LED is controlled by BMC or Microchip CEC1702. Once Microchip CEC1702 is working(Auth or recovery), the front panel LED is controlled by Microchip CEC1702 and vice versa.

# 2-4 Rear System LAN LEDs



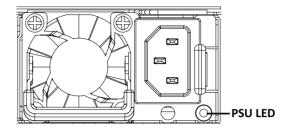
No.	Name	Color	Status	Description
	4015	Yellow	On	1 Gbps data rate
1.	1GbE Speed LED	Green	On	100 Mbps data rate
Speed LED	Opeed LLD	N/A	Off	10 Mbps data rate
1GbE	1015		On	Link between system and
	- Gieen		network or no access	
2.	2. Link/ Activity		Blink	Data transmission or receiving is occurring
	LED	N/A	Off	No data transmission or
				receiving is occurring

# 2-5 Power Supply Unit (PSU) LED



## NOTE!

The power supply may be vary based on the system configuration.



State	Description
OFF	No AC power to all power supplies
1Hz Green Blinking	AC present / only standby on / Cold redundant mode
2Hz Green Blinking	Power supply firmware updating mode
Amber	AC cord unplugged or AC power lost; with a second power supply in parallel still with AC input power
Ambei	Power supply critical event causing shut down: failure, OCP, OVP, fan failure and UVP
1Hz Amber Blinking	Power supply warning events where the power supply continues to operate: high temp, high power, high current and slow fan

# 2-6 Hard Disk Drive LEDs



RAID	SKU	LED #1	Locate	HDD Fault	Rebuilding	HDD Access	HDD Present (No Access)
	Disk LED (LED	Green	ON(*1)	OFF		BLINK (*2)	OFF
No RAID	on Back Panel)	Amber	OFF	OFF		OFF	OFF
configuration (via PCH, HBA)	Removed HDD Slot (LED on	Green	ON(*1)	OFF			
(via FOII, TIDA)	Back Panel)	Amber	OFF	OFF			
RAID		Green	ON	OFF		BLINK (*2)	OFF
configuration (via HW RAID Card or SW RAID Card)	Disk LED	Amber	OFF	ON	(Low Speed: 2 Hz)	OFF	OFF
	Removed	Green	ON(*1)	OFF	(*3)		
	HDD Slot	Amber	OFF	ON	(*3)		

LED #2	HDD Present	No HDD
Green	ON	OFF

#### NOTE:

- \*1: Depends on HBA/Utility Spec.
- \*2: Blink cycle depends on HDD's activity signal.
- \*3: If HDD is pulled out during rebuilding, the disk status of this HDD is regarded as faulty.

# Chapter 3 System Hardware Installation



#### Pre-installation Instructions

Computer components and electronic circuit boards can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Working on computers that are still connected to a power supply can be extremely dangerous. Follow the simple guidelines below to avoid damage to your computer or injury to yourself.

- Always disconnect the computer from the power outlet whenever you are working inside the computer case.
- If possible, wear a grounded wrist strap when you are working inside the computer case.
   Alternatively, discharge any static electricity by touching the bare metal system of the computer case, or the bare metal body of any other grounded appliance.
- Hold electronic circuit boards by the edges only. Do not touch the components on the board unless it is necessary to do so. Do not flex or stress the circuit board.
- Leave all components inside the static-proof packaging until you are ready to use the component for the installation.

# 3-1 Removing Chassis Cover

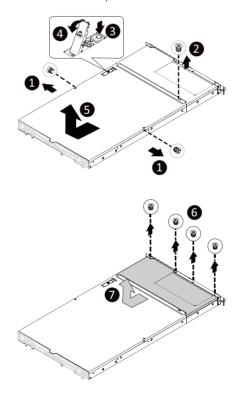


Before you remove or install the system cover

Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power.

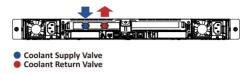
#### Follow these instructions to remove the chassis cover:

- Remove the screws on both sides of the back chassis cover. (Note: For safe shipping, installation screws are added and should be removed before deployment/putting it in the server cabinet.)
- 2. Remove the screw securing the back chassis cover.
- Push button to unlock the handle.
- 4. Pull the grip handle to open the panel cover.
- Slide the back chassis cover towards the rear and remove the chassis cover in the direction indicated
- 6. Remove the screws securing the front chassis cover.
- Slide the front chassis cover towards the rear and remove the chassis cover in the direction indicated.
- 8. To reinstall the chassis cover reverse steps 2-7.

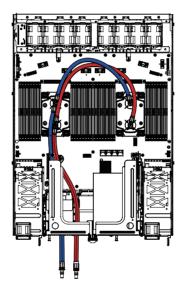


# 3-2 Liquid Cooling Assembly Information

The liquid cooling assembly is designed to capture heat from the processors in the node and cool the components. The coolant flow for the assembly is produced by the two quick disconnects at the rear of the server chassis.



The flow of the CPU coolant is shown below:



Flow Order	Component
First	Coolant into CPU
Second	CPU coolant return

## 3-2-1 Liquid Cooling Specifications

The cold plate assembly in the liquid cooling assembly mounts directly on top of the processors and GPUs. The retention mechanism for installation on top of the processors is integrated into the cold plate. The liquid coolant contained within the tubes, is a mixture of demineralized water and propylene glycol with the following beneficial features: Anti-Freeze, Anti-Corrosion and Anti Bacterial. The following table lists the features and specifications of the liquid cooling assembly.

Specification	Value							
Cold plate material	Copper							
Thermal Interface Material	Dowsil TC-5622							
Operating liquid temperature	Minimum: 5°C Maximum: 65°C							
Operating Air temperature	40°C							
Coolant Flow Rate	1.4 l/min							
Operating Humidity	5 - 90%							
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 70°C							
Storage Humidity	5 - 90%							
	Dimensions							
Operating liquid temperature  Maximum: 65°C  Operating Air temperature  40°C  Coolant Flow Rate  1.4 l/min  Operating Humidity  5 - 90%  Storage Temperature  -40°C to 70°C								
Weight	CPU 2.3148 lbs (1050g)							

#### NOTE:

To ensure system stability and prevent condensation, when the relative humidity exceeds 50%, the coolant inlet temperature must be higher than the dry-bulb temperature and it should not exceed 40°C.

# 3-3 Installing the CPU



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- · Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- · Unplug all cables from the power outlets.
- Disconnect all telecommunication cables from their ports.
- · Place the system unit on a flat and stable surface.
- · Open the system according to the instructions.



#### WARNING!

Failure to properly turn off the server before you start installing components may cause serious damage. Do not attempt the procedures described in the following sections unless you are a qualified service technician.

#### Follow these instructions to Install the CPU:

1. Align and install the processor on the carrier.

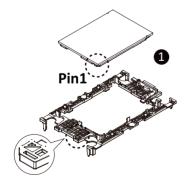
NOTE: Apply thermal compound evenly on the top of the CPU.

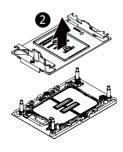
2. Remove the CPU socket cover.

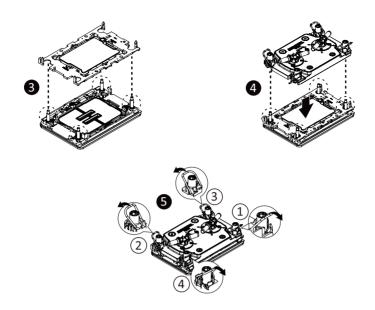
NOTE: Save and replace the CPU socket cover if the processor is removed from its socket.

- 3. Place the carrier assembly onto the top of the CPU socket.
- 4. Align the Coldplate with the CPU socket by the guide pins and ensure the gold arrow is in the correct direction. Then, place the Coldplate onto the top of the CPU.
- 5. Position the rotating wires into the latch position. Tighten the screws in sequential order  $(1\rightarrow 2\rightarrow 3\rightarrow 4)$ .

**NOTE:** When dissembling the Coldplate, loosen the screws in reverse order  $(4\rightarrow 3\rightarrow 2\rightarrow 1)$  and then move the rotating wires into the unlatch position.







## **Carrier Types used for Package Types**

Package Type	Xeon® SP XCC	Xeon® SP MCC	Xeon® SP+HBM
Carrier Code	E1A	E1B	E1C

#### NOTE!

- The carrier code is marked on each carrier and matches a code laser marked on to the IHS(Integrated Heat Spreader) to ensure the right parts are used together
- When installing the Coldplate to CPU, use T30-Lobe driver to tighten 4 captive nuts in sequence as 1-4.
- Please refer to the Coldplate Label for the screw tightening torque value.

# 3-4 Installing the Leak Sensor Board

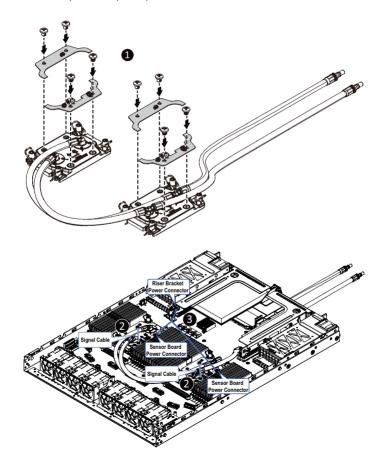


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the Leak Sensor Board:

- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing
  the Leak Sensor Board to prevent hardware damage.
- · Place the system unit on a flat and stable surface.

#### Follow these instructions to Install the Leak Sensor Board:

- To install the leak sensor board, align the sensor board on the coldplate. Secure the leak sensor boards with screws.
- 2. Connect the two leak sensor boards with a signal cable.
- 3. Connect the power cable to leak sensor board and riser bracket.
- 4. Reserve the previous steps to replace/remove the Leak Sensor Board.



# 3-5 Installing the Memory

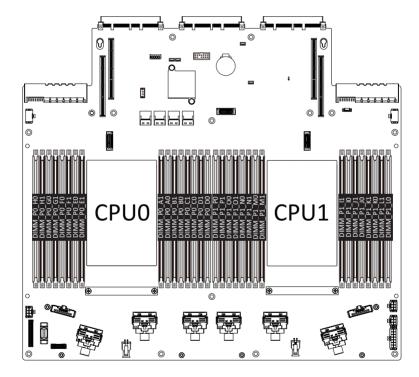


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing
  the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

## 3-5-1 Eight Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides 32 DDR5 memory slots and supports 8-Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory.



## 3-5-2 Installing the Memory

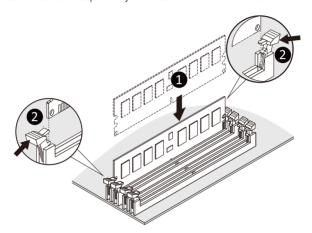


Before installing a memory module, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module.

Be sure to install DDR5 DIMMs on this motherboard.

#### Follow these instructions to install the Memory:

- 1. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot, and push it down.
- 2. Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM slots to lock the DIMM module.
- 3. Reverse the installation steps when you want to remove the DIMM module.



# 3-5-3 DIMM Population Table

#### 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors Memory Support

Туре	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIM	M Capacity	(GB)	Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); DIMM per Channel (DPC)  1DPC <sup>1</sup> 2DPC						
		16Gb	24Gb <sup>2</sup>	36Gb	1.1	V					
	SRx8 (RC D)	16GB	24GB	NA							
	SRx4 (RC C)	32GB	48GB	NA							
RDIMM	SRx4 (RC F) 9x4	32GB	NA	NA							
KDIIVIIVI	DRx8 (RC E)	32GB	48GB	NA	4000	4400					
	DRx4 (RC A)	64GB	96GB	128GB	4800	4400					
	DRx4 (RC B) 9x4	64GB	NA	NA							
RDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R)x4	2H-128GB	NA	NA							
L KDIIMIN 3D2	(RC A)	4H-256GB	INA	I NA							

NOTE:

<sup>1. 1</sup>DPC applies to 1SPC or 2SPC implementations (SPC - Sockets Per Channel)

<sup>2. 24</sup>Gb XCC only w/ limited configs: 1DPC all DIMM types, 2DPC 96GB only. Only 8 and 16 DIMM configs, no fallbacks.

#### 5th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors Memory Support

Туре	Ranks Per DIMM and	DIM	M Capacity	(GB)	Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); DIMM per Channel (DPC)							
	Data Width	16Gb	24Gb <sup>2</sup>	36Gb	1DPC <sup>1</sup>	2DPC						
					1.1	V						
	SRx8 (RC D)	16GB	24GB	NA								
RDIMM	SRx4 (RC C)	32GB	48GB	NA								
	SRx4 (RC F) 9x4	NA	NA	NA	5600 <sup>3</sup>							
KDIIWIWI	DRx8 (RC E)	32GB	48GB	NA	3000	4400 <sup>3</sup>						
	DRx4 (RC A)	64GB	96GB	128GB		4400						
	DRx4 (RC B) 9x4	NA	NA	NA								
RDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R)x4	2H-128GB	NA	NA	5600 <sup>4</sup>							
KDIIVIIVI 3D3	(RC A)	4H-256GB	INA	INA	5000							

- NOTE:
  1. 1DPC applies to 1SPC or 2SPC implementations (SPC Sockets Per Channel)
  2. 24Gb 2DPC not POR w/ 24GB and 48GB DIMMs.
  3. DDR5-5600 RDIMMs will be limited to 5600 MT/s 1DPC and 4400 MT/s 2DPC. DDR5-4800 DIMMs will be limited to 4800 MT/s 1DPC and 4400 MT/s 2DPC.
- 4. DDR5-5600 DIMMS are required for 5600 and 5200 1DPC speeds.

# 3-5-4 Processor and Memory Module Matrix Table

Memory Q'ty		CPU0											CPU1												_							
for each CPU	НО	Н1	G0	G1	F0	F1	E0	E1	A1	A0	B1	во	C1	C0	D1	D0	P0	P1	00	01	N0	N1	MΟ	М1	l1	10	J1	JO	K1	ко	L1	LO
1 DIMM										٧																v						
2 DIMM			v							v									v							v						
4 DIMM			v				v			v				v					v				v			v				v		
6 DIMM			v		v		v			v				v		v			v		v		v			v				v		v
8 DIMM	v		v		v		v			v		v		v		v	v		v		v		v			v		v		v		v
12 DIMM	v		v	v	v		v	v	v	v		v	v	v		v	v		v	v	v		v	v	v	v		v	v	v		v
16 DIMM	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v

#### NOTE!

There should be at least one DDR5 DIMM per socket.

# 3-6 Installing the PCI Expansion Card



Voltages can be present within the server whenever an AC power source is connected. This
voltage is present even when the main power switch is in the off position. Ensure that the
system is powered-down and all power sources have been disconnected from the server prior to
installing a PCle card.

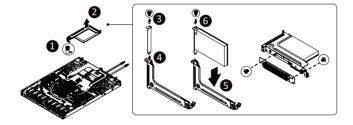
Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.



 The PCle riser assembly does not include a riser card or any cabling as standard. To install a PCle card, a riser card must be installed.

#### Follow these instructions for a PCI Expansion card:

- Loosen the thumbscrew securing the riser bracket.
- 2. Lift up the riser bracket out of system.
- 3. Remove the screw securing the slot cover from the riser bracket.
- 4. Remove the slot covers from the riser bracket.
- Orient the PCle card with the riser guide slot and push in the direction of the arrow until the PCle card sits in the PCle card connector.
- 6. Secure the PCIe card with the screw.
- 7. Reverse the previous steps to install the riser bracket.



# 3-7 Installing the Mezzanine Card

# 3-7-1 OCP 3.0



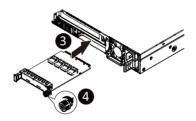
Use of the following type of OCP 3.0 NIC is recommended:

- OCP 3.0 SFF with Pull Tab
- · OCP 3.0 SFF with Ejector Latch

#### Follow these instructions to install an OCP 3.0 mezzanine card:

- 1. Remove the two screws securing the mezzanine card slot cover.
- 2. Remove the slot cover from the system.
- Insert the OCP 3.0 mezzanine card into the card slot ensuring that the card is firmly connected to the connector on the motherboard.
- 4. Tighten the thumbnail screw to secure the OCP 3.0 mezzanine card in place.
- 5. Reverse the previous steps to replace the OCP 3.0 mezzanine card.





# 3-8 Installing the Hard Disk Drive

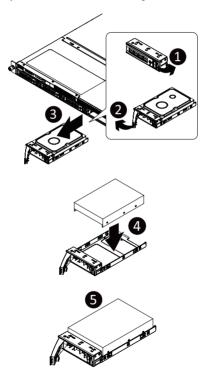


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the HDD:

- · Take note of the drive tray orientation before sliding it out.
- The tray will not fit back into the bay if inserted incorrectly.
- Make sure that the HDD is connected to the HDD connector on the backplane.

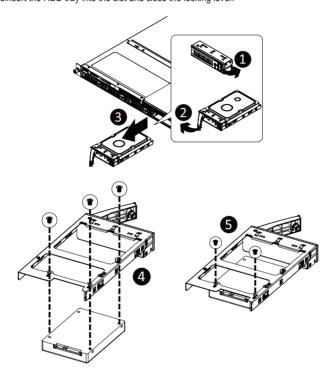
#### Follow these instructions to install a 3.5" HDD:

- 1. Press the release button.
- Extend the locking lever.
- 3. Pull the locking lever in the direction indicated to remove the HDD tray.
- 4. Align the hard disk drive with the positioning stud on the HDD tray.
- 5. Slide the hard disk drive into the HDD tray.
- 6. Reinsert the HDD tray into the slot and close the locking lever.



## Follow these instructions to install 2.5" hard disk drive into 3.5" HDD Tray:

- Press the release button.
- 2. Extend the locking lever.
- 3. Pull the locking lever in the direction indicated to remove the HDD tray.
- 4. Align the hard disk drive with the positioning screw on the HDD tray.
- 5. Secure the hard disk drive with five screws.
- 6. Reinsert the HDD tray into the slot and close the locking lever.



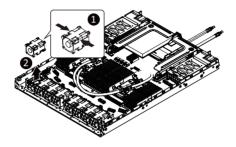
## 3-9 Replacing the Fan Assembly



- Voltages can be present within the server whenever an AC power source is connected. This
  voltage is present even when the main power switch is in the off position. Ensure that the
  system is powered-down and all power sources have been disconnected from the server prior to
  replacing a system fan.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.

#### Follow these instructions to replace the fan assembly:

- 1. Lift up the fan assembly from the chassis.
- 2. Reverse the previous steps to install the replacement fan assembly.



## 3-10 Replacing the Power Supply

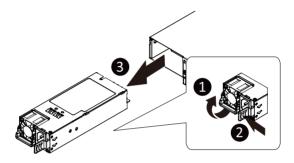


#### CAUTION!

 In order to reduce the risk of injury from electric shock, disconnect AC power from the power supply before removing the power supply from the system

#### Follow these instructions to replace the power supply:

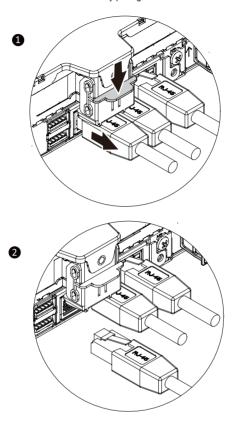
- 1. Flip and then grasp the power supply handle.
- 2. Press the retaining clip on the top side of the power supply in the direction indicated.
- 3. Pull out the power supply using the handle.
- Insert the replacement power supply firmly into the chassis. Connect the AC power cord to the replacement power supply.



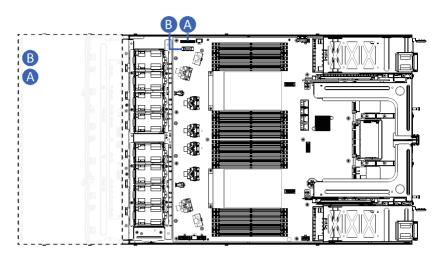
## 3-11 Removing the LAN Cable

## Follow these instructions to remove the LAN cable:

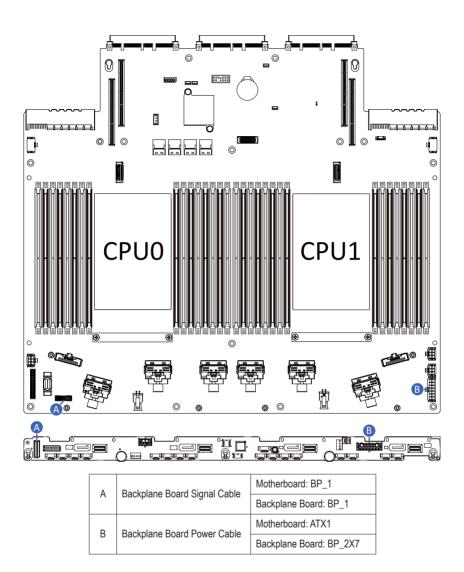
1. Press the release latch while simultaneously pulling out the LAN cable.

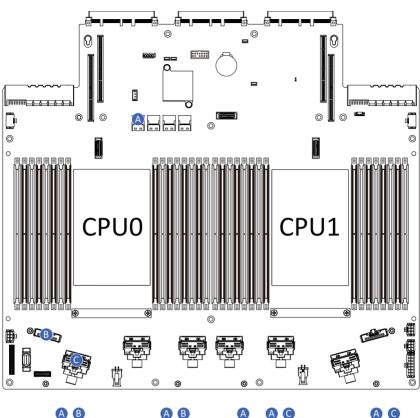


## 3-12 Cable Routing



Α	Front Switch/LED Cable	Motherboard: FP_1
		Front IO Board: FP_1
В	Front USB 3 Cable	Motherboard: F_USB1
		Front IO Board: F_USB3



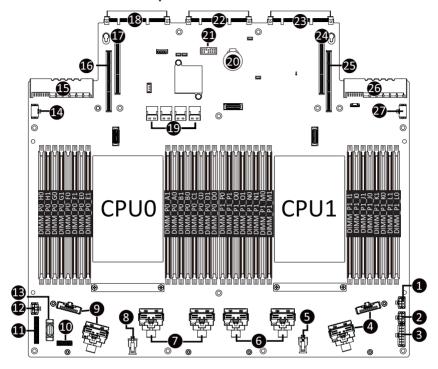




А	SATA Cable	Motherboard: SATA0
		Backplane Board: SATA0/ SATA1/ SATA2/ SATA3/ SGPIO
В	B NVMe Cable	Motherboard: U2_P0_3AC
В		Backplane Board: U.2_0/ U.2_1
С	NVMe Cable	Motherboard: U2_P0_3EG
		Backplane Board: U.2_2/ U.2_3

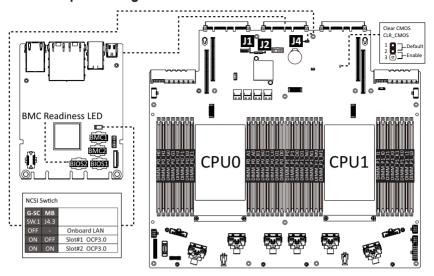
# **Chapter 4** Motherboard Components

## 4-1 Motherboard Components



Item	Description
1	2 x 3 Pin ATX Power Connector
2	2 x 3 Pin ATX Power Connector
3	2 x 7 Pin Power Connector
4	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_4GE/4CA)
5	2 x 2 Pin P12V Backplane Power Connector
6	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_3AC/3EG)
7	MCIO Connector (U2_P0_4GE/4CA)
8	2 x 2 Pin P12V Backplane Power Connector
9	MCIO Connector (U2_P0_3AC/3EG)
10	HDD Backplane Board Connector
11	Front Panel Connector
12	2 x 3 Pin ATX Power Connector
13	Front Panel USB 3.2 Gen1 Connector
14	P12V GPU Power Connector (P12V_S6)
15	Power Supply Connector#1 (Primary)
16	Riser Connector #1 (PCIe x16)
17	Riser Connector #2 (PCIe x16)
18	OCP 3.0 Connector (PCIe Gen5 x16)
19	SlimLine Connector (Left to Right SATA0/SATA1/SATA2/SATA3)
20	System Battery
21	TPM Module Connector (SPI Interface)
22	G-SC Module Connector
23	OCP 3.0 Connector (PCIe Gen5 x16)
24	Riser Connector #3 (PCIe x16)
25	Riser Connector #4 (PCle x16)
26	Power Supply Connector#2 (Secondary)
27	P12V GPU Power Connector (P12V_S11)

## 4-2 Jumper Setting

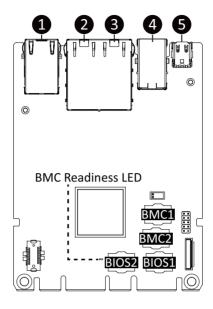


J1		ON	OFF
1	HSMB_SEL	BIOS Defined	
2	PMBUS_SEL	BIOS Defined	
3	S3_MASK	Stop initial power on when BMC is not ready	Normal [Default]
4	DB_PLD	CPLD Debug Mode	Normal [Default]

J2		ON	OFF
1	ME_UPDATE	Force ME Update	Normal [Default]
2	BIOS_PWD	Clear Supervisor Password	Normal [Default]
3	BIOS_RCVR	BIOS Recovery Mode	Normal [Default]
4	ME_RCVR	ME Recovery Mode	Normal [Default]

## 4-3 G-SC Module

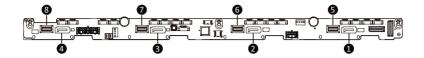
## 4-3-1 CDCR112



Item	Description
1	10/100/1000 Server Management LAN Port
2	1GbE LAN Port #2
3	1GbE LAN Port #1
4	USB 3.2 Gen1 Port x 2
5	Mini DP Port

## 4-4 Backplane Board Storage Connector

## 4-4-1 CBP1047



Item	Description
1	SATA Connector (SATA0)
2	SATA Connector (SATA1)
3	SATA Connector (SATA2)
4	SATA Connector (SATA3)
5	SlimLine Connector (SFF-8654 4i/U.2_0)
6	SlimLine Connector (SFF-8654 4i/U.2_1)
7	SlimLine Connector (SFF-8654 4i/U.2_2)
8	SlimLine Connector (SFF-8654 4i/U.2_3)

## Chapter 5 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the EFI on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters, loading the operating system etc. The BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the <DEL> key during the POST when the power is turned on.



- BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter any problems when using the current BIOS version, it is recommended that you don't flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system
  instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's
  failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values.
  (Refer to the Exit section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in
  Chapter 4 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

#### **BIOS Setup Program Function Keys**

<←><→>	Move the selection bar to select the screen
<↑><↓>	Move the selection bar to select an item
<+>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<->	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<enter></enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu
<esc></esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program
	Submenus: Exit current submenu
<f1></f1>	Show descriptions of general help
<f3></f3>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<f9></f9>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<f10></f10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program

#### ■ Main

This setup page includes all the items of the standard compatible BIOS.

#### Advanced

This setup page includes all the items of AMI BIOS special enhanced features. (ex: Auto detect fan and temperature status, automatically configure hard disk parameters.)

#### ■ Chipset

This setup page includes all the submenu options for configuring the functions of the Platform Controller Hub.

#### ■ Server Management

Server additional features enabled/disabled setup menus.

#### ■ Security

Change, set, or disable supervisor and user password. Configuration supervisor password allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup.

A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

A user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

#### ■ Boot

This setup page provides items for configuration of the boot sequence.

#### Save & Exit

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

#### 5-1 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter other sub-menu.

#### Main Menu Help

The on-screen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu.

#### Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- When the system is not stable as usual, select the **Restore Defaults** item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.





Parameter	Description	
BIOS Information		
Project Name	Displays the project name information.	
Project Version	Displays version number of the BIOS setup utility.	
Build Date and Time	Displays the date and time when the BIOS setup utility was created.	
BMC Information <sup>(Note1)</sup>		
BMC Firmware Version <sup>(Note1)</sup>	Displays BMC firmware version information.	
Processor Information		
CPU Brand String/ Max CPU Speed / CPU Signature / Processor Core / Microcode Patch	Displays the technical information for the installed processor(s).	
Platform Information		
Processor/ PCH/ RC Revision	Displays the information of the installed processor(s) and PCH.	
Memory Information <sup>(Note2)</sup>		
Total Memory	Displays the total memory size of the installed memory.	
Usable Memory	Displays the usable memory size of the installed memory.	

(Note1) Functions available on selected models.

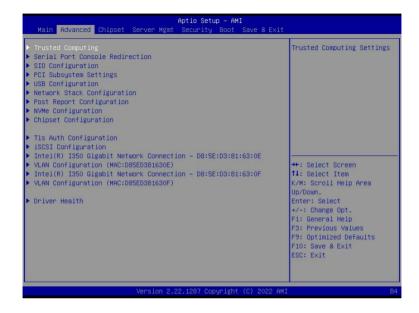
(Note2) This section will display capacity and frequency information of the memory that the customer has installed.

Parameter	Description
Memory Frequency	Displays the frequency information of the installed memory.
Onboard LAN Information <sup>(Note3)</sup>	
LAN# MAC Address	Displays LAN MAC address information.
System Date	Sets the date following the weekday-month-day-year format.
System Time	Sets the system time following the hour-minute-second format.

(Note3) The number of LAN ports listed will depend on the motherboard / system model.

## 5-2 Advanced Menu

The Advanced Menu displays submenu options for configuring the function of various hardware components. Select a submenu item, then press <Enter> to access the related submenu screen.



## 5-2-1 Trusted Computing



Parameter	Description
Configuration	
TPM v1.2 Support	Enable/Disable BIOS support for security device. OS will not show security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.  Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .

#### 5-2-2 Serial Port Console Redirection



Parameter	Description
COM1 Console Redirection <sup>(Note)</sup>	Console redirection enables the users to manage the system from a remote location.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
COM1 Console Redirection Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Please note that this item is configurable when COM1 Console  Redirection is set to Enabled.  ◆ Terminal Type  — Selects a terminal type to be used for console redirection.  — Options available: VT100, VT100PLUS, VT-UTF8, ANSI. Default setting is VT100PLUS.  ◆ Bits per second  — Selects the transfer rate for console redirection.  — Options available: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200. Default setting is 115200.  ◆ Data Bits  — Selects the number of data bits used for console redirection.  — Options available: 7, 8. Default setting is 8.

#### Parameter

#### Description

#### Parity

- A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors.
- Even: parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even.
- Odd: parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd.
- Mark: parity bit is always 1. Space: Parity bit is always 0.
- Mark and Space Parity do not allow for error detection.
- Options available: None, Even, Odd, Mark, Space. Default setting is None.

#### Stop Bits

- Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning). The standard setting is 1 stop bit.
   Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit
- Options available: 1, 2. Default setting is 1.

#### Flow Control

- Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.
- Options available: None, Hardware RTS/CTS. Default setting is None.

#### VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

- Enable/Disable the VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support.
- Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

#### Recorder Mode

- When this mode enabled, only texts will be send. This is to capture Terminal data.
- Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.

#### Resolution 100x31

- Enable/Disable extended terminal resolution.
- Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

#### Putty KeyPad

- Selects Function Key and KeyPad on Putty.
- Options available: VT100, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, VT400.
   Default setting is VT100.

## COM1 Console Redirection Settings (continued)

Parameter	Description
Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management / Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) Console Redirection <sup>(Note)</sup>	EMS console redirection allows the user to configure Console Redirection Settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
Serial Port for Out-of-Band EMS Console Redirection Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Please note that this item is configurable when Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management EMS Console Redirection is set to Enabled.  ◆ Out-of-Band Mgmt Port  − Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Service (EMS) allows for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port.  − Default setting is COM1.  ◆ Terminal Type EMS  − Selects a terminal type to be used for console redirection.  − Options available: VT100, VT100PLUS, VT-UTF8, ANSI. Default setting is VT100PLUS.  ◆ Bits per second EMS  − Selects the transfer rate for console redirection.  − Options available: 9600, 19200, 57600, 115200. Default setting is 115200.  ◆ Flow Control EMS  − Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.  − Options available: None, Hardware RTS/CTS, Software Xon/Xoff. Default setting is None.

## 5-2-3 SIO Configuration

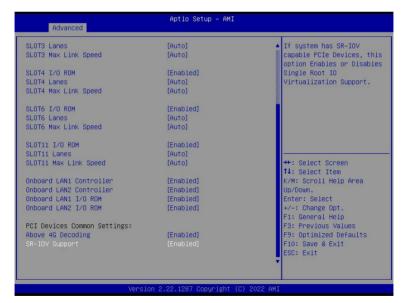


Parameter	Description
AMI SIO Driver Version	Displays the AMI SIO driver version information.
Super IO Chip Logical Device(s) Configuration	Displays the AMI SIO driver version information.  Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  ◆ Use This Device  − When set to Enabled allows you to configure the serial port settings.  When set to Disabled, displays no configuration for the serial port.  − Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.  ◆ Logical Device Settings/Current:  − Displays the serial port base I/O address and IRQ.  ◆ Possible:
[*Active*] Serial Port	- Configures the serial port base I/O address and IRQ. Use Automatic Settings IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=2F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=3E8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=2E8h; IRQ=4; DMA; Default setting is <b>Use Automatic Settings</b> .

## 5-2-4 PCI Subsystem Settings



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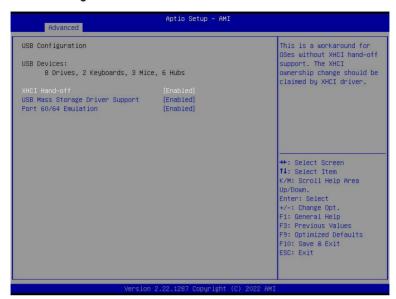


Parameter	Description
PCI Bus Driver Version	Displays the PCI Bus Driver version information.
SLOT# I/O ROM <sup>(Note1)</sup>	When enabled, this setting will initialize the device expansion ROM for the related PCI-E slot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
SLOT# Lanes <sup>(Note1)</sup>	Change the PCIe lanes. Default setting is <b>Auto</b> .
SLOT# Max Link Speed <sup>(Note1)</sup>	Configure PCIe max link speed. Options available: Auto, Gen1, Gen2, Gen3, Gen4, Gen5. Default setting is <b>Auto</b> .
Onboard LAN1/LAN2 I/O Controller <sup>(Note2)</sup>	Enable/Disable the onboard LAN controller. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Onboard LAN1/ LAN2 I/O ROM(Note2)	Enable/Disable the onboard LAN devices, and initializes device expansion ROM.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
PCI Devices Common Settings	
Above 4G Decoding	Enable/Disable memory mapped I/O to 4GB or greater address space (Above 4G Decoding). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
SR-IOV Support	If the system has SR-IOV capable PCIe devices, this item Enable/Disable Single Root IO Virtualization Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .

(Note1) This section is dependent on the available PCle Slot.

(Note2) This section is dependent on the available LAN controller.

## 5-2-5 USB Configuration



Parameter	Description
USB Configuration	
USB Devices:	Displays the USB devices connected to the system.
XHCI Hand-off	Enable/Disable the XHCI (USB 3.0) Hand-off support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
USB Mass Storage Driver Support <sup>(Note)</sup>	Enable/Disable the USB Mass Storage Driver Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Port 60/64 Emulation	Enables the I/O port 60h/64h emulation support. This should be enabled for the complete USB Keyboard Legacy support for non-USB aware OSes.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .

(Note) This item is present only if you attach USB devices.

## 5-2-6 Network Stack Configuration



Parameter	Description
Network Stack	Enable/Disable the UEFI network stack.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Ipv4 PXE Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv4 PXE feature.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Ipv4 HTTP Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv4 HTTP feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
Ipv6 PXE Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv6 PXE feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
Ipv6 HTTP Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv6 HTTP feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
PXE boot wait time	Wait time in seconds to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot.  Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.
Media detect count	Number of times the presence of media will be checked.  Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.

## 5-2-7 Post Report Configuration



Parameter	Description
Post Report Configuration	
Error Message Report	
Post Error Message	Enable/Disable the POST Error Message support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Halt On	Options available: No Error, All Error. Default setting is No Error.

## 5-2-8 NVMe Configuration



Parameter	Description
NVMe Configuration	Displays the NVMe devices connected to the system.
NVMe OPROM Select	Options available: BIOS Build-In, NVMe Device. Default setting is <b>BIOS</b> Build-In.

## 5-2-9 Chipset Configuration



Parameter	Description
Restore on AC Power Loss <sup>(Note)</sup>	Defines the power state to resume to after a system shutdown that is due to an interruption in AC power. When set to Last State, the system will return to the active power state prior to shutdown. When set to Power Off, the system remains off after power shutdown. Options available: Last State, Power Off, Power On, Unspecified. The default setting depends on the BMC setting.
P2P Bridge IO Size	Specifies P2P Bridge IO aligned to the size.  Options available: 0x100, 0x150, 0x1000. Default setting is <b>0x1000</b> .
SATA HDD Security Frozen	Enable/Disable this item to send freeze lock command to SATA HDD. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
NVMe SSD Security Frozen	Attempt to send freeze lock command to NVMe SSDs during boot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Chassis Opened Warning	Enable/Disable the chassis intrusion alert function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled, Clear. Default setting is Disabled.

(Note) When the power policy is controlled by BMC, please wait for 15-20 seconds for BMC to save the last power state.

## 5-2-10 Tls Auth Configuration



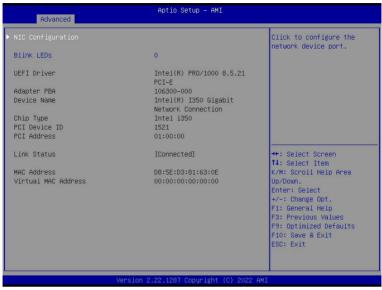
Parameter	Description
	Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.
	Enroll Cert
	- Press [Enter] to enroll a certificate
	Enroll Cert Using File
Conver CA Configuration	Cert GUID
Server CA Configuration	Input digit character in 1111111-2222-3333-4444-1234567890ab
	format.
	<ul> <li>Commit Changes and Exit</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Discard Changes and Exit</li> </ul>
	Delete Cert
Client Cert Configuration	Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

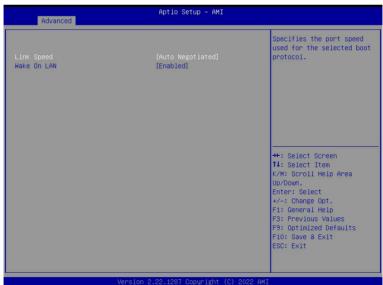
## 5-2-11 iSCSI Configuration



Parameter	Description
Attempt Priority	Press [Enter] configure advanced items.  Attempt Priority  Use arrow keys to select the attempt, then press +/- keys to move the attempt up/down in the attempt order list.  Commit Changes and Exit
Host iSCSI Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  • iSCSI Initiator Name  - Only IQN format is accepted. Range: from 4 to 223  • Add an Attempt  • Delete Attempts  • Change Attempt Order

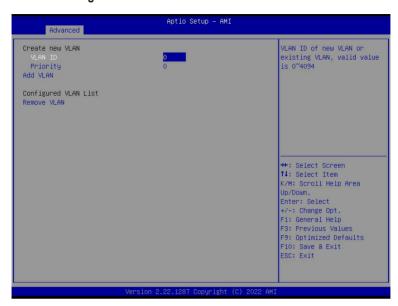
## 5-2-12 Intel(R) Ethernet Controller X710 for 10GBASE-T





Parameter	Description
NIC Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Link Speed  Allows for automatic link speed adjustment.  Options available: Auto Negotiated, 10 Mbps Half, 10 Mbps Full, 100 Mbps Half, 100 Mbps Full. Default setting is Auto Negotiated.  Wake On LAN  Enables power on of the system via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in the operating system does not change the value of this setting, but does override the behavior of Wake on LAN in OS controlled power states.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.
Blink LEDs	Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED.  Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values (up to 15 seconds).
UEFI Driver	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Adapter PBA	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Device Name	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Chip Type	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
PCI Device ID	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
PCI Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Link Status	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
MAC Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Virtual MAC Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

## 5-2-13 VLAN Configuration



Parameter	Description
Enter Configuration Menu	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Create new VLAN  VLAN ID  Sets VLAN ID for a new VLAN or an existing VLAN.  Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.  The valid range is from 0 to 4094.  Priority  Sets 802.1Q Priority for a new VLAN or an existing VLAN.  Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.  The valid range is from 0 to 7.  Add VLAN  Press [Enter] to create a new VLAN or update an existing VLAN.  Configured VLAN List  Remove VLAN  Press [Enter] to remove an existing VLAN.

### 5-2-14 Driver Health



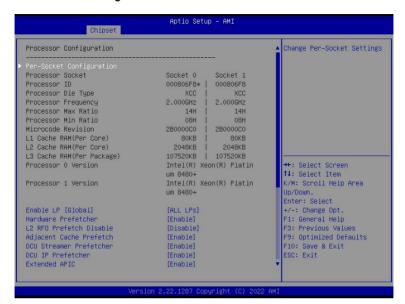
Parameter	Description
Driver Health	Displays driver health status of the devices/controllers if installed

## 5-3 Chipset Menu

Chipset Setup menu displays submenu options for configuring the function of Platform Controller Hub(PCH). Select a submenu item, then press <Enter> to access the related submenu screen.



### 5-3-1 Processor Configuration



Aptio Setup - AMI Chipset Processor O Version Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platin ▲ Displays and provides um 8480+ option to change the Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platin Processor 1 Version Processor CFR Settings um 8480+ Enable LP [Global] [ALL LPs] Hardware Prefetcher [Enable] L2 RFO Prefetch Disable [Disable] Adjacent Cache Prefetch [Enable] DCU Streamer Prefetcher [Enable] DCU IP Prefetcher [Enable] Extended APIC [Enable] Enable Intel(R) TXT [Disable] [Enable] →+: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enable SMX [Disable] AES-NI [Enable] K/M: Scroll Help Area Up/Down. Debug Consent [Disable] Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. TME, TME-MT, TDX F1: General Help Memory Encryption (TME) [Disabled] F3: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults SGX setup configuration preconditions for enabling were NOT met. Please check TME. MirrorMode or Extended APIC settings. F10: Save & Exit ESC: Exit

Parameter	Description
Processor Configuration	
Pre-Socket Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  CPU Socket 0 Configuration  Core Disable Bitmap(Hex)  Number of Cores to enable. 0 means all cores. FFFFFFF means to disable all cores. The maximum value depends on the number of CPUs available. Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values.
Processor Socket / Processor ID / Processor Die Type / Processor Frequency / Processor Max Ratio / Processor Min Ratio / Microcode Revision / L1 Cache RAM(Per Core) / L2 Cache RAM(Per Core) / L3 Cache RAM(Per Package) / Processor # Version	Displays the technical specifications for the installed processor(s).
Enable LP [Global]	Enables Logical processor (Software Method to Enable/Disable Logical Processor threads).  Options available: ALL LPs, Single LP. Default setting is <b>ALL LPs</b> .
Hardware Prefetcher	Select whether to enable the speculative prefetch unit of the processor. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
L2 RF0 Prefetch Disable	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Disable</b> .
Adjacent Cache Prefetch	When enabled, cache lines are fetched in pairs. When disabled, only the required cache line is fetched.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	Enable/Disable DCU streamer prefetcher. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
DCU IP Prefetcher	Enable/Disable DCU IP Prefetcher. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Extended APIC	Enable/Disable extended APIC support. Note: The VT-d will be enabled automatically when x2APIC is enabled.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable.</b>
Enable Intel(R) TXT	Enable/Disable the Intel Trusted Execution Technology support function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Disable</b> .
VMX	Enable/Disable the Vanderpool Technology. This will take effect after rebooting the system.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Enable SMX	Enable/Disable the Safer Mode Extensions (SMX) support function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Disable</b> .
AES-NI	Enable/Disable the AES-NI support. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Debug Consent	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Disable</b> .

Parameter	Description
Memory Encryption (TME)(Note)	Enable/Disable memory encryption (TME). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
Total Memory Encryption Multi-Tenant (TME-MT)	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
Processor CFR Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Provision S3M CFR Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable.  Manual Commit S3M FW CFR Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.  Provision PUcode CFR Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable.  Manual Commit PUcode CFR Options available: Enable, Disable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.  Socket0 CFR Revision Info Displays CFR Revision information of the socket.

### 5-3-2 Common RefCode Configuration



Parameter	Description
Common RefCode Configuration	
Numa	Enable/Disable Non uniform Memory Access(NUMA). Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Virtual Numa	Divide physical NUMA nodes into evenly sized virtual NUMA nodes in ACPI table. This may improve Windows performance on CPUs with more than 64 logical processors.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Disable</b> .

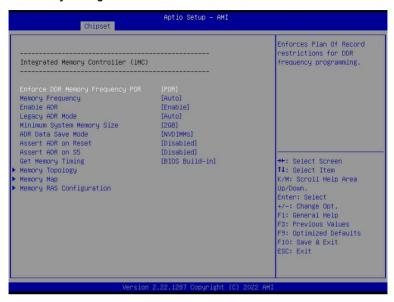
# 5-3-3 UPI Configuration



Parameter	Description
UPI General Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  UPI Status Press [Enter] to view the Uncore status.  Link Frequency Select Selects the UPI link frequency. Options available: 12.8GT/s, 14.4GT/s, 16.0GT/s, Auto, Use Per Link Setting. Default setting is Auto.  SNC Enable/Disable Sub NUMA Cluster function. Options available: Auto, Disable, Enable SNC2 (2-clusters), Enable SNC4 (4-clusters). Default setting is Auto.  Stale AtoS Enable/Disable Stale A to S directory optimization. Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.  LLC dead line alloc Enable/Disable fill dead lines in LLC. Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Enable.  MMIO High Base Options available: 56T, 40T, 32T, 24T, 16T, 4T, 2T, 1T, 512G, 3584T. Default setting is 32T.

Parameter	De	Description	
	*	MMIO High Granularity Size	
		<ul> <li>Selects the allocation size used to assign mmioh resources.</li> </ul>	
UPI General Configuration		- Options available: 1G, 4G, 16G, 64G, 256G, 1024G. Default setting is	
(continued)		64G.	
	•	Clock Modulation Enabled	
		<ul> <li>Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.</li> </ul>	

### 5-3-4 Memory Configuration



Parameter	Description
Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)	
	When set to Enable, the system enforces Plan Of Record restrictions
Enforce DDR Memory Frequency POR	for DDR frequency programming.
	Options available: POR, Disable. Default setting is <b>POR</b> .
	Configures the maximum memory frequency. If Enforce POR is
Memory Frequency	disabled, user will be able to run at higher frequencies than the
Memory r requericy	memory support (limited by processor support).
	Default setting is <b>Auto</b> .
	Enables the detecting and enabling of ADR (Asynchronous DRAM
Enable ADR	Refresh) function.
	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Laggay ADR Mada	Enable/Disable the Legacy ADR Mode.
Legacy ADR Mode	Options available: Enable, Disable, Auto. Default setting is <b>Auto</b> .
Minimum Custom Mamony Cina	Configures the minimum memory size.
Minimum System Memory Size	Options available: 2GB, 4GB, 6GB, 8GB. Default setting is <b>2GB</b> .
	Specifies the Data Save Mode for ADR. Batterybacked or Type 01
ADR Data Save Mode	NVDIMM.
ADR Data Save Mode	Options available: Disable, Batterybacked DIMMs, NVDIMMs, Copy
	to Flash. Default setting is <b>NVDIMMs</b> .
Assert ADR on Reset	Enable/Disable Assert ADR on Reset.
ASSETTADIT OII NESEL	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .

Parameter	Description
Assert ADR on S5	Enable/Disable Assert ADR on S5. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
Get Memory Timing	Auto is the detected SPD value and use it, otherwise use BIOS Build-in. Options available: Auto, BIOS Build-in. Default setting is <b>BIOS Build-in</b> .
Memory Topology	Press [Enter] to view memory topology with DIMM population information.
Memory Map <sup>(Note1)</sup>	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Volatile Memory Mode  Selects 1LM or 2LM mode for volatile memory.  Options available: 1LM, 2LM. Default setting is 2LM.
Memory RAS Configuration	<ul> <li>Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.</li> <li>Mirror Mode (Note2)</li> <li>Mirror Mode will set entire 1LM memory in system to be mirrored, consequently reducing the memory capacity by half. Enables the Mirror Mode will disable the XPT Prefetch.</li> <li>Options available: Disabled, Full Mirror Mode, Partial Mirror Mode. Default setting is Disabled.</li> <li>Partial Mirror 1 Size (GB)</li> <li>Selects multiplier of 1GB for the size of the SAD to be created.</li> <li>Correctable Error Threshold</li> <li>Correctable Error Threshold (0x01-0x7fff) used for sparing, and leaky bucket.</li> <li>Press the &lt;+&gt; / &lt;-&gt; keys to increase or decrease the desired values.</li> <li>Trigger SW Error Threshold(Note2)</li> <li>Enable/Disable Sparing trigger SW Error Match Threshold.</li> <li>Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is Disabled.</li> <li>SW Per Bank Threshold</li> <li>SW Per Bank Threshold (1-0x7FFF) used for DDR bank level error.</li> <li>Press the &lt;+&gt; / &lt;-&gt; keys to increase or decrease the desired values.</li> <li>SW Correctable Error Time Window</li> <li>SW Correctable Error Time window based interface in hour (0-24).</li> <li>Press the &lt;+&gt; / &lt;-&gt; keys to increase or decrease the desired values.</li> <li>Leaky bucket time window based interface?</li> <li>Enable/Disable leaky bucket time window based interface.</li> <li>Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is Disabled.</li> </ul>

(Note1) Advanced items prompt when HBM CPU is installed.

(Note2) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

Parameter	Description
	Leaky bucket time window based interface Hour     Leaky bucket time window based interface hour used for DDR
	(0-24).
	<ul> <li>Press the &lt;+&gt; / &lt;-&gt; keys to increase or decrease the desired values.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Leaky bucket time window based interface Minute</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Leaky bucket time window based interface minute used for DDR (0-60).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Press the &lt;+&gt; / &lt;-&gt; keys to increase or decrease the desired values.</li> </ul>
	Leaky bucket low bit
	<ul> <li>Configures leaky bucket low bit (0x1 - 0x29).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Press the &lt;+&gt; / &lt;-&gt; keys to increase or decrease the desired</li> </ul>
	values.
	<ul> <li>Leaky bucket high bit</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Configures leaky bucket high bit (0x1 - 0x29).</li> </ul>
Memory RAS Configuration (continued)	<ul> <li>Press the &lt;+&gt; / &lt;-&gt; keys to increase or decrease the desired values.</li> </ul>
(00.11.11.00)	◆ ADDDC Sparing <sup>(Note)</sup>
	<ul> <li>Enable/Disable ADDDC Sparing.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is</li> <li>Disabled.</li> </ul>
	Enable ADDDC Error Injection
	<ul> <li>Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is Enabled.</li> </ul>
	Patrol Scrub
	<ul> <li>Options available: Disabled, Enable at End of POST. Default setting is Enable at End of POST.</li> </ul>
	Patrol Scrub Interval
	Selects the number of hours (1-24) required to complete full scrub. A value of zero means auto.
	DDR5 ECS
	<ul> <li>Options available: Disabled, Enabled, Enable ECS with Result Collection. Default setting is Enabled.</li> </ul>

Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

(Note)

# 5-3-5 IIO Configuration



Parameter	Description
IIO Configuration	
Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Intel® VT for Directed I/O  Enable/Disable the Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) support function by reporting the I/O device assignment to VMM through DMAR ACPI Tables.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.  ACS Control  Enable: Programs ACS only to Chipset PCle Root Ports Bridges.  Disable: Programs ACS to all PCle bridges.  Default setting is Enable.  Cache Allocation  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.  Opt-Out Illegal MSI Mitigation  Enable/Disable Opt-Out Illegal 0xFEE Platform Mitigation.  Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Disable.  DMA Control Opt-In Flag  Enable/Disable DMA_CTRL_PLATFORM_OPT_IN_FLAG in DMAR table in ACPI. Not compatible with Direct Device Assignment (DDA).  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.

Parameter	Description
	<ul> <li>Interrupt Remapping         <ul> <li>Enable/Disable the interrupt remapping support function.</li> <li>Options available: Auto, Enable, Disable. Default setting is Auto</li> </ul> </li> <li>x2APIC Opt Out         <ul> <li>Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pre-boot DMA Protection         <ul> <li>Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Intel® VMD technology	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Intel® VMD Configuration  Enable/Disable Intel® VMD technology.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.  Intel® VMD for Non-Hotplug NVMe(Note)  Enable/Disable Intel® VMD for Non-Hotplug NVMe.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.

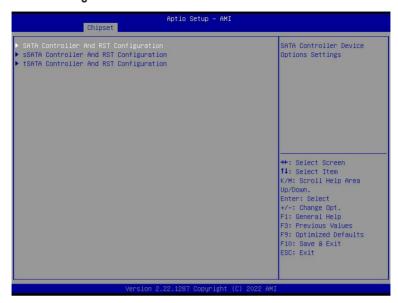
### 5-3-6 Advanced Power Management Configuration



Parameter	Description
CPU P State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  SpeedStep (Pstates)  Conventional Intel SpeedStep Technology switches both voltage and frequency in tandem between high and low levels in response to processor load.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.  Turbo Mode  When this item is enabled, the processor will automatically ramp up the clock speed of 1-2 of its processing cores to improve its performance. When this item is disabled, the processor will not overclock any of its core.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
Hardware PM State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  ◆ Hardware P-States  - When this item is disabled, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS Request (Legacy P-States).  - In Native mode, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS guidance.  - In Out of Band mode, the processor hardware autonomously chooses a P-state (with no OS guidance).  - Options available: Disable, Native Mode, Out of Band Mode, Native Mode with No Legacy Support. Default setting is Native Mode.

Parameter	Description
CPU C State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  • Enable Monitor MWAIT  - Allows Monitor and MWAIT instructions.  - Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.  • CPU C6 Report  - Enable/Disable CPU C6(ACPI C3) report to OS.  - Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.  • Enhanced Halt State (C1E)  - Core C1E auto promotion control. Takes effect after reboot.  - Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
Package C State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Package C State Configures the state for the C-State package limit. Options available: C0/C1 state, C2 state, C6(non Retention) state, C6(Retention) state, No Limit, Auto. Default setting is Auto.
CPU - Advanced PM Tuning	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  ◆ Energy Perf BIAS  − Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  » Power Performance Tuning  • Options available: OS Controls EPB, BIOS Controls EPB, PECI Controls EPB. Default setting is OS Controls EPB.  » Energy_PERF_BIAS_CFG mode <sup>(Note)</sup> • Options available: Performance, Balanced Performance, Balanced Power, Power. Default setting is Balanced Performance.

### 5-3-7 PCH Configuration



Parameter	Description
PCH-IO Configuration	
SATA And RST Configuration/ SATA Controller And RST Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  ◆ SATA Configuration  - Enable/Disable SATA controller.  - Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.  ◆ SATA Mode Selection  - Configures on chip SATA type.  - AHCI Mode: When set to AHCI, the SATA controller enables its AHCI functionality. Then the RAID function is disabled and cannot be access the RAID setup utility at boot time.  - RAID Mode: When set to RAID, the SATA controller enables both its RAID and AHCI functions. You will be allowed to access the RAID setup utility at boot time.  - Options available: AHCI, RAID. Default setting is AHCI.  ◆ RAID Device ID <sup>(Note)</sup> - Choose RAID Device ID.  - Options available: Client, Alternate, Server. Default setting is Server.  ◆ SATA Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7  - The category identifies SATA hard drives that are installed in the
	computer. System will automatically detect HDD type.

Parameter	Description
SATA And RST Configuration/ SATA Controller And RST Configuration (continued)	<ul> <li>Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7         <ul> <li>Enable/Disable Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 device.</li> <li>Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Hot Plug (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7)         <ul> <li>Enable/Disable HDD Hot-Plug function.</li> <li>Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Spin Up Device (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7)         <ul> <li>On an edge detect from 0 to 1, the PCH starts a COM reset initialization to the device.</li> <li>Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
SATA And RST Configuration/ sSATA Controller And RST Configuration	<ul> <li>SATA Configuration         <ul> <li>Enable/Disable SATA controller.</li> <li>Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.</li> </ul> </li> <li>SATA Mode Selection         <ul> <li>Configures on chip SATA type.</li> <li>AHCI Mode: When set to AHCI, the SATA controller enables its AHCI functionality. Then the RAID function is disabled and cannot be access the RAID setup utility at boot time.</li> <li>RAID Mode: When set to RAID, the SATA controller enables both its RAID and AHCI functions. You will be allowed to access the RAID setup utility at boot time.</li> <li>Options available: AHCI, RAID. Default setting is AHCI.</li> </ul> </li> <li>RAID Device ID<sup>(Note)</sup> <ul> <li>Choose RAID Device ID.</li> <li>Options available: Client, Alternate, Server. Default setting is Server.</li> </ul> </li> <li>SATA Port 4/5/6/7         <ul> <li>The category identifies sSATA hard drives that are installed in the computer. System will automatically detect HDD type.</li> </ul> </li> <li>SATA Port 4/5/6/7         <ul> <li>Enable/Disable Port 4/5/6/7 device.</li> <li>Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Hot Plug (for Port 4/5/6/7)         <ul> <li>Enable/Disable HDD Hot-Plug function.</li> <li>Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Spin Up Device (for Port 4/5/6/7)         <ul> <li>On an edge detect from 0 to 1, the PCH starts a COM reset initialization to the device.</li> <li>Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

- SATA Configuration
  - Enable/Disable SATA controller.
  - Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.
- SATA Mode Selection
  - Configures on chip SATA type.
  - AHCI Mode: When set to AHCI, the SATA controller enables its AHCI functionality. Then the RAID function is disabled and cannot be access the RAID setup utility at boot time.
  - RAID Mode: When set to RAID, the SATA controller enables both its RAID and AHCI functions. You will be allowed to access the RAID setup utility at boot time.
  - Options available: AHCI, RAID. Default setting is AHCI.
- ◆ RAID Device ID<sup>(Note)</sup>
  - Choose RAID Device ID.
  - Options available: Client, Alternate, Server. Default setting is **Server**.
  - SATA Port 0/1/2/3
    - The category identifies sSATA hard drives that are installed in the computer. System will automatically detect HDD type.
  - SATA Port 0/1/2/3
    - Enable/Disable Port 0/1/2/3 device.
    - Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.
  - ◆ Hot Plug (for Port 0/1/2/3)
    - Enable/Disable HDD Hot-Plug function.
    - Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.
  - Spin Up Device (for Port 0/1/2/3)
    - On an edge detect from 0 to 1, the PCH starts a COM reset initialization to the device
    - Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.

# SATA And RST Configuration/

Configuration

tSATA Controller And RST

BIOS Setup

# 5-3-8 Miscellaneous Configuration



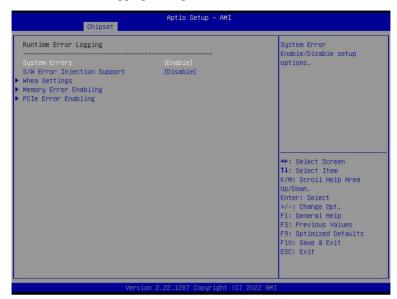
Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous Configuration	
	Selects the active video type.
Active Video	Options available: Auto, Onboard Device, PCIE Device, Specific PCIE
	Device. Default setting is <b>Auto</b> .
	Enables Spread spectrum - only affects external clock generator.
External SSC - CK440	Options available: SSC Off, SSC = -0.3%, SSC = -0.5%, Hardware.
	Default setting is SSC Off.

### 5-3-9 Server ME Configuration



Parameter	Description
General ME Configuration	
Oper. Firmware Version	Displays the operational firmware version.
ME Firmware Status #1/#2	Displays ME Firmware status information.
Current State	Displays ME Firmware current status information.
Error Code	Displays ME Firmware status error code.
Recovery Cause	Displays ME Firmware recovery cause.

### 5-3-10 Runtime Error Logging Settings



Parameter	Description	
Runtime Error Logging		
Custom France	Enable/Disable system error logging function.	
System Errors	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .	
CAN From Injection Connect	Enable/Disable software injection error logging function.	
S/W Error Injection Support	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Disable</b> .	
Whea Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  WHEA (Windows Hardware Error Architecture) Support  Enable/Disable WHEA Support.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.	
Memory Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  Memory Corrected Error  Enable/Disable Memory Corrected Error.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.  Uncorrected Error disable Memory  Enable/Disable the Memory that triggers Uncorrected Error.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.	

Parameter	Description
PCle Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.  PCIE Error  Enable/Disable PCIE error.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.  Uncorrected Error <sup>(Note)</sup> Enables and escalates Uncorrectable/Recoverable Errors to error pins.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.  Fatal Error Enable <sup>(Note)</sup> Enables and escalates Fatal Errors to error pins.  Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.  Assert NMI on SERR <sup>(Note)</sup> Enable/Disable BIOS generates a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) and logs an error when a system error (SERR) occurs.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.  Assert NMI on PERR <sup>(Note)</sup> Enable/Disable BIOS generates a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) and logs an error when a processor bus parity error (PERR) occurs.  Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

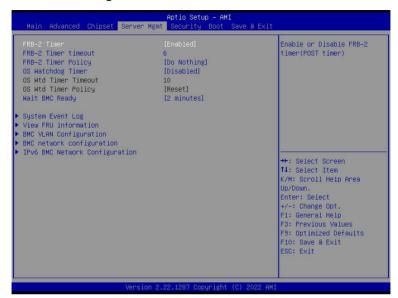
# 5-3-11 Power Policy

Chipset	Aptio Setup – AMI	
Power Policy Quick Settings SpeedStep (Pstates) Turbo Mode CPU C6 report Enhanced Halt State (C1E) Package C State Enable LP (Global) Hardware Prefetcher Adjacent Cache Prefetch DCU Streamer Prefetcher Intel VT for Directed I/O	[Standard] [Enable] [Enable] [Auto] [Enable] [Auto] (ALL LPs] [Enable] [Enable] [Enable] [Enable] [Enable] [Enable]	Select a Power Policy Quick Setting(The following items will be set based on the selected power policy)
		++: Select Screen  11: Select Item  K/M: Scroll Help Area  Up/Down.  Enter: Select  +/-: Change Opt.  F1: General Help  F3: Previous Values  F9: Optimized Defaults  F10: Save & Exit  ESC: Exit

Parameter	Description
	Selects a Power Policy Quick Setting.
Power Policy Quick Settings	Options available: Standard, Best Performance, Energy Efficient. Default
	setting is <b>Standard</b> .
	Conventional Intel SpeedStep Technology switches both voltage and
SpeedStep (Detatos)	frequency in tandem between high and low levels in response to processor
SpeedStep (Pstates)	load.
	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
	When this item is enabled, the processor will automatically ramp up the
Turbo Mode	clock speed of 1-2 of its processing cores to improve its performance.
Turbo Mode	When this item is disabled, the processor will not overclock any of its core.
	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
	Enable/Disable the BIOS to enable the report from the CPU C6 state (ACPI
CPU C6 report	C3) to the OS.
	Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.
Enhanced Halt State (C1E)	Enable/Disable the C1E support for lower power consumption. Takes effect
	after reboot.
	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
	Configures the C-State package limit.
Package C State	Options available: C0/C1 state, C2 state, C6(non Retention) state,
	C6(Retention) state, No Limit, Auto. Default setting is Auto.

Parameter	Description
	Enables Logical processor (Software Method to Enable/Disable Logical
Enable LP [Global]	Processor threads).
	Options available: ALL LPs, Single LP. Default setting is ALL LPs.
Hardware Prefetcher	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Adjacent Cache Prefetch	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .
Intel® VT for Directed I/O	Enable/Disable the Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) support function by reporting the I/O device assignment to VMM through DMAR ACPI Tables. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is <b>Enable</b> .

# 5-4 Server Management Menu



Parameter	Description
FRB-2 Timer	Enable/Disable FRB-2 timer (POST timer). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
FRB-2 Timer <sup>(Note1)</sup> timeout	Configures the FRB2 Timer timeout. The value is between 1 to 30 minutes. Default setting is <b>6 minutes</b> .
FRB-2 Timer Policy <sup>(Note1)</sup>	Configures the FRB2 Timer policy. Options available: Do Nothing, Reset, Power Down, Power Cycle. Default setting is <b>Do Nothing</b> .
OS Watchdog Timer	Enable/Disable OS Watchdog Timer function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
OS Wtd Timer Timeout <sup>(Note2)</sup>	Configures OS Watchdog Timer. The value is between 1 to 30 minutes.  Default setting is <b>10 minutes</b> .
OS Wtd Timer Policy <sup>(Note2)</sup>	Configure OS Watchdog Timer Policy. Options available: Reset, Do Nothing, Power Down, Power Cycle. Default setting is <b>Reset</b> .
Wait BMC Ready	POST wait BMC ready and reboot system. Options available: Disabled, 2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes. Default setting is <b>2 minutes</b> .

(Note1) This item is configurable when FRB-2 Timer is set to Enabled.

(Note2) This item is configurable when OS Watchdog Timer is set to Enabled.

Parameter	Description
System Event Log	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
View FRU Information	Press [Enter] to view the FRU information.
BMC VLAN Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
BMC network Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
IPv6 BMC Network Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

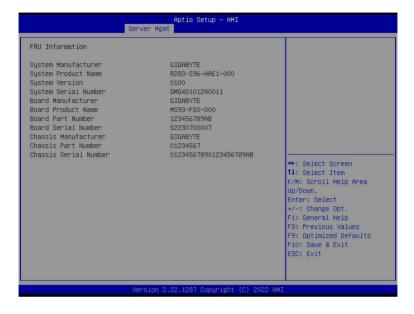
### 5-4-1 System Event Log



Parameter	Description
Enabling / Disabling Options	
SEL Components	Change this item to enable or disable all features of System Event Logging during boot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Erasing Settings	
Erase SEL	Choose options for erasing SEL. Options available: No, Yes, On next reset, Yes, On every reset. Default setting is <b>No</b> .
When SEL is Full	Choose options for reactions to a full SEL. Options available: Do Nothing, Erase Immediately, Delete Oldest Record. Default setting is <b>Do Nothing</b> .
Custom EFI Logging Options	
Log EFI Status Codes	Enable/Disable the logging of EFI Status Codes (if not already converted to legacy).  Options available: Disabled, Both, Error code, Progress code. Default setting is <b>Error code</b> .

#### 5-4-2 View FRU Information

The FRU page is a simple display page for basic system ID information, as well as System product information. Items on this window are non-configurable.



### 5-4-3 BMC VLAN Configuration



Parameter	Description
BMC VLAN Configuration	
BMC VLAN ID	Select to configure BMC VLAN ID. The valid range is from 0 to 4094. When set to 0, BMC VLAN ID will be disabled.
BMC VLAN Priority	Select to configure BMC VLAN Priority. The valid range is from 0 to 7. When BMC VLAN ID is set to 0, BMC VLAN Priority will not be selected.

### 5-4-4 BMC Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
BMC network configuration	
Select NCSI and Dedicated LAN	Options available: Do Nothing, Model1(Dedicated), Model2(NCSI), Mode3(Failover). Default setting is <b>Do Nothing</b> .
Lan Channel 1	
Configuration Address source	Selects to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (DHCP).  Options available: Unspecified, Static, DynamicBmcDhcp. Default setting is <b>DynamicBmcDhcp</b> .
Station IP address	Displays IP Address information.
Subnet mask	Displays Subnet Mask information.  Please note that the IP address must be in three digitals, for example, 192.168.000.001.
Router IP address	Displays the Router IP Address information.
Station MAC address	Displays the MAC Address information.
Real-time get BMC network address	Press [Enter] will set LAN mode and Address source and then get IP, Subnet, Gateway and MAC address.

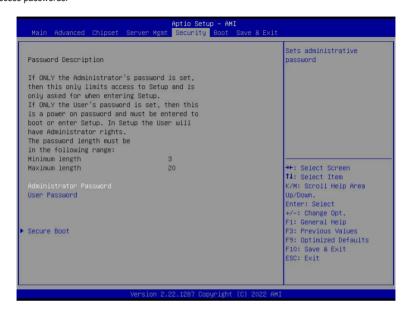
### 5-4-5 IPv6 BMC Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
IPv6 BMC network configuration	
IPv6 BMC Lan Channel 1	
IPv6 BMC Lan Option	Enable/Disable IPv6 BMC LAN channel function. When this item is disabled, the system will not modify any BMC network during BIOS phase.  Options available: Unspecified, Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable.
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source	Selects to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC).  Options available: Unspecified, Static, Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP. Default setting is <b>Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP</b> .
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address/ Prefix Length	Check if the IPv6 BMC LAN IP address matches those displayed on the screen.

# 5-5 Security Menu

The Security menu allows you to safeguard and protect the system from unauthorized use by setting up access passwords.



There are two types of passwords that you can set:

· Administrator Password

Entering this password will allow the user to access and change all settings in the Setup Utility.

User Password

Entering this password will restrict a user's access to the Setup menus. To enable or disable this field, a Administrator Password must first be set. A user can only access and modify the System Time, System Date, and Set User Password fields.

Parameter	Description
Administrator Password	Press [Enter] to configure the administrator password.
User Password	Press [Enter] to configure the user password.
Secure Boot	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

#### 5-5-1 Secure Boot

The Secure Boot feature is applicable if supported by your Operating System. If your Operating System is not supporting Secure Boot, the system will hang when starting the Operating System.



Parameter	Description
System Mode	Displays if the system is in User mode or Setup mode.
Secure Boot	Enable/ Disable the Secure Boot function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Disabled</b> .
Secure Boot Mode <sup>(Note)</sup>	Secure Boot requires all the applications that are running during the booting process to be pre-signed with valid digital certificates. This way, the system knows all files being loaded before the Operating System loads to the login screen have not been tampered with.  When set to Standard, it will automatically load the Secure Boot keys form the BIOS databases.  When set to Custom, you can customize the Secure Boot settings and manually load its keys from the BIOS database.  Options available: Standard, Custom. Default setting is Custom.
Restore Factory Keys	Forces the system to user mode and installs factory default Secure Boot key database.
Reset To Setup Mode	Reset the system to Setup Mode.

Parameter

#### Description

Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

Please note that this item is configurable when Secure Boot Mode is set to Custom.

- Factory Key Provision
  - Allows to provision factory default Secure Boot keys when system is in Setup Mode.
  - Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
- Restore Factory Keys
  - Installs all factory default keys. It will force the system in User Mode.
  - Options available: Yes, No.
- Reset To Setup Mode
  - Reset the system to Setup Mode.
  - Options available: Yes, No.
- Enroll Efi Image
  - Press [Enter] to enroll SHA256 hash of the binary into Authorized Signature Database (db).
- Export Secure Boot variables
  - Copy NVRAM content of Secure Boot variables to files in a root folder on a file system device.

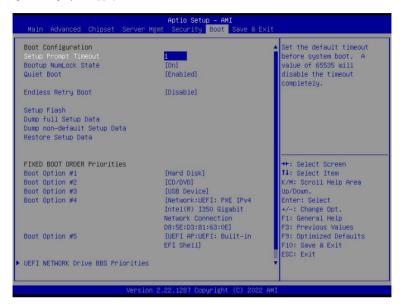
#### Key Management

- Secure Boot variable
  - Displays the current status of the variables used for secure boot.
- Platform Key (PK)
  - Displays the current status of the Platform Key (PK).
  - Press [Enter] to configure a new PK.
  - Options available: Update.
- Key Exchange Keys (KEK)
  - Displays the current status of the Key Exchange Key Database (KEK).
  - Press [Enter] to configure a new KEK or load additional KEK from storage devices.
  - Options available: Update, Append.
- Authorized Signatures (DB)
  - Displays the current status of the Authorized Signature Database.
  - Press [Enter] to configure a new DB or load additional DB from storage devices.
  - Options available: Update, Append.
- Forbidden Signatures (DBX)
  - Displays the current status of the Forbidden Signature Database.
  - Press [Enter] to configure a new dbx or load additional dbx from storage devices.
  - Options available: Update, Append.

Parameter	Description
Key Management (continued)	<ul> <li>Authorized TimeStamps (DBT)         <ul> <li>Displays the current status of the Authorized TimeStamps Database.</li> <li>Press [Enter] to configure a new DBT or load additional DBT from storage devices.</li> <li>Options available: Update, Append.</li> </ul> </li> <li>OsRecovery Signatures         <ul> <li>Displays the current status of the OsRecovery Signature Database.</li> <li>Press [Enter] to configure a new OsRecovery Signature or load additional OsRecovery Signature from storage devices.</li> <li>Options available: Update, Append.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

### 5-6 Boot Menu

The Boot menu allows you to set the drive priority during system boot-up. BIOS setup will display an error message if the legacy drive(s) specified is not bootable.



Parameter	Description
Boot Configuration	
Setup Prompt Timeout	Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535 (0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting.  Press the numeric keys to input the desired values.
Bootup NumLock State	Enable/Disable the Bootup NumLock function. Options available: On, Off. Default setting is <b>On</b> .
Quiet Boot	Enable/Disable showing the logo during POST. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is <b>Enabled</b> .
Endless Retry Boot	Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is <b>Disable</b> .
Setup Flash	Press [Enter] to run setup flash.
Dump full Setup Data	Press [Enter] to dump full setup data to file.
Dump non-default Setup Data	Press [Enter] to dump non-default setup data to file.
Restore Setup Data	Press [Enter] to restore setup data from file.

Parameter	Description
FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities	
Boot Option #1 / #2 / #3 / #4 / #5	Press [Enter] to configure the boot order priority.  By default, the server searches for boot devices in the following sequence:  1. Hard drive. 2. CD-COM/DVD drive. 3. USB device. 4. Network. 5. UEFI.
UEFI Network Drive BBS Priorities	Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.
UEFI Application Boot Priorities	Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.

### 5-7 Save & Exit Menu

The Save & Exit menu displays the various options to quit from the BIOS setup. Highlight any of the exit options then press <Enter>.



Parameter	Description
Save Options	
Save and Exit	Saves changes made and closes the BIOS setup. Options available: Yes, No.
Discard changes and exit	Discards changes made and exits the BIOS setup. Options available: Yes, No.
Save Changes and Reset	Restarts the system after saving the changes made. Options available: Yes, No.
Discard Changes and Reset	Restarts the system without saving any changes. Options available: Yes, No.
Save Changes	Saves changes done so far to any of the setup options. Options available: Yes, No.
Discard Changes	Discards changes made and closes the BIOS setup. Options available: Yes, No.
Default Options	

Parameter	Description
Restore Defaults	Loads the default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Setup Defaults are quite demanding in terms of resources consumption. If you are using low-speed memory chips or other kinds of low-performance components and you choose to load these settings, the system might not function properly.  Options available: Yes, No.
Save the User Default Values	Saves the changes made as the user default settings. Options available: Yes, No.
Restore the User Default Values	Loads the user default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Options available: Yes, No.
Boot Device Priority	Press [Enter] to configure the device as the boot-up drive.
Launch EFI Shell	Attempts to Launch EFI Shell application (Shell.efi) from one of the available file system devices.

# 5-8 BIOS Recovery

The system has an embedded recovery technique. In the event that the BIOS becomes corrupt the boot block can be used to restore the BIOS to a working state. To restore your BIOS, please follow the instructions listed below:

#### Recovery Instruction:

- 1. Copy the XXX.rom to USB diskette.
- 2. Setting BIOS Recovery jump to enabled status.
- 3. Boot into BIOS recovery.
- 4. Run Proceed with flash update.
- 5. BIOS updated.



